

energy in blue

NANNI INDUSTRIES S.A.S – Zone Industrielle 11 avenue MARIOTTE B.P.107 – 33260 LA TESTE - FRANCE

60300209

TO THE READER

This Workshop Manual tells the servicing personnel about the mechanism, servicing and maintenance of the 03-M-E3B, the 03-M-DI-E3B and the 03-M-E3BG series. It contains 4 parts: "Information", "General", "Mechanism" and "Servicing".

Information

This section contains information below.

- Safety First
- · Specification
- · Dimensions
- · Wiring Diagram

General

This section contains information below.

- · Engine Identification
- General Precautions
- · Maintenance Check List
- · Check and Maintenance
- Special Tools

Mechanism

This section contains information on the structure and the function of the unit. Before you continue with the subsequent sections, make sure that you read this section.

Refer to Workshop Manual (Code No. 9Y021-01870) for the diesel engine mechanism that this workshop manual does not include.

■ Servicing

This section contains information below.

- Troubleshooting
- Servicing Specifications
- · Tightening Torques
- · Checking, Disassembling and Servicing

All illustrations, photographs and specifications contained in this manual are of the newest information available at the time of publication.

KUBOTA reserves the right to change all information at any time without notice.

Since this manual includes many models, information or illustrations and photographs can show more than one model.

January, 2009

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INFORMATION

INFORMATION

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1. SAFETY FIRST

A SAFETY FIRST

- This symbol, the industry's "Safety Alert Symbol", is used throughout this manual and on labels on the machine itself to warn of the possibility of personal injury. Read these instructions carefully.
- It is essential that you read the instructions and safety regulations before you attempt to repair or use this unit.



DANGER

Indicates an imminently hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.



WARNING

• Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.



CAUTION

• Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in minor or moderate injury.

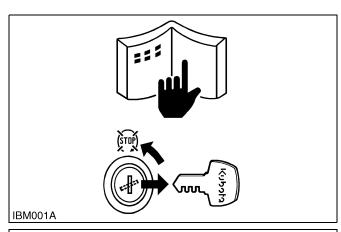
■ IMPORTANT

Indicates that equipment or property damage could result if instructions are not followed.

NOTE

Gives helpful information.

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BEFORE YOU START SERVICE

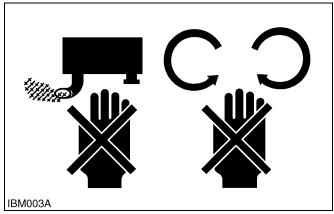
- Read all instructions and safety instructions in this manual and on your engine safety decals.
- · Clean the work area and engine.
- · Park the machine on a stable and level ground.
- Let the temperature of the engine decrease before you start a job.
- · Stop the engine, then remove the key.
- · Disconnect the battery negative cable.
- Hang a "DO NOT OPERATE" tag in the operator station.

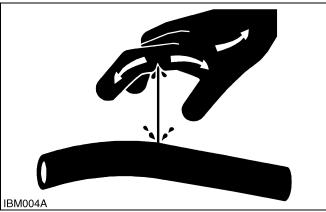
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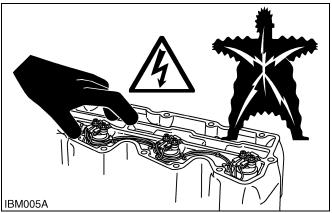
START SAFELY

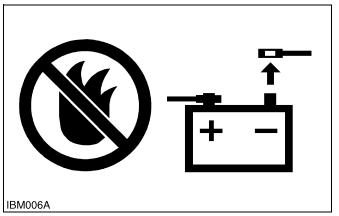
- Do not do the procedures below when you start the engine.
 - short across starter terminals
 - bypass the safety start switch
- Do not make unauthorized modifications to the engine. This can cause damage and decrease the engine life.

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OPERATE SAFELY

- Do not use the machine after you consume alcohol or medication or when you are tired.
- · Put on applicable clothing and safety equipment.
- Use applicable tools only. Do not use alternative tools or parts.
- When 2 or more persons do servicing, make sure that you do it safely.
- Do not touch the hot parts or parts that turn when the engine operates.
- Do not remove the radiator cap when the engine operates, or immediately after it stops. If not, hot water can spout out from the radiator. Only remove the radiator cap when it is at a sufficiently low temperature to touch with bare hands. Slowly loosen the cap to release the pressure before you remove it fully.
- Released fluid (fuel or hydraulic oil) under pressure can cause damage to the skin and cause serious injury. Release the pressure before you disconnect hydraulic or fuel lines. Tighten all connections before you apply the pressure.
- Do not open a fuel system under high pressure.
 The fluid under high pressure that stays in fuel lines can cause serious injury. Do not disconnect or repair the fuel lines, sensors, or any other components between the fuel pump and injectors on engines with a common rail fuel system under high pressure.
- Put on an applicable ear protective device (earmuffs or earplugs) to prevent injury against loud noises.
- Be careful about electric shock. The engine generates a high voltage of more than DC100 V in the ECU and is applied to the injector.

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PREVENT A FIRE

- Fuel is very flammable and explosive under some conditions. Do not smoke or let flames or sparks in your work area.
- To prevent sparks from an accidental short circuit, always disconnect the battery negative cable first and connect it last.
- The battery gas can cause an explosion. Keep the sparks and open flame away from the top of battery, especially when you charge the battery.
- Make sure that you do not spill fuel on the engine.

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KEEP A GOOD AIRFLOW IN THE WORK AREA

 If the engine is in operation, make sure that the area has good airflow. Do not operate the engine in a closed area. The exhaust gas contains poisonous carbon monoxide.

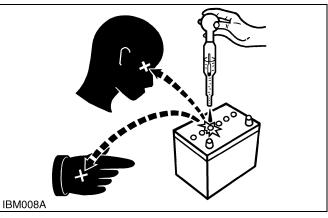
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DISCARD FLUIDS CORRECTLY

 Do not discard fluids on the ground, down the drain, into a stream, pond, or lake. Obey related environmental protection regulations when you discard oil, fuel, coolant, electrolyte and other dangerous waste.

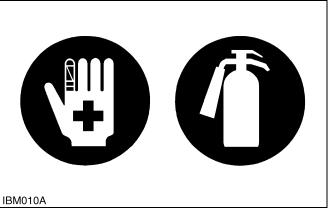
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PREVENT ACID BURNS

 Keep electrolyte away from your eyes, hands and clothing. Sulfuric acid in battery electrolyte is poisonous and it can burn your skin and clothing and cause blindness. If you spill electrolyte on yourself, clean yourself with water, and get medical aid immediately.

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PREPARE FOR EMERGENCIES

- Keep a first aid kit and fire extinguisher ready at all times.
- Keep the emergency contact telephone numbers near your telephone at all times.

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TECHNICAL DATA ENGINE MODEL N4.40

(Since serial number: KTF08040093)



ENGINE SPECIFICATIONS

Number of cylinders: 4 Displacement: 1999 cc Bore - Stroke: 83 X 92.4 mm Compression ratio: 23/1

Max. pres. difference between cyl.: 10% Compression pressure: 36 to 38 bars Maximum speed without load: 3050 rpm Maximum speed in load: 2800 rpm Idle speed in forward gear: 850 rpm

Firing order: 1 - 3 - 4 - 2

Rotation: Anti clockwise (Flywheel)

INJECTION

Combustion chamber: E-TCVS Type of injector: BOSCH JET

Fuel injection pressure: 140 to 150 Mpa

Injection pump manufacturer:

BOSCH Mini

Injection timing: 18° before TDC

TIGHTENING TORQUE

Arm head cover cap nuts: 6.9 to 8.8 Nm Cylinder head bolts: M11 93 to 98 Nm Flywheel bolts: M12 98 to 107 Nm Connecting rod bolts: with coll.: 38 Nm

Without coll.: 48 Nm

Rocker arm bracket nuts: 26 Nm Main bearing caps bolts: 46 to 50 Nm Main bearing caps bolts: 68 to 73 Nm Nozzle holder assembly: 50 Nm to 68 Nm

Glow Plug: 22 Nm

LUBRIFICATION

Oil pressure at idle RPM: 1 bar

Oil pressure at maximum load: 3 to 4.5 b Recommended oil: 15W 40API CD

Oil pan capacity: 9.5 litres

Gearbox model:

Oil capacity: \rightarrow depending on type

Recommended oil:

DIAGRAMS

Valve clearance (cold): Inlet: 0.18 to 0.22 mm Exhaust: 0.18 to 0.22 mm

Valve recessing: + 0.05 to - 0.15 mm

PISTON RINGS

Piston ring gap:

Piston top compression: 0.20 to 0.35 mm

Intermediate: 0.30 to 0.45 mm Oil control: 0.25 to 0.45 mm

Limit: 1.25mm

CYLINDER HEAD

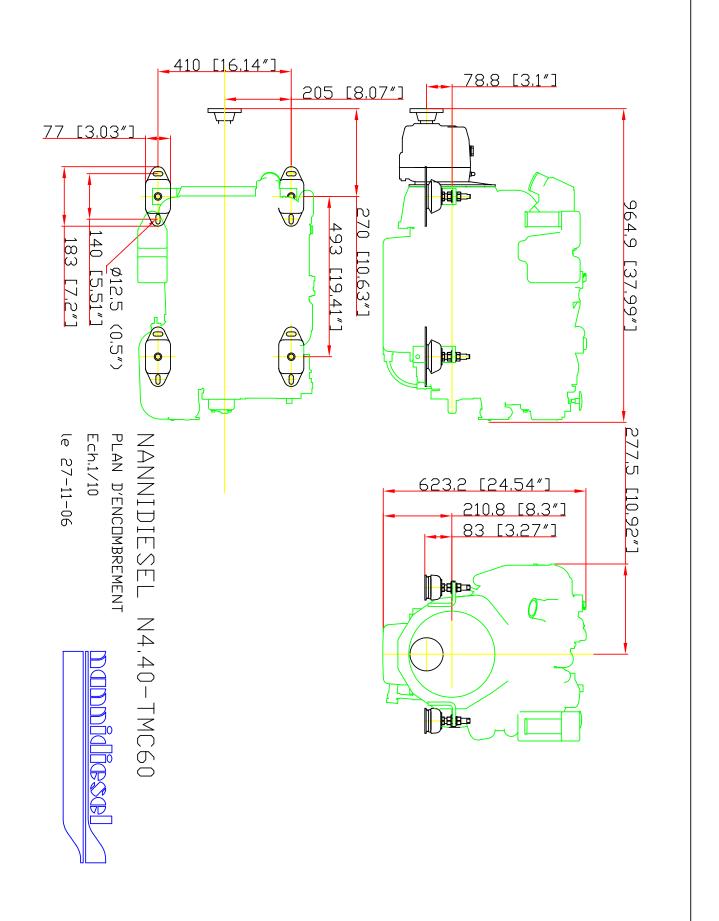
Cylinder head surface flatness: 0.05 mm

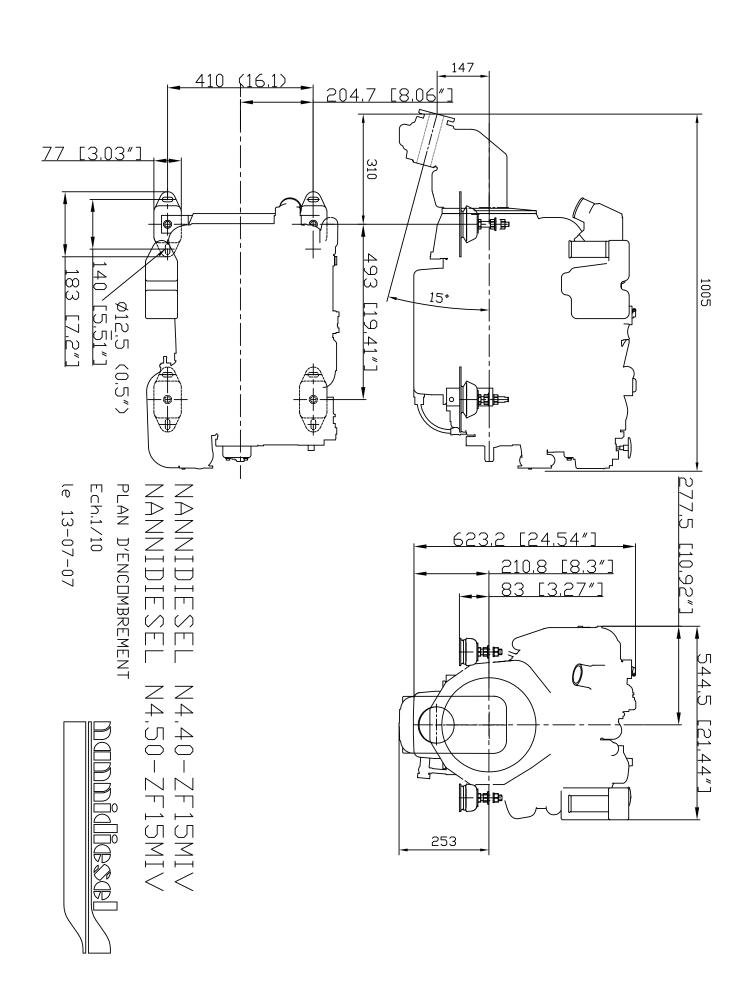
SEA WATER PUMP

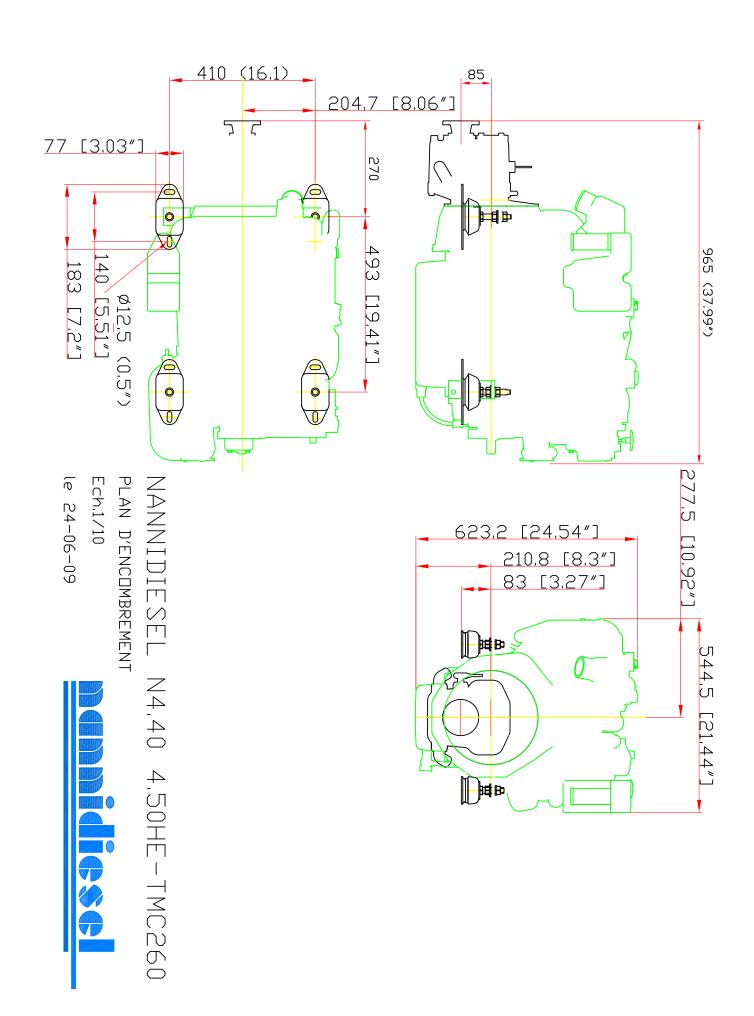
Water flow: 33 litres per minutes

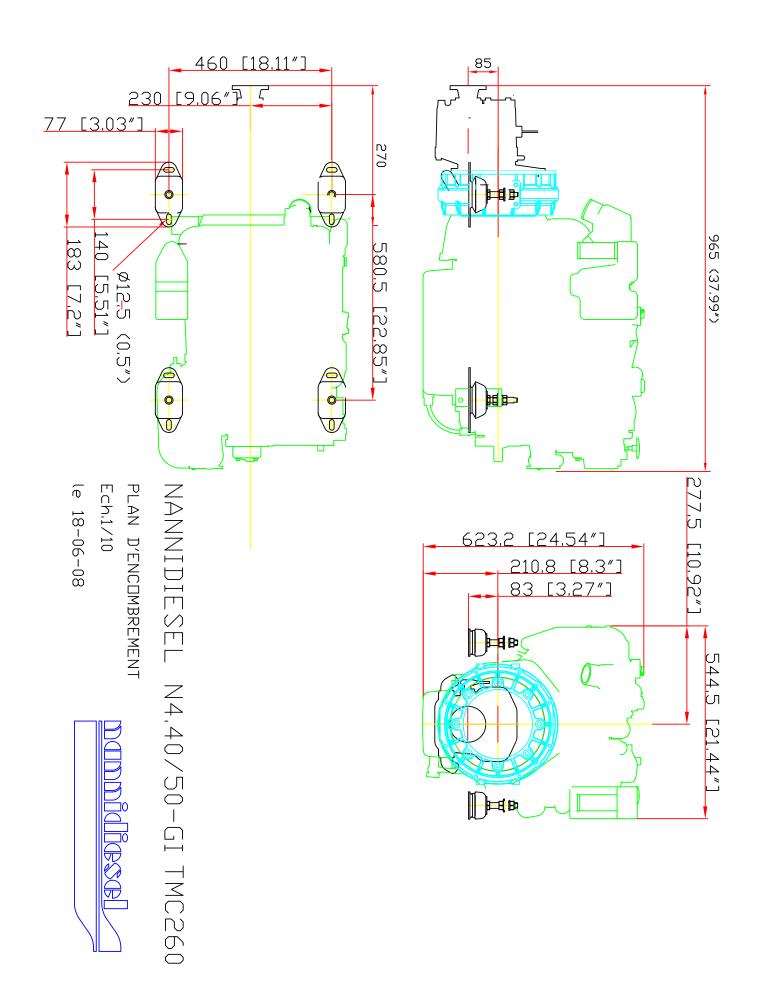
GLOW PLUGS

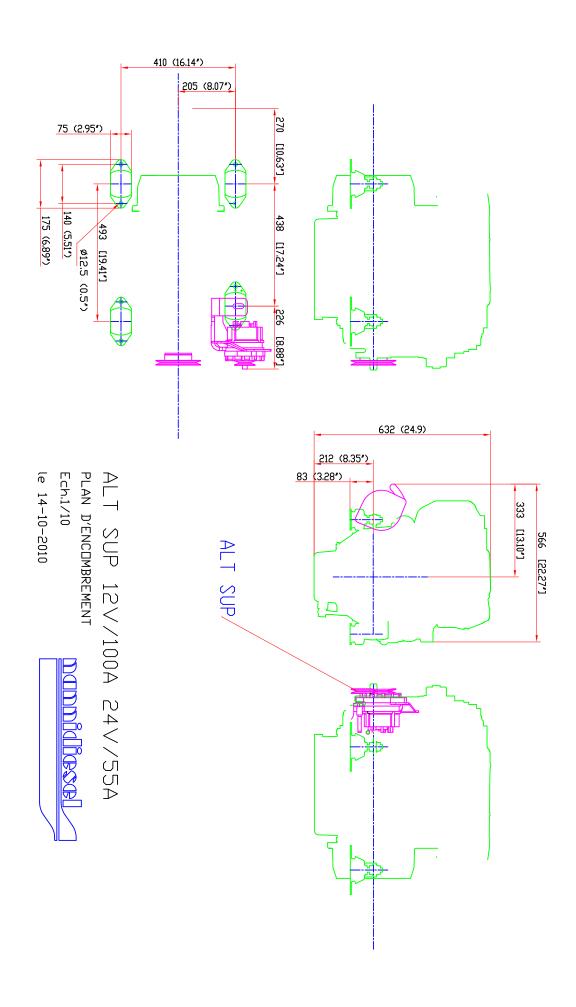
Resistance: 0.8 ohms











G GENERAL

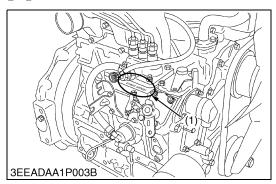
GENERAL

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1. ENGINE IDENTIFICATION

[1] MODEL NAME AND ENGINE SERIAL NUMBER



You must identify the engine model name and serial number before you start a job.

When you get in touch with the manufacturer, always tell your engine model name and serial number.

The engine serial number is an identified number for the engine. It appears after the engine model number and it shows the month and year of manufacture as below.

Year of manufacture

Alphabet or Number	Year	Alphabet or Number	Year
1	2001	F	2015
2	2002	G	2016
3	2003	Н	2017
4	2004	J	2018
5	2005	К	2019
6	2006	L	2020
7	2007	M	2021
8	2008	N	2022
9	2009	Р	2023
A	2010	R	2024
В	2011	S	2025
С	2012	Т	2026
D	2013	V	2027
E	2014		

⁽¹⁾ Engine Model Name and Serial Number

(To be continued)

(Continued)

Month of manufacture

Month	Engine Lot Number						
January	A0001 ~ A9999	B0001 ~ BZ999					
February	C0001 ~ C9999	D0001 ~ DZ999					
March	E0001 ~ E9999	F0001 ~ FZ999					
April	G0001 ~ G9999	H0001 ~ HZ999					
May	J0001 ~ J9999	K0001 ~ KZ999					
June	L0001 ~ L9999	M0001 ~ MZ999					
July	N0001 ~ N9999	P0001 ~ PZ999					
August	Q0001 ~ Q9999	R0001 ~ RZ999					
September	S0001 ~ S9999	T0001 ~ TZ999					
October	U0001 ~ U9999	V0001 ~ VZ999					
November	W0001 ~ W9999	X0001 ~ XZ999					
December	Y0001 ~ Y9999	Z0001 ~ ZZ999					

^{*} Alphabetical letters "I" and "O" are not used.

(a) (b)(c) (d) e.g. <u>D1803</u> - <u>7 BA001</u>

(a) Engine Model Name : D1803

(b) Year: 7 indicates 2007

(c) Month: A or B indicates January

(d) Lot Number: (0001 ~ 9999 or A001 ~ Z999)

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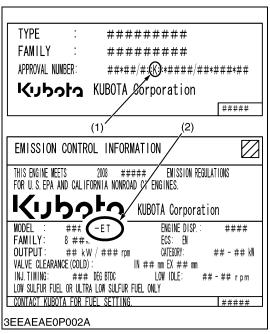
[2] E3B ENGINE

[Example: Engine Model Name D1803-M-E3B-XXXX or D1803-M-DI-E3B-XXXX]

The emission controls previously implemented in various countries to prevent air pollution will be stepped up as Nonroad Emission Standards continue to change. The timing or applicable date of the specific Nonroad Emission regulations depends on the engine output classification.

Over the past several years, Kubota has been supplying diesel engines that comply with regulations in the respective countries affected by Nonroad Emission regulations. For Kubota Engines, E3B will be the designation that identifies engine models affected by the next emission phase (See the table below).

When servicing or repairing ###-E3B series engines, use only replacement parts for that specific E3B engine, designated by the appropriate E3B Kubota Parts List and perform all maintenance services listed in the appropriate Kubota Operator's Manual or in the appropriate E3B Kubota Workshop Manual. Use of incorrect replacement parts or replacement parts from other emission level engines (for example: E2B engines), may result in emission levels out of compliance with the original E3B design and EPA or other applicable regulations. Please refer to the emission label located on the engine head cover to identify Output classification and Emission Control Information. E3B engines are identified with "ET" at the end of the Model designation, on the US EPA label. Please note: E3B is not marked on the engine.



Category (1)	Engine output classification	EU regulation
K	From 19 to less than 37 kW	STAGE IIIA
J	From 37 to less than 75 kW	STAGE IIIA
I	From 75 to less than 130 kW	STAGE IIIA

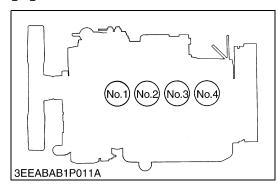
Category (2)	Engine output classification	EPA regulation
	Less than 19kW	Tier 4
FT	From 19 to less than 56 kW	Interim Tier 4
	From 56 to less than 75 kW	Tier 3
	From 75 to less than 130 kW	Tier 3

- (1) EU regulation engine output classification category
- (2) "E3B" engines are identified with "ET" at the end of the Model designation, on the US EPA label.

"E3B" designates Tier 3 and some Interim Tier 4 / Tier 4 models, depending on engine output classification.

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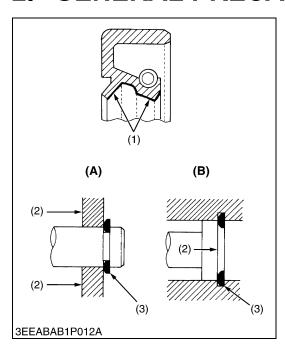
[3] CYLINDER NUMBER



You can see the cylinder numbers of KUBOTA diesel engine in the figure. The sequence of cylinder numbers is No.1, No.2, No.3 and No.4 and it starts from the gear case side.

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2. GENERAL PRECAUTIONS



- When you disassemble, carefully put the parts in a clean area to make it easy to find the parts. You must install the screws, bolts and nuts in their initial position to prevent the reassembly errors.
- When it is necessary to use special tools, use KUBOTA special tools. Refer to the drawings when you make special tools that you do not use frequently.
- Before you disassemble or repair machine, make sure that you always disconnect the ground cable from the battery first.
- Remove oil and dirt from parts before you measure.
- Use only KUBOTA genuine parts for replacement to keep the machine performance and to make sure of safety.
- You must replace the gaskets and O-rings when you assemble again. Apply grease (1) to new O-rings or oil seals before you assemble.
- When you assemble the external or internal snap rings, make sure that the sharp edge (3) faces against the direction from which force (2) is applied.
- Make sure that you try to operate the engine after you repair or assemble it. Do not try to give a heavy load immediately, if not, you can cause serious damage to the engine.
- (1) Grease
- (2) Force
- (3) Sharp Edge

- (A) External Snap Ring
- (B) Internal Snap Ring

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3. MAINTENANCE CHECK LIST

To make sure that the engine operates safely for a long time, refer to the table below to do regular inspections. [D1503-M, D1703-M, D1803-M, V2003-M, V2403-M, V2403-M-T, D1703-M-BG, V2003-M-BG, V2003-M-BG, V2403-M-BG]

		103-WI-DG, V2403-	Service Interval											
	Item							E۱	ery/					
			50 hrs	100 hrs	150 hrs	200 hrs	400 hrs	500 hrs	1 or 2 months	1 year	800 hrs	1500 hrs	3000 hrs	2 years
*	Check of fuel hoses a	and clamp bands	☆											
	Change of engine oil	(1) Oil pan depth (90 mm, 3.5 in.)	*		☆									
	pan)	(2) Oil pan depth (124 mm, 4.88 in.)	*			☆								
*	Cleaning of air cleane (replace the element a cleanings)			☆										
*	Cleaning of fuel filter	(Element type)		☆										
	Check of battery elect	trolyte level		☆										
	Check of fan belt tens	sion and damage		☆										
		(1) Oil pan depth (90 mm, 3.5 in.)	*		*									
	filter cartridge	(2) Oil pan depth (124 mm, 4.88 in.)	*			*								
	Check of radiator hos	es and clamp bands				☆								
*	Check of intake air lin	е				☆								
	Replacement of fuel f	ilter cartridge					☆							
	Cleaning of water jack interior	ket and radiator						*						
	Replacement of fan b	elt						☆						
	Recharge of battery								*					
*	Replacement of air cle	eaner element								☆				
	Check of valve cleara	ince									☆			
*	Check of injection noz											☆		
*	Check of turbocharge												☆	
*	Check of injection pur	•											☆	
*	Replacement of intake	e air line												☆
	Replacement of batte	•												☆
	Replacement of radia bands	tor hoses and clamp												☆
*	Replacement of fuel h	noses and clamps												☆
	Change of radiator co	oolant (L.L.C.)				_					_			☆

[★] Change the engine oil and replace the oil filter cartridge after the first 50 hours of operation.

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^{*} The items above (* marked) are registered as emission related critical parts by KUBOTA in the U.S. EPA nonroad emission regulation. As the owner of the engine, you are responsible for the performance of the required maintenance above.

[D1803-M-DI, V2403-M-DI, V2403-M-DI-T]

		Service Interval										
Iter	Every											
item		50 hrs	100 hrs	200 hrs	400 hrs	500 hrs	1 or 2 months	1 year	800 hrs	1500 hrs	3000 hrs	2 years
* Check of fuel hoses a	Check of fuel hoses and clamp bands											
Change of engine oil (depending on the oil		*		☆								
pan)	(2) Oil pan depth (124 mm, 4.88 in.)	*			☆							
* (replace the element cleanings)			☆									
* Cleaning of fuel filter	(Element type)		☆									
Check of battery elec	trolyte level		☆									
Check of fan belt tens	sion and damage		☆									
Replacement of oil	(1) Oil pan depth (90 mm, 3.5 in.)	*		*								
filter cartridge	(2) Oil pan depth (124 mm, 4.88 in.)	*			☆							
Check of radiator hos	ses and clamp bands			☆								
* Check of intake air lin	ne			*								
Replacement of fuel f					☆							
Cleaning of water jac interior	ket and radiator					☆						
Replacement of fan b	elt					☆						
Recharge of battery							☆					
* Replacement of air cl	eaner element							☆				
Check of valve cleara	ance								☆			
* Check of injection no	zzle									☆		
* Check of turbocharge	er										☆	
* Check of injection pu	mp										☆	
* Replacement of intak	e air line											☆
Replacement of batte	ery											*
Replacement of radia bands	ator hoses and clamp											☆
* Replacement of fuel I	noses and clamps											☆
Change of radiator co	oolant (L.L.C.)											☆

[★] Change the engine oil and replace the oil filter cartridge after the first 50 hours of operation.

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^{*} The items above (* marked) are registered as emission related critical parts by KUBOTA in the U.S. EPA nonroad emission regulation. As the owner of the engine, you are responsible for the performance of the required maintenance above.



CAUTION

· When changing or inspecting, be sure to level and stop the engine.

NOTE

Engine oil

Refer to the following table for the suitable American Petroleum Institute (API) classification of engine oil
according to the engine type (with internal EGR, external EGR or non-EGR) and the Fuel Type Used:
(Low Sulfur, Ultra Low Sulfur or High Sulfur Fuels).

	Engine oil classification (API classification)						
Fuel Type	Engines with non-EGR Engines with internal EGR	Engines with external EGR					
High Sulfur Fuel [0.05 % (500 ppm) ≤ Sulfur Content < 0.50 % (5000 ppm)]	CF (If the "CF-4, CG-4, CH-4, or CI-4" engine oil is used with a high-sulfur fuel, change the engine oil at shorter intervals. (approximately half))	_					
Low Sulfur Fuel [Sulfur Content < 0.05 % (500 ppm)] or Ultra Low Sulfur Fuel [Sulfur Content < 0.0015 % (15 ppm)] CF, CF-4, CG-4, CH-4 or CI-4		CF or CI-4 (Class CF-4, CG-4 and CH-4 engine oils cannot be used on EGR type engines.)					

EGR: Exhaust Gas Re-circulation

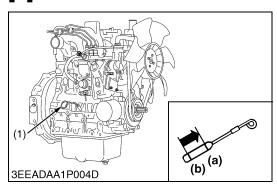
- CJ-4 classification oil is intended for use in engines equipped with DPF (Diesel Particulate Filter) and is Not Recommended for use in Kubota E3 specification engines.
- Oil used in the engine should have API classification and Proper SAE Engine Oil Viscosity according to the ambient temperatures where the engine is operated.
- With strict emission control regulations now in effect, the CF-4 and CG-4 engine oils have been developed for use with low sulfur fuels, for On-Highway vehicle engines. When a Nonroad engine runs on high sulfur fuel, it is advisable to use a "CF or better" classification engine oil with a high Total Base Number (a minimum TBN of 10 is recommended).

Fuel

- Cetane Rating: The minimum recommended Fuel Cetane Rating is 45. A cetane rating greater than 50 is preferred, especially for ambient temperatures below −20 °C (−4 °F) or elevations above 1500 m (5000 ft).
- Diesel Fuel Specification Type and Sulfur Content % (ppm) used, must be compliant with all applicable emission regulations for the area in which the engine is operated.
- Use of diesel fuel with sulfur content less than 0.10 % (1000 ppm) is strongly recommended.
- If high-sulfur fuel (sulfur content 0.50 % (5000 ppm) to 1.0 % (10000 ppm)) is used as a diesel fuel, change the engine oil and oil filter at shorter intervals. (approximately half)
- DO NOT USE Fuels that have sulfur content greater than 1.0 % (10000 ppm).
- Diesel fuels specified to EN 590 or ASTM D975 are recommended.
- No.2-D is a distillate fuel of lower volatility for engines in industrial and heavy mobile service. (SAE J313 JUN87)
- Since KUBOTA diesel engines of less than 56 kW (75 hp) utilize EPA Tier 4 and Interim Tier 4 standards, the use of low sulfur fuel or ultra low sulfur fuel is mandatory for these engines, when operated in US EPA regulated areas. Therefore, please use No.2-D S500 or S15 diesel fuel as an alternative to No.2-D, and use No.1-D S500 or S15 diesel fuel as an alternative to No.1-D for ambient temperatures below −10 °C (14 °F).
 - 1) SAE: Society of Automotive Engineers
 - 2) EN: European Norm
 - 3) ASTM: American Society of Testing and Materials
 - 4) US EPA: United States Environmental Protection Agency
 - 5) No.1-D or No.2-D, S500: Low Sulfur Diesel (LSD) less than 500 ppm or 0.05 wt.% No.1-D or No.2-D, S15: Ultra Low Sulfur Diesel (ULSD) 15 ppm or 0.0015 wt.%

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4. CHECK AND MAINTENANCE [1] DAILY CHECK POINTS



Check of Engine Oil Level

- 1. Make the engine level.
- 2. Pull out the dipstick (1) and clean it.
- 3. Put in and pull it out again.

 Make sure that the oil level is between the 2 notches.
- 4. If the level is too low, add new oil to the specified level.

■ IMPORTANT

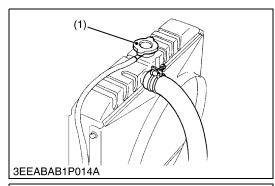
 When you use an oil of different brand or viscosity from the previous, drain the remaining oil. Do not mix 2 different types of oil.

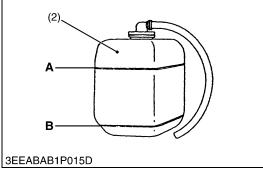
NOTE

- When you examine the engine oil level, make sure that you put it in a level position. If not, you cannot measure oil quantity accurately.
- Make sure that you keep the oil level between the upper and lower lines of the dipstick. Too much oil can decrease the output or cause too much blow-by gas. On the closed breather type engine, the port absorbs the mist and too much oil can cause oil hammer. But if the oil level is not sufficient, the moving parts of engine can get a seizure.
- (1) Dipstick

- (a) Upper Line
- (b) Lower Line

M0000003GEG0008US1





Check of Coolant Level and Replenishment



CAUTION

Do not remove the radiator cap when the engine is hot.
 Then loosen the cap slightly to release unwanted pressure before you remove the cap fully.

1. Without recovery tank

Remove the radiator cap (1) and make sure that the coolant level is immediately below the port.

With recovery tank (2)

Make sure that the coolant level is between **FULL A** and **LOW B**.

2. If the coolant level is too low, find out the cause that there is less coolant.

Case 1

If the coolant decreases by evaporation, add only clean and soft water.

Case 2

If the coolant decreases by leak, add coolant of the same manufacturer and brand in the specified mixture ratio (clean, soft water and L.L.C.). If you cannot identify the coolant brand, drain all the remaining coolant and add a new brand of coolant mix.

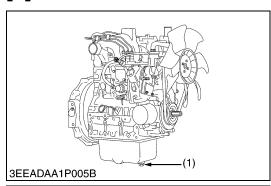
■ IMPORTANT

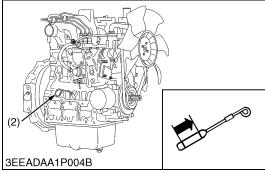
- When you add the coolant, release the air from the engine coolant channels. The engine releases the air when it shakes the radiator upper and lower hoses.
- Make sure that you close the radiator cap correctly. If the cap is loose or incorrectly closed, coolant can flow out and the engine can overheat.
- Do not use an anti-freeze and scale inhibitor at the same time.
- Do not mix the different type or brand of L.L.C..

(1) Radiator Cap A: FULL
(2) Recovery Tank B: LOW

M0000003GEG0009US1

[2] CHECK POINTS FOR THE INITIAL 50 HOURS





Change of Engine Oil



CAUTION

- Make sure that you stop the engine before you change the engine oil.
- 1. Start and warm-up the engine for approximately 5 minutes.
- 2. Put an oil pan below the engine.
- 3. Remove the drain plug (1) at the bottom of the engine and drain the oil fully.
- 4. Tighten the drain plug (1).
- 5. Fill new oil until the upper line on the dipstick (2).

■ IMPORTANT

- When you use an oil of different brand or viscosity from the previous, drain the remaining oil. Do not mix 2 different types of oil.
- Engine oil must have the properties of API classification CF/CF-4/CG-4/CH-4/CI-4.
- Use the correct SAE Engine Oil by reference to the ambient temperature.

Above 25 °C (77 °F)	SAE 30 or SAE 10W-30, SAE 10W-40
0 °C to 25 °C (32 °F to 77 °F)	SAE 20 or SAE 10W-30, SAE 10W-40
Below 0 °C (32 °F)	SAE 10W or SAE 10W-30, SAE 10W-40

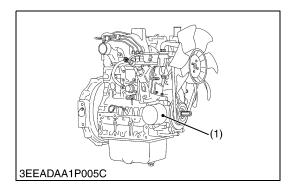
Models	Oil Pan Depth					
Models	124 mm (4.88 in.)	*90 mm (3.5 in.)				
D1503-M, D1703-M, D1803-M, D1803-M-DI, D1703-M-BG	7.0 L 1.8 U.S.gals	5.6 L 1.5 U.S.gals				
V2003-M, V2203-M, V2403-M, V2403-M-DI, V2403-M-DI-T, V2003-M-BG, V2003-M-T-BG, V2203-M-BG, V2403-M-BG	9.5 L 2.5 U.S.gals	7.6 L 2.0 U.S.gals				
V2403-M-T	9.5 L 2.5 U.S.gals	-				

^{*90} mm (3.5 in.) oil pan depth is optional.

(1) Drain Plug

(2) Dipstick

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Replacement of Oil Filter Cartridge



CAUTION

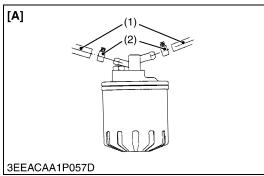
- Make sure that you stop the engine before you replace the oil filter cartridge.
- 1. Remove the oil filter cartridge (1) with the filter wrench.
- 2. Apply a thin layer of oil on the new cartridge gasket.
- 3. Install the new cartridge by hand. Do not tighten too much because it can cause deformation of the rubber gasket.
- 4. After you replace the cartridge, the engine oil usually decrease by a small level. Make sure that the engine oil does not flow through the seal and read the oil level on the dipstick.
- 5. Fill the engine oil until the specified level.

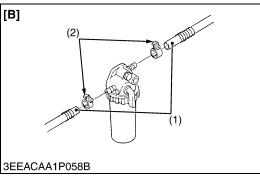
■ IMPORTANT

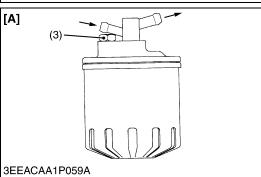
- To prevent serious damage to the engine, use only KUBOTA genuine filters or its equivalent.
- (1) Oil Filter Cartridge

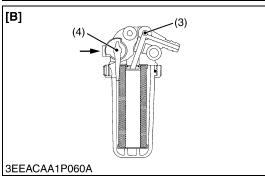
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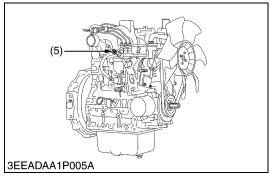
[3] CHECK POINTS FOR EVERY 50 HOURS











Check of Fuel Hoses and Clamp Bands

A

CAUTION

- · Stop the engine before you do the check below.
- 1. If the clamp (2) is loose, apply oil to the threads and tighten it again correctly.
- 2. The fuel hose (1) material is rubber and deteriorates naturally. Replace the fuel hose together with the clamp in a 2-years interval.
- 3. But if the fuel hose and clamp has damages before 2 years, then replace them.
- 4. After you replace the fuel hose and the clamp, bleed the fuel system.

(When you bleed the fuel system)

- 1. Fill the tank with fuel.
- 2. Open the fuel cock (4). ([B] only)
- 3. Loosen the air vent plug (3) of the fuel filter by a few turns.
- 4. Tighten the plug when the bubbles do not come up.
- 5. Open the air vent cock (5) on top of the fuel injection pump.
- 6. Engine with the electrical fuel feed pump

Turn the key to the AC position and supply the fuel with the pump for 10 to 15 seconds.

Engine with the mechanical fuel feed pump

Set the stop lever on STOP position and crank the engine with the starter for 10 to 15 seconds.

7. Close the air vent cock correctly after you bled the air.

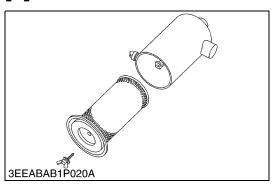
NOTE

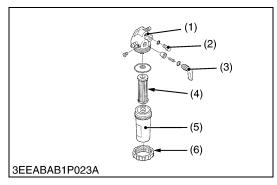
- Always keep the air vent cock on the fuel injection pump closed unless when you release the air. If not, it can cause the engine to stop.
- (1) Fuel Hose
- (2) Clamp
- (3) Air Vent Plug
- (4) Fuel Cock
- (5) Air Vent Cock

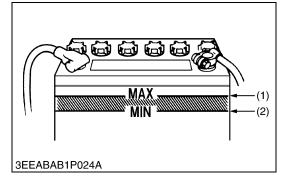
[A] Cartridge Type [B] Element Type

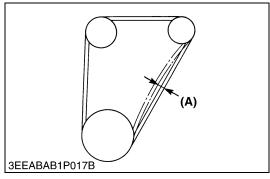
M00000003GEG0012US1

[4] CHECK POINTS FOR EVERY 100 HOURS









Cleaning of Air Cleaner Element

- 1. Remove the air cleaner element.
- Use clean dry compressed air on the inner side of the element. The pressure of compressed air must be less than 210 kPa (2.1 kgf/cm², 30 psi).

Keep an appropriate distance between the nozzle and the filter.

NOTE

- The air cleaner uses a dry element. Do not apply oil to it.
- Do not operate the engine without the filter element.
- Replace the element once a year or every sixth cleaning.

M00000003GEG0013US1

Cleaning of Fuel Filter (Element Type Only)

- 1. Close the fuel cock (3).
- 2. Remove the retaining ring (6).
- 3. Remove the filter cup (5).
- 4. Flush the inner side with kerosene.
- 5. Remove the filter element (4) and clean it in the kerosene.
- 6. After you clean, assemble the fuel filter again. Make sure that you keep out dust and dirt.
- 7. Bleed the fuel system.

IMPORTANT

- If dust and dirt go into the fuel, the fuel injection pump and injection nozzle can wear out quickly. To prevent this, make sure that you clean the filter cup (5) periodically.
- (1) Cock Body

(4) Filter Element

(2) Air Vent Plug(3) Fuel Cock

- (5) Filter Cup
- (6) Retaining Ring

M0000003GEG0014US1

Check of Battery Electrolyte Level

- 1. Examine the battery electrolyte level.
- 2. If the level is below the lower level line (2), fill each cell with distilled water until the upper level line.
- (1) Upper Level Line
- (2) Lower Level Line

M0000003GEG0015US1

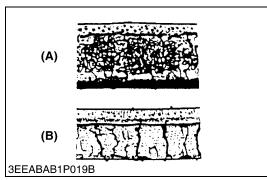
Fan Belt Tension

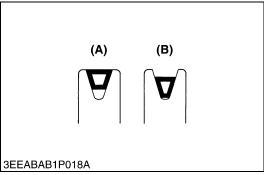
- Push the belt halfway between the fan drive pulley and alternator pulley at a specified force 98 N (10 kgf, 22 lbf) to measure the deflection (A).
- 2. If the measurement is out of the factory specifications, loosen the alternator mounting screws and adjust its position.

Deflection (A) Factory spec.	7.0 to 9.0 mm 0.28 to 0.35 in.
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(A) Deflection

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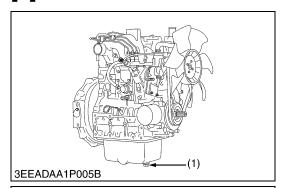
Fan Belt Damage and Wear

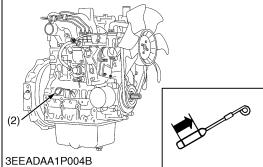
- 1. Examine the fan belt for damage.
- 2. If the fan belt has a damage, replace it.
- 3. Examine if the fan belt is worn out and sunk in the pulley groove.
- 4. If it is, replace it.
- (A) Good

(B) Bad

M0000003GEG0017US1

[5] CHECK POINTS FOR EVERY 150 HOURS





Change of Engine Oil (for 90 mm (3.5 in.) Depth Oil Pan)

[D1503-M, D1703-M, D1803-M, V2003-M, V2203-M, V2403-M, D1703-M-BG, V2003-M-BG, V2003-M-T-BG, V2203-M-BG, V2403-M-BG]



CAUTION

- Make sure that you stop the engine before you change the engine oil.
- 1. Start and warm-up the engine for approximately 5 minutes.
- 2. Put an oil pan below the engine.
- 3. Remove the drain plug (1) at the bottom of the engine and drain the oil fully.
- 4. Tighten the drain plug (1).
- 5. Fill new oil until the upper line on the dipstick (2).

■ IMPORTANT

- When you use an oil of different brand or viscosity from the previous, drain the remaining oil. Do not mix 2 different types of oil.
- Engine oil must have the properties of API classification CF/CF-4/CG-4/CH-4/CI-4.
- Use the correct SAE Engine Oil by reference to the ambient temperature.

Above 25 °C (77 °F)	SAE 30 or SAE 10W-30, SAE 10W-40
0 °C to 25 °C (32 °F to 77 °F)	SAE 20 or SAE 10W-30, SAE 10W-40
Below 0 °C (32 °F)	SAE 10W or SAE 10W-30, SAE 10W-40

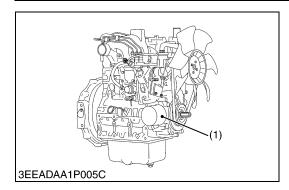
Models	Oil Pan Depth
	*90 mm (3.5 in.)
D1503-M, D1703-M, D1803-M, D1703-M-BG	5.6 L 1.5 U.S.gals
V2003-M, V2203-M, V2403-M, V2003-M-BG, V2003-M-T-BG, V2203-M-BG, V2403-M-BG	7.6 L 2.0 U.S.gals

^{*90} mm (3.5 in.) oil pan depth is optional.

(1) Drain Plug

(2) Dipstick

M00000003GEG0018US1



Replacement of Oil Filter Cartridge (for 90 mm (3.5 in.) Depth Oil Pan)

[D1503-M, D1703-M, D1803-M, V2003-M, V2203-M, V2403-M, D1703-M-BG, V2003-M-BG, V2003-M-T-BG, V2203-M-BG, V2403-M-BG]



CAUTION

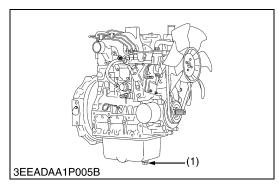
- Make sure that you stop the engine before you replace the oil filter cartridge.
- 1. Remove the oil filter cartridge (1) with the filter wrench.
- 2. Apply a thin layer of oil on the new cartridge gasket.
- 3. Install the new cartridge by hand. Do not tighten too much because it can cause deformation of the rubber gasket.
- 4. After you replace the cartridge, the engine oil usually decrease by a small level. Make sure that the engine oil does not flow through the seal and read the oil level on the dipstick.
- 5. Fill the engine oil until the specified level.

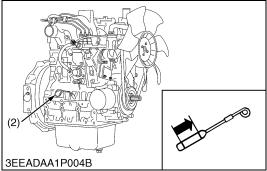
■ IMPORTANT

- To prevent serious damage to the engine, use only KUBOTA genuine filters or its equivalent.
- (1) Oil Filter Cartridge

M0000003GEG0019US1

[6] CHECK POINTS FOR EVERY 200 HOURS





Change of Engine Oil (for 124 mm (4.88 in.) Depth Oil Pan)

[D1503-M, D1703-M, D1803-M, V2003-M, V2203-M, V2403-M, V2403-M-T, D1703-M-BG, V2003-M-BG, V2003-M-T-BG, V2203-M-BG, V2403-M-BG]



CAUTION

- Make sure that you stop the engine before you change the engine oil.
- 1. Start and warm-up the engine for approximately 5 minutes.
- 2. Put an oil pan below the engine.
- 3. Remove the drain plug (1) at the bottom of the engine and drain the oil fully.
- 4. Tighten the drain plug (1).
- 5. Fill new oil until the upper line on the dipstick (2).

■ IMPORTANT

- When you use an oil of different brand or viscosity from the previous, drain the remaining oil. Do not mix 2 different types of oil.
- Engine oil must have the properties of API classification CF/CF-4/CG-4/CH-4/CI-4.
- Use the correct SAE Engine Oil by reference to the ambient temperature.

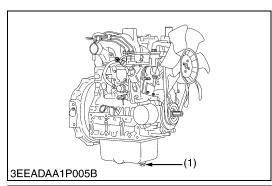
Above 25 °C (77 °F)	SAE 30 or SAE 10W-30, SAE 10W-40
0 °C to 25 °C (32 °F to 77 °F)	SAE 20 or SAE 10W-30, SAE 10W-40
Below 0 °C (32 °F)	SAE 10W or SAE 10W-30, SAE 10W-40

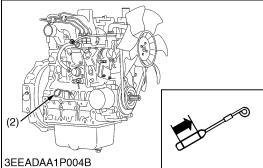
Models	Oil Pan Depth
	124 mm (4.88 in.)
D1503-M, D1703-M, D1803-M, D1703-M-BG	7.0 L 1.8 U.S.gals
V2003-M, V2203-M, V2403-M, V2003-M-BG, V2003-M-T-BG, V2203-M-BG, V2403-M-BG	9.5 L 2.5 U.S.gals
V2403-M-T	9.5 L 2.5 U.S.gals

(1) Drain Plug

(2) Dipstick

M0000003GEG0020US1





Change of Engine Oil (for 90 mm (3.5 in.) Depth Oil Pan) [D1803-M-DI, V2403-M-DI, V2403-M-DI-T]



CAUTION

- Make sure that you stop the engine before you change the engine oil.
- 1. Start and warm-up the engine for approximately 5 minutes.
- 2. Put an oil pan below the engine.
- 3. Remove the drain plug (1) at the bottom of the engine and drain the oil fully.
- 4. Tighten the drain plug (1).
- 5. Fill new oil until the upper line on the dipstick (2).

■ IMPORTANT

- When you use an oil of different brand or viscosity from the previous, drain the remaining oil. Do not mix 2 different types of oil.
- Engine oil must have the properties of API classification CF/CF-4/CG-4/CH-4/CI-4.
- Use the correct SAE Engine Oil by reference to the ambient temperature.

Above 25 °C (77 °F)	SAE 30 or SAE 10W-30, SAE 10W-40
0 °C to 25 °C (32 °F to 77 °F)	SAE 20 or SAE 10W-30, SAE 10W-40
Below 0 °C (32 °F)	SAE 10W or SAE 10W-30, SAE 10W-40

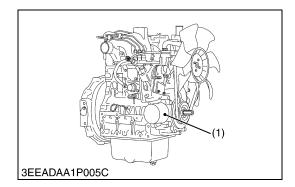
Models	Oil Pan Depth
	*90 mm (3.5 in.)
D1803-M-DI	5.6 L 1.5 U.S.gals
V2403-M-DI, V2403-M-DI-T	7.6 L 2.0 U.S.gals

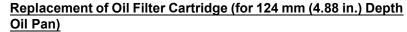
^{*90} mm (3.5 in.) oil pan depth is optional.

(1) Drain Plug

(2) Dipstick

M0000003GEG0021US1





[D1503-M, D1703-M, D1803-M, V2003-M, V2203-M, V2403-M, V2403-M-T, D1703-M-BG, V2003-M-BG, V2003-M-T-BG, V2203-M-BG, V2403-M-BG]



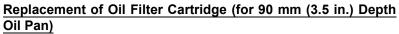
CAUTION

- Make sure that you stop the engine before you replace the oil filter cartridge.
- 1. Remove the oil filter cartridge (1) with the filter wrench.
- 2. Apply a thin layer of oil on the new cartridge gasket.
- 3. Install the new cartridge by hand. Do not tighten too much because it can cause deformation of the rubber gasket.
- 4. After you replace the cartridge, the engine oil usually decrease by a small level. Make sure that the engine oil does not flow through the seal and read the oil level on the dipstick.
- 5. Fill the engine oil until the specified level.

■ IMPORTANT

- To prevent serious damage to the engine, use only KUBOTA genuine filters or its equivalent.
- (1) Oil Filter Cartridge

M0000003GEG0022US1



[D1803-M-DI, V2403-M-DI, V2403-M-DI-T]



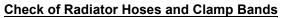
CAUTION

- Make sure that you stop the engine before you replace the oil filter cartridge.
- 1. Remove the oil filter cartridge (1) with the filter wrench.
- 2. Apply a thin layer of oil on the new cartridge gasket.
- 3. Install the new cartridge by hand. Do not tighten too much because it can cause deformation of the rubber gasket.
- 4. After you replace the cartridge, the engine oil usually decrease by a small level. Make sure that the engine oil does not flow through the seal and read the oil level on the dipstick.
- 5. Fill the engine oil until the specified level.

■ IMPORTANT

- To prevent serious damage to the engine, use only KUBOTA genuine filters or its equivalent.
- (1) Oil Filter Cartridge

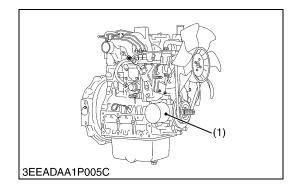
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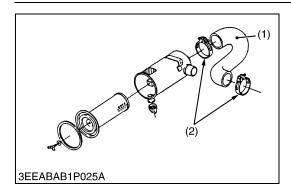
- Make sure that the radiator hoses connections are correct for every 200 hours of operation or every 6 months, whichever comes first.
- 2. If the clamp is loose, apply oil to the threads and tighten it again correctly.
- 3. The radiator hose material is rubber and deteriorates naturally. You must replace the radiator hose every 2 years. Also replace the clamp and tighten it correctly.
- (1) Upper Hose

(2) Lower Hose

M00000003GEG0024US1



3EEABAB1P022A



Check of Intake Air Line

- 1. Make sure that the intake air hose(s) connections are correct for every 200 hours of operation.
- 2. If the clamp is loose, apply oil to the threads and tighten it again correctly.
- 3. The intake air hose material is rubber and deteriorates naturally. You must replace the intake air hose(s) every 2 years. Also replace the clamp and tighten it correctly.

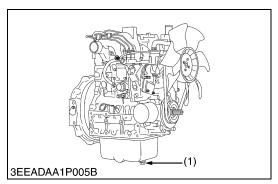
IMPORTANT

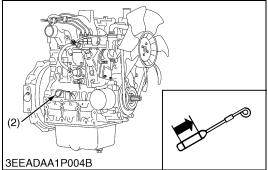
- To prevent serious damage to the engine, keep out dust in the intake air line.
- (1) Intake Air Hose

(2) Clamp

M0000003GEG0025US1

[7] CHECK POINTS FOR EVERY 400 HOURS





<u>Change of Engine Oil (for 124 mm (4.88 in.) Depth Oil Pan)</u> [D1803-M-DI, V2403-M-DI, V2403-M-DI-T]



CAUTION

- Make sure that you stop the engine before you change the engine oil.
- 1. Start and warm-up the engine for approximately 5 minutes.
- Put an oil pan below the engine.
- 3. Remove the drain plug (1) at the bottom of the engine and drain the oil fully.
- 4. Tighten the drain plug (1).
- 5. Fill new oil until the upper line on the dipstick (2).

■ IMPORTANT

- When you use an oil of different brand or viscosity from the previous, drain the remaining oil. Do not mix 2 different types of oil.
- Engine oil must have the properties of API classification CF/CF-4/CG-4/CH-4/CI-4.
- Use the correct SAE Engine Oil by reference to the ambient temperature.

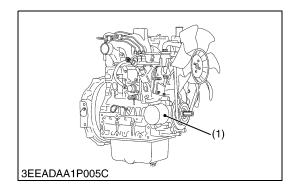
Above 25 °C (77 °F)	SAE 30 or SAE 10W-30, SAE 10W-40
0 °C to 25 °C (32 °F to 77 °F)	SAE 20 or SAE 10W-30, SAE 10W-40
Below 0 °C (32 °F)	SAE 10W or SAE 10W-30, SAE 10W-40

Models	Oil Pan Depth
	124 mm (4.88 in.)
D1803-M-DI	7.0 L 1.8 U.S.gals
V2403-M-DI, V2403-M-DI-T	9.5 L 2.5 U.S.gals

(1) Drain Plug

(2) Dipstick

M0000003GEG0026US1







CAUTION

- Make sure that you stop the engine before you replace the oil filter cartridge.
- 1. Remove the oil filter cartridge (1) with the filter wrench.
- 2. Apply a thin layer of oil on the new cartridge gasket.
- 3. Install the new cartridge by hand. Do not tighten too much because it can cause deformation of the rubber gasket.
- 4. After you replace the cartridge, the engine oil usually decrease by a small level. Make sure that the engine oil does not flow through the seal and read the oil level on the dipstick.
- 5. Fill the engine oil until the specified level.

■ IMPORTANT

- · To prevent serious damage to the engine, use only KUBOTA genuine filters or its equivalent.
- (1) Oil Filter Cartridge

M0000003GEG0027US1



The fuel filter cartridge collects water and dust in the fuel. In service, replace the fuel filter cartridge every 400 hours.

- 1. Remove the used filter cartridge (1) with filter wrench.
- 2. Apply a thin layer of fuel to the surface of the new filter cartridge gasket before you put it on.
- 3. Tighten the new cartridge by hand.
- 4. Bleed the fuel system.
- (1) Fuel Filter Cartridge

M0000003GEG0028US1

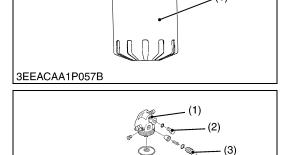


- Close the fuel cock (3).
- 2. Remove the retaining ring (6).
- 3. Remove the filter cup (5).
- 4. Flush the inner side with kerosene.
- 5. Replace the filter element (4) with a new one.
- 6. Keep out dust and dirt from work area and then assemble the fuel filter again.
- 7. Bleed the fuel system.
- Cock Body (1)
 - Air Vent Plug
- Fuel Cock (3)

(2)

- (4) Filter Element
- (5) Filter Cup
- (6) Retaining Ring

M0000003GEG0029US1

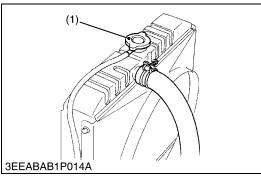


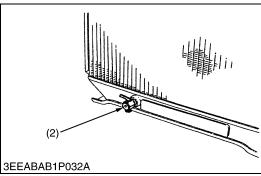
(5)

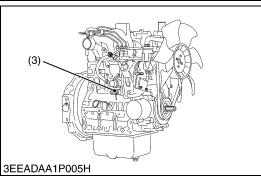


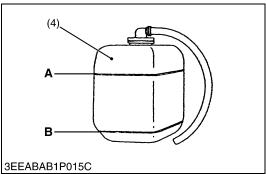
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[8] CHECK POINTS FOR EVERY 500 HOURS









Cleaning of Water Jacket and Radiator Interior



CAUTION

- Do not remove the radiator cap when the engine is hot.
 Then loosen the cap slightly to release unwanted pressure before you remove the cap fully.
- 1. Stop the engine and let the coolant temperature decreases.
- 2. Remove the radiator cap (1) to drain the coolant fully.
- 3. Open the drain cock (2) and (3).
- 4. After you drained all coolant, close the drain cocks.
- 5. Fill with clean water and cooling system cleaner.
- 6. Obey the directions of the cleaner instruction.
- 7. After you flush, fill with clean water and anti-freeze until the coolant level is immediately below the port. Install the radiator cap (1) correctly.
- 8. Fill with the coolant until the "FULL" **A** mark on the recovery tank (4).
- 9. Start and operate the engine for a few minutes.
- 10. Stop the engine and let the coolant temperature decreases. Examine the coolant level of radiator and recovery tank (4) and add coolant if necessary.

■ IMPORTANT

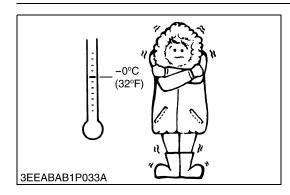
- · Do not start the engine without coolant.
- Use clean and soft water with anti-freeze to fill the radiator and recovery tank.
- Make sure that when you mix the anti-freeze and water, the ratio of anti-freeze is less than 50 %.
- Make sure that you close the radiator cap correctly. If the cap is loose or incorrectly closed, coolant can flow out and the engine can overheat.

(1) Radiator Cap(2) Drain CockA: FULLB: LOW

(3) Drain Cock

(4) Recovery Tank

M0000003GEG0030US1



Anti-freeze

- There are 2 types of anti-freeze available: use the permanent type (PT) for this engine.
- When you add anti-freeze for the first time, flush the water jacket and radiator interior with clean, soft water several times.
- The brand of the anti-freeze and the ambient temperature have an effect on the procedure to mix water and anti-freeze. Refer to the SAE J1034 standard, especially to the SAE J814c.
- Mix the anti-freeze with clean, soft water, and then fill into the radiator.

IMPORTANT

 Make sure that when you mix the anti-freeze and water, the ratio of anti-freeze is less than 50 %.

Vol %	Freezin	Freezing Point		Point*
Anti-freeze	°C	°F	°C	°F
40	-24	-11	106	223
50	-37	-35	108	226

^{*} At 1.01 × 100000 Pa (760 mmHg) pressure (atmospheric). Use a radiator pressure cap that lets the pressure collect in the cooling system to get a higher boiling point.

NOTE

- The above data is the industrial standards that shows the minimum glycol content necessary in the concentrated anti-freeze.
- When the coolant level decreases because of evaporation, add clean, soft water only to keep the anti-freeze mixing ratio less than 50 %. If there is a leakage, add anti-freeze and clean, soft water in the specified mixing ratio.
- The anti-freeze absorbs moisture. Keep new anti-freeze in a tightly sealed container.
- Do not use the radiator cleaning agents after you add anti-freeze to the coolant. Anti-freeze contains an anti-corrosive agent, which reacts with the radiator cleaning agent to make sludge and cause damages to the engine parts.

M0000003GEG0031US1



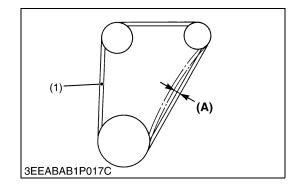
- 1. Remove the alternator.
- 2. Remove the fan belt (1).
- 3. Replace the fan belt with a new one.
- 4. Install the alternator.
- 5. Examine the fan belt tension.

Deflection (A)	Factory spec.	7.0 to 9.0 mm (0.28 to 0.35 in.) deflection at 98 N (10 kgf, 22 lbf) of force
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(1) Fan Belt

(A) Deflection

M00000003GEG0032US1



[9] CHECK POINTS FOR EVERY 1 OR 2 MONTHS

Recharge of Battery



CAUTION

- The battery gas can cause an explosion. Keep the sparks and open flames away from the battery at all times, especially when you charge the battery.
- When you charge the battery, remove the battery vent plugs.
- When you disconnect the cable from the battery, start with the negative terminal first. When you connect the cable to the battery, start with the positive terminal first.
- Do not put an object made of metal across the terminals to do a test on the battery charge. Use a voltmeter or hydrometer to do a test on the battery charge.

1) Slow Charge

- 1. Add distilled water if the electrolyte level is low. When you charge, the quantity of electrolyte must be lower than the specified level to make sure that it does not spill.
- 2. Connect the battery to the charging unit, obey the manufacturer instructions.
- 3. When you charge, remove all vent plugs to release the battery gas.
- The electrolyte temperature must not be more than 40 °C (104 °F) when you charge.
 - If it is more than 40 °C (104 °F), decrease the charging amperage or do not charge for a while.
- 5. When you charge a few batteries in series, charge at the rate of the smallest battery in the line.

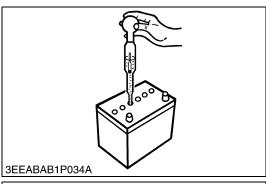
2) Quick Charge

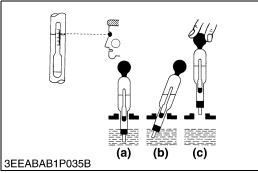
- 1. Find the correct current and time to charge at with the tester attached to the guick charger.
- 2. Find the correct current that you charge at as 1/1 of the battery capacity. If the battery capacity is more than 50 Ah, use 50 A as the maximum.

■ Precaution when you operate a Quick Charger

The type of quick charger is different on its operation.
 Refer to the instruction manual.

M0000003GEG0033US1





Battery Specific Gravity

- 1. Measure the specific gravity of the electrolyte in each cell with a hydrometer.
- 2. If the electrolyte temperature is different from the one that the hydrometer calibrated, correct the specific gravity measurement. Use the formula below in **(Reference)**.
- 3. If the specific gravity is less than 1.215 (after it is corrected for temperature), charge or replace the battery.
- 4. If the specific gravity is different between 2 cells by more than 0.05, replace the battery.

NOTE

- Hold the hydrometer tube vertically but do not remove it from the electrolyte.
- Do not put too much electrolyte into the tube.
- Let the float move freely and hold the hydrometer at eye level.
- You must read the hydrometer at the highest electrolyte level.

(Reference)

- The specific gravity changes with temperature. To be accurate, the specific gravity decreases by 0.0007 when temperature increases by 1 °C (decreases by 0.0004 when temperature increases by 1 °F), increases by 0.0007 when temperature decreases by 1 °C (increases by 0.0004 when temperature decreases by 1 °F). Thus, if you refer to 20 °C (68 °F), correct the specific gravity reading by the formula below:
- Specific gravity at 20 °C = Measured value + 0.0007 × (electrolyte temperature -20 °C)
- Specific gravity at 68 °F = Measured value + 0.0004 × (electrolyte temperature –68 °F)

Specific Gravity	State of Charge
1.260 Sp. Gr.	100 % Charged
1.230 Sp. Gr.	75 % Charged
1.200 Sp. Gr.	50 % Charged
1.170 Sp. Gr.	25 % Charged
1.140 Sp. Gr.	Very Little Useful Capacity
1.110 Sp. Gr.	Discharged

At an electrolyte temperature of 20 °C (68 °F)

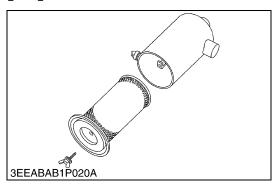
(a) Good

(c) Bad

(b) Bad

M00000003GEG0034US1

[10] CHECK POINTS FOR EVERY YEAR



Replacement of Air Cleaner Element

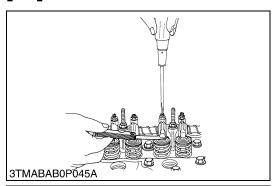
- Remove used air cleaner element.
- Replace it with a new one.

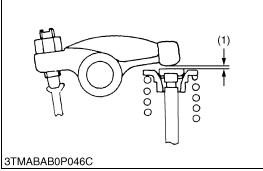
NOTE

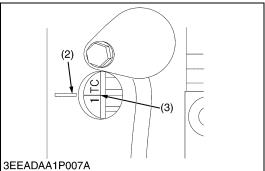
- The air cleaner uses a dry element. Do not apply oil to it.
- Do not operate the engine without the filter element.

M00000003GEG0035US1

[11] CHECK POINTS FOR EVERY 800 HOURS







Valve Clearance

IMPORTANT

- You must examine and adjust the valve clearance when the engine is cold.
- 1. Remove the head cover.
- 2. Align the "1TC" mark line (3) on the flywheel and projection (2) on the housing. Make sure that the No.1 piston comes to the compression or overlap top dead center.
- 3. Examine the subsequent valve clearance (1) at the mark "%" with a feeler gauge.
- 4. If the clearance is out of the factory specifications, adjust with the adjusting screw.

Valve clearance	Lactory spec	0.18 to 0.22 mm 0.0071 to 0.0086 in.
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NOTE

- The "1TC" mark line on the flywheel is only for the No. 1 cylinder. There is no "TC" mark for the other cylinders.
- Align the "TC" mark with the projection (2) in the window on the flywheel-housing. No. 1 piston is on the top dead center position at this time. Turn the flywheel 0.26 rad (15°) to see if the piston is at the compression top dead center or the overlap position. Refer to the table below to adjust the valve clearance (1) again. (The piston is at the compression top dead center when both the IN. and EX. valves do not move. The piston is at the overlap position when both the valves move.)
- Turn the flywheel 6.28 rad (360°) and align the "1TC" mark line with the projection (2) correctly. Adjust all the other valve clearance if necessary.
- After you turn the flywheel counterclockwise 2 or 3 times, examine the valve clearance (1) again.
- After you adjust the valve clearance (1), tighten the lock nut of the adjusting screw.

		Valve Arrangement			
Adjustable Cylinder of Piston	Location	3 Су	linder	4 Cyl	linder
	71 1 10tOil		EX.	IN.	EX.
	No. 1	☆	☆	☆	☆
When No. 1 piston	No. 2		☆	☆	
is at compression top dead center	No. 3	☆			☆
	No. 4	_	-		
	No. 1				
When No. 1 piston	No. 2	☆			☆
is at overlap position	No. 3		☆	☆	
	No. 4	_	_	☆	☆

- (1) Valve Clearance
- (2) Projection

(3) 1TC Mark Line

M0000003GEG0036US1

[12] CHECK POINTS FOR EVERY 1500 HOURS



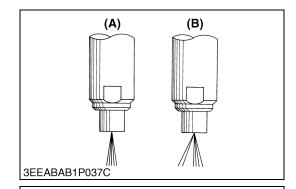
CAUTION

(A)

(a)

- . Examine the injection pressure and condition after you make sure that there is no one in the direction of the fumes.
- If the fumes from the nozzle directly touches the human body, they can cause damage to the cells and blood poisoning.

M0000003GEG0037US1



(B)

(a)

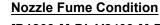
Nozzle Fume Condition

[D1503-M, D1703-M, D1803-M, V2003-M, V2203-M, V2403-M, D1703-M-BG, V2003-M-BG, V2003-M-T-BG, V2203-M-BG, V2403-M-BG]

- 1. Set the injection nozzle to a nozzle tester, and examine the condition of the fumes from the nozzle.
- 2. If the fume condition is defective, replace the nozzle piece.
- (A) Good

(B) Bad

M0000003GEG0038US1



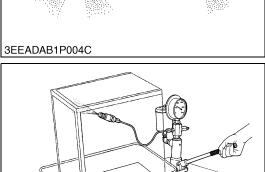
[D1803-M-DI, V2403-M-DI, V2403-M-DI-T] 1. Set the injection nozzle to a nozzle tester, and examine the

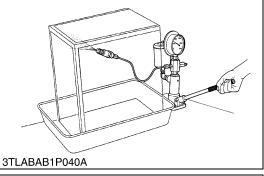
- condition of the fumes from the nozzle.
- 2. If the fume condition is defective, replace the injection nozzle assembly.
- (A) Good

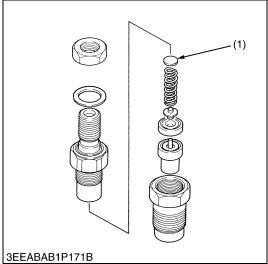
(a) 1.3 rad (72°)

(B) Bad

M0000003GEG0039US1







Fuel Injection Pressure

[D1503-M, D1703-M, D1803-M, V2003-M, V2203-M, V2403-M, V2403-M-T, D1703-M-BG, V2003-M-BG, V2003-M-T-BG, V2203-M-BG, V2403-M-BG1

- 1. Set the injection nozzle to a nozzle tester.
- 2. Slowly move the tester lever to measure the pressure at which the fuel start to jet out from the nozzle.
- 3. If the measurement is out of the factory specifications, replace the adjusting washer (1) in the nozzle holder.

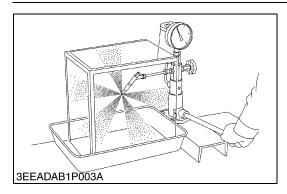
(Reference)

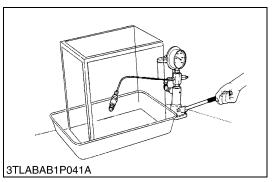
The pressure variation with 0.025 mm (0.00098 in.) difference in washer thickness is approximately 590 kPa (6.0 kgf/cm², 85 psi).

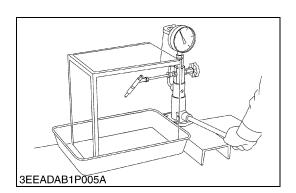
Fuel injection pressure	Factory spec.	13.73 to 14.70 MPa 140.0 to 150.0 kgf/cm ² 1992 to 2133 psi
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(1) Adjusting Washer

M0000003GEG0040US1







Fuel Injection Pressure

[D1803-M-DI, V2403-M-DI, V2403-M-DI-T]

- 1. Set the injection nozzle to a nozzle tester.
- 2. Slowly move the tester lever to measure the pressure at which the fuel start to jet out from the nozzle.
- 3. If the measurement is out of the factory specifications, replace the injection nozzle assembly.

Fuel injection pressure (1st stage)	Factory spec.	18.64 to 20.10 MPa 190.0 to 205.0 kgf/cm ² 2703 to 2915 psi
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M00000003GEG0041US1

Valve Seat Tightness

[D1503-M, D1703-M, D1803-M, V2003-M, V2203-M, V2403-M, V2403-M-T, D1703-M-BG, V2003-M-BG, V2003-M-T-BG, V2203-M-BG, V2403-M-BG]

- 1. Set the injection nozzle to a nozzle tester.
- 2. Increase the fuel pressure, and keep it at 12.75 MPa (130.0 kgf/cm², 1849 psi) for 10 seconds.
- 3. If you find a fuel leakage, replace the nozzle piece.

Valve seat tightness	Factory spec.	No fuel leak at 12.75 MPa 130.0 kgf/cm ² 1849 psi
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M0000003GEG0042US1

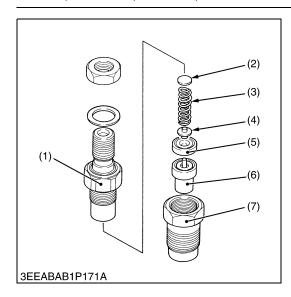
Valve Seat Tightness

[D1803-M-DI, V2403-M-DI, V2403-M-DI-T]

- 1. Set the injection nozzle to a nozzle tester.
- 2. Increase the fuel pressure, and keep it at 16.67 MPa (170.0 kgf/cm², 2418 psi) for 10 seconds.
- 3. If you find a fuel leakage, replace the injection nozzle assembly.

Valve seat tightness	Factory spec.	No fuel leak at 16.67 MPa 170.0 kgf/cm ² 2418 psi
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M0000003GEG0043US1



Nozzle Holder

[D1503-M, D1703-M, D1803-M, V2003-M, V2203-M, V2403-M, V2403-M-T, D1703-M-BG, V2003-M-BG, V2003-M-T-BG, V2203-M-BG, V2403-M-BG]

- 1. Hold the nozzle retaining nut (7) with a vise.
- 2. Remove the nozzle holder (1), and remove the internal parts. **(When reassembling)**
 - Assemble the nozzle in clean fuel oil.
 - Install the push rod (4) correctly in its direction.
- After you assemble the nozzle, adjust the fuel injection pressure.

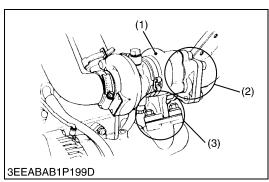
	Nozzle holder	35 to 39 N·m 3.5 to 4.0 kgf·m 26 to 28 lbf·ft
Tightening torque	Overflow pipe retaining nut	20 to 24 N·m 2.0 to 2.5 kgf·m 15 to 18 lbf·ft
	Nozzle holder assembly	49 to 68 N·m 5.0 to 7.0 kgf·m 37 to 50 lbf·ft

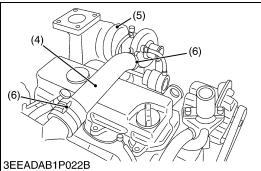
- (1) Nozzle Holder
- (2) Adjusting Washer
- (3) Nozzle Spring
- (4) Push Rod

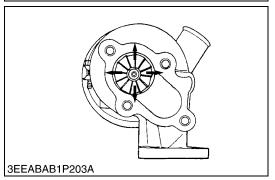
- (5) Distance Piece
- (6) Nozzle Piece
- (7) Nozzle Retaining Nut

M00000003GEG0044US1

[13] CHECK POINTS FOR EVERY 3000 HOURS







Check of Turbocharger

Turbine Side

- 1. Examine the exhaust port (2) and the inlet port (3) side of the turbine housing (1) for exhaust gas leakage.
- 2. If you find a gas leakage, tighten the bolts and nuts again or replace the gasket with a new one.

Compressor Side

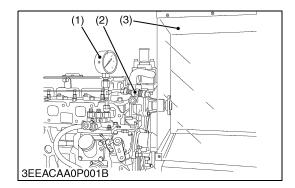
- 1. Examine the inlet hose (4) of the compressor cover (5) for air leakage.
- 2. Examine the suction side of the intake hose for loose connections or cracks.
- 3. If you find an air leakage, change the clamp (6) and / or the inlet hoses.

Radial Clearance

- 1. If the wheel touches the housing, replace the turbocharger assembly with a new one.
- (1) Turbine Housing
- 2) Exhaust Port
- (3) Inlet Port

- (4) Inlet Hose
- (5) Compressor Cover
- (6) Clamp

M0000003GEG0045US1



Check of Injection Pump

[D1503-M, D1703-M, D1803-M, V2003-M, V2203-M, V2403-M, V2403-M-T, D1703-M-BG, V2003-M-BG, V2003-M-T-BG, V2203-M-BG, V2403-M-BG]

Fuel Tightness of Pump Element

- 1. Remove the engine stop solenoid.
- 2. Remove the injection pipes and glow plugs.
- 3. Set the injection pump pressure tester to the injection pump.
- 4. Set the injection nozzle (2) jetted with the correct injection pressure to the injection pump pressure tester (1). (Refer to the figure.)
- 5. Set the speed control lever to the maximum speed position.
- 6. Crank the engine with the starter to increase the pressure.
- 7. If the pressure is lower than the allowable limit, replace the pump with a new one.

You can also repair the pump at a Kubota-authorized pump service shop.

Fuel Tightness of Delivery Valve

- 1. Remove the engine stop solenoid.
- 2. Remove the injection pipes and glow plugs.
- 3. Set the pressure tester to the fuel injection pump.
- 4. Set the injection nozzle (2) jetted with the correct injection pressure to the injection pump pressure tester (1).
- 5. Crank the engine with the starter to increase the pressure.
- 6. Stop the starter when the fuel jets from the injection nozzle. Then turn the flywheel manually and increase the pressure to approximately 13.73 MPa (140.0 kgf/cm², 1991 psi).
- 7. Turn the flywheel back about half a turn (to keep the plunger free) and keep the flywheel at this position.
- 8. Measure the time for the pressure to decrease from 13.73 to 12.75 MPa (from 140.0 to 130.0 kgf/cm², from 1991 to 1849 psi).
- 9. If the measurement is less than allowable limit, replace the pump with a new one.

You can also repair the pump at a Kubota-authorized pump service shop.

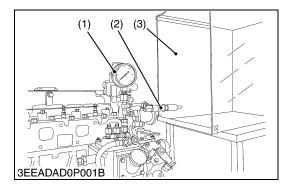
Fuel tightness of pump element	Allowable limit	13.73 MPa 140.0 kgf/cm ² 1991 psi
Fuel tightness of delivery	Factory spec.	10 seconds 13.73 → 12.75 MPa 140.0 → 130.0 kgf/cm ² 1991 → 1849 psi
valve	Allowable limit	5 seconds 13.73 → 12.75 MPa 140.0 → 130.0 kgf/cm ² 1991 → 1849 psi

■ NOTE

- Do not try to disassemble the injection pump assembly.
 Repair the pump at a Kubota-authorized pump service shop.
- (1) Injection Pump Pressure Tester
- (3) Protection Cover for Jetted Fuel

(2) Injection Nozzle

M0000003GEG0046US1



Check of Injection Pump

[D1803-M-DI, V2403-M-DI, V2403-M-DI-T]

Fuel Tightness of Pump Element

- 1. Remove the engine stop solenoid.
- 2. Remove the injection pipes and glow plugs.
- 3. Set the injection pump pressure tester to the injection pump.
- 4. Set the injection nozzle (2) jetted with the correct injection pressure to the injection pump pressure tester (1). (Refer to the figure.)
- 5. Set the speed control lever to the maximum speed position.
- 6. Crank the engine with the starter to increase the pressure.
- 7. If the pressure is lower than the allowable limit, replace the pump with a new one.

You can also repair the pump at a Kubota-authorized pump service shop.

Fuel Tightness of Delivery Valve

- 1. Remove the engine stop solenoid.
- 2. Remove the injection pipes and glow plugs.
- 3. Set the pressure tester to the fuel injection pump.
- 4. Set the injection nozzle (2) jetted with the correct injection pressure to the injection pump pressure tester (1).
- 5. Crank the engine with the starter to increase the pressure.
- 6. Stop the starter when the fuel jets from the injection nozzle. Then turn the flywheel manually and increase the pressure to approximately 18.63 MPa (190.0 kgf/cm², 2702 psi).
- 7. Turn the flywheel back about half a turn (to keep the plunger free) and keep the flywheel at this position.
- 8. Measure the time for the pressure to decrease from 18.63 to 17.65 MPa (from 190.0 to 180.0 kgf/cm², from 2702 to 2560 psi).
- 9. If the measurement is less than allowable limit, replace the pump with a new one.

You can also repair the pump at a Kubota-authorized pump service shop.

Fuel tightness of pump element	Allowable limit	18.63 MPa 190.0 kgf/cm ² 2702 psi
Fuel tightness of delivery	Factory spec.	10 seconds 18.63 → 17.65 MPa 190.0 → 180.0 kgf/cm ² 2702 → 2560 psi
valve	Allowable limit	5 seconds 18.63 → 17.65 MPa 190.0 → 180.0 kgf/cm ² 2702 → 2560 psi

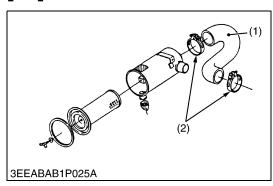
■ NOTE

- Do not try to disassemble the injection pump assembly.
 Repair the pump at a Kubota-authorized pump service shop.
- (1) Injection Pump Pressure Tester
- (3) Protection Cover for Jetted Fuel

(2) Injection Nozzle

M0000003GEG0047US1

[14] CHECK POINTS FOR EVERY 2 YEARS



Replacement of Intake Air Line

- 1. Loosen the clamp (2).
- 2. Remove the intake air hose (1) and clamp (2).
- 3. Replace the intake air hose (1) and clamp (2) with new ones.
- 4. Tighten the clamp (2) correctly.

■ NOTE

 To prevent serious damage to the engine, keep out dust in the intake air line.

(1) Intake Air Hose

(2) Clamp

M0000003GEG0048US1

Replacement of Battery



CAUTION

- The battery gas can cause an explosion. Keep the sparks and open flames away from the battery at all times, especially when you charge the battery.
- When you charge the battery, remove the battery vent plugs.
- When you disconnect the cable from the battery, start with the negative terminal first. When you connect the cable to the battery, start with the positive terminal first.
- Do not put an object made of metal across the terminals to do a test on the battery charge. Use a voltmeter or hydrometer to do a test on the battery charge.
- 1. Disconnect the negative terminal and positive terminal.
- 2. Remove the battery holder.
- 3. Remove the used battery.
- 4. Replace the battery with a new one.
- 5. Tighten the battery holder.
- 6. Connect the positive terminal.
- 7. Connect the negative terminal.

M0000003GEG0049US1

Replacement of Radiator Hoses and Clamp Bands



CAUTION

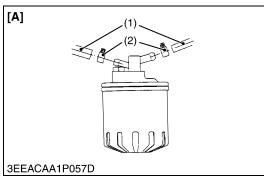
- Do not remove the radiator cap when the engine is hot.
 Then loosen the cap to the stop to release unwanted pressure before you remove the cap fully.
- 1. Drain the coolant.
- 2. Loosen the clamp bands.
- 3. Remove the upper hose (1) and lower hose (2).
- 4. Replace the upper / lower hose (1), (2) and clamp bands with new ones.
- 5. Tighten the clamp bands correctly.
- 6. Fill with clean water and anti-freeze until the coolant level is immediately below the port. Install the radiator cap correctly.
- (1) Upper Hose

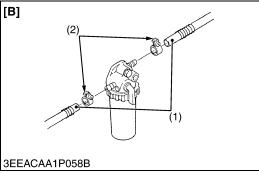
(2) Lower Hose

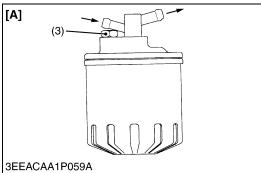
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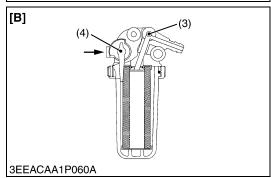


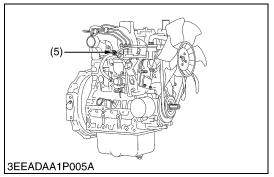
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Replacement of Fuel Hoses and Clamp Bands



CAUTION

- Stop the engine before you do the check below.
- 1. Loosen the clamp (2) and remove the fuel hose (1).
- 2. Replace the fuel hose (1) and clamp (2) with new ones.
- 3. Tighten the clamp (2) correctly.

(When you bleed the fuel system)

- 1. Fill the tank with fuel.
- 2. Open the fuel cock (4). ([B] only)
- 3. Loosen the air vent plug (3) of the fuel filter by a few turns.
- 4. Tighten the plug when the bubbles do not come up.
- 5. Open the air vent cock (5) on top of the fuel injection pump.
- 6. Engine with the electrical fuel feed pump

Turn the key to the AC position and supply the fuel with the pump for 10 to 15 seconds.

Engine with the mechanical fuel feed pump

Set the stop lever on STOP position and crank the engine with the starter for 10 to 15 seconds.

7. Close the air vent cock correctly after you bled the air.

■ NOTE

- Always keep the air vent cock on the fuel injection pump closed unless when you release the air. If not, it can cause the engine to stop.
- (1) Fuel Hose
 - Clamp

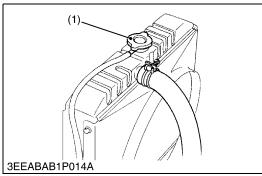
(2)

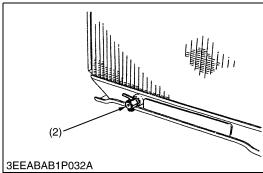
- (3) Air Vent Plug
- (4) Fuel Cock
- (5) Air Vent Cock

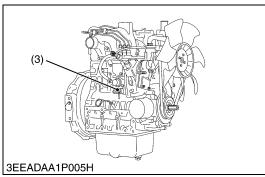
[A] Cartridge Type

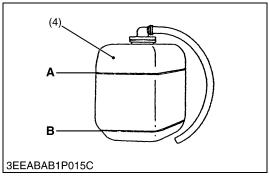
[B] Element Type

M00000003GEG0051US1









Change of Radiator Coolant (L.L.C.)



CAUTION

- Do not remove the radiator cap when the engine is hot.
 Then loosen the cap slightly to release unwanted pressure before you remove the cap fully.
- 1. Stop the engine and let the coolant temperature decreases.
- 2. Remove the radiator cap (1) to drain the coolant fully.
- 3. Open the drain cock (2) and (3).
- 4. After you drained all coolant, close the drain cocks.
- 5. Fill with clean water and cooling system cleaner.
- 6. Obey the directions of the cleaner instruction.
- After you flush, fill with clean water and anti-freeze until the coolant level is immediately below the port. Install the radiator cap (1) correctly.
- 8. Fill with the coolant until the "FULL" **A** mark on the recovery tank (4).
- 9. Start and operate the engine for a few minutes.
- Stop the engine and let the coolant temperature decreases.
 Examine the coolant level of radiator and recovery tank (4) and add coolant if necessary.

IMPORTANT

- · Do not start the engine without coolant.
- Use clean and soft water with anti-freeze to fill the radiator and recovery tank.
- Make sure that when you mix the anti-freeze and water, the ratio of anti-freeze is less than 50 %.
- Make sure that you close the radiator cap correctly. If the cap is loose or incorrectly closed, coolant can flow out and the engine can overheat.

(1) Radiator Cap(2) Drain Cock

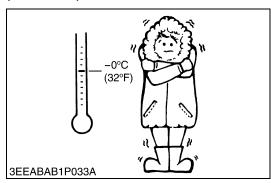
A: FULL B: LOW

(3) Drain Cock

(4) Recovery Tank

(To be continued)

(Continued)



Anti-freeze

- There are 2 types of anti-freeze available: use the permanent type (PT) for this engine.
- When you add anti-freeze for the first time, flush the water jacket and radiator interior with clean, soft water several times.
- The brand of the anti-freeze and the ambient temperature have an effect on the procedure to mix water and anti-freeze. Refer to the SAE J1034 standard, especially to the SAE J814c.
- Mix the anti-freeze with clean, soft water, and then fill into the radiator.

IMPORTANT

 Make sure that when you mix the anti-freeze and water, the ratio of anti-freeze is less than 50 %.

Vol %		Freezin	Freezing Point		Point*
	Anti-freeze	°C	°F	°C	°F
	40	-24	-11	106	223
	50	-37	-35	108	226

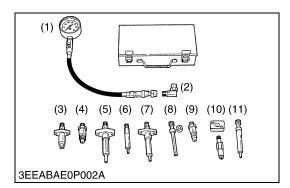
^{*} At 1.01 × 100000 Pa (760 mmHg) pressure (atmospheric). Use a radiator pressure cap that lets the pressure collect in the cooling system to get a higher boiling point.

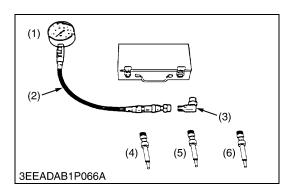
■ NOTE

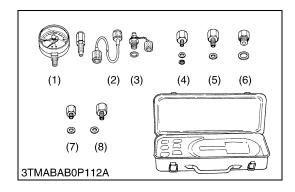
- The above data is the industrial standards that shows the minimum glycol content necessary in the concentrated anti-freeze.
- When the coolant level decreases because of evaporation, add clean, soft water only to keep the anti-freeze mixing ratio less than 50 %. If there is a leakage, add anti-freeze and clean, soft water in the specified mixing ratio.
- The anti-freeze absorbs moisture. Keep new anti-freeze in a tightly sealed container.
- Do not use the radiator cleaning agents after you add anti-freeze to the coolant. Anti-freeze contains an anti-corrosive agent, which reacts with the radiator cleaning agent to make sludge and cause damages to the engine parts.

M0000003GEG0052US1

5. SPECIAL TOOLS







Diesel Engine Compression Tester

[D1503-M, D1703-M, D1803-M, V2003-M, V2203-M, V2403-M, V2403-M-T, D1703-M-BG, V2003-M-BG, V2003-M-T-BG, V2203-M-BG, V2403-M-BG] Code No.

- 07909-30208 (Assembly)
- 07909-30934 (A to F)
- 07909-31211 (E and F)
- 07909-31231 (H)
- 07909-31251 (**G**)
- 07909-31271 (**I**)
- 07909-31281 (**J**)

Application

(6) Adaptor E

- To measure the diesel engine compression and to make a decision for a large overhaul if necessary.
- (1) Gauge
 (7) Adaptor F

 (2) L Joint
 (8) Adaptor G

 (3) Adaptor A
 (9) Adaptor H

 (4) Adaptor B
 (10) Adaptor I

 (5) Adaptor C
 (11) Adaptor J

M0000003GEG0053US1

<u>Diesel Engine Compression Tester (for Glow Plug)</u>

[D1803-M-DI, V2403-M-DI, V2403-M-DI-T] Code No.

- 07909-39081 (Assembly)
- 07909-31291 (**K**)
- 07909-31301 (L)
- 07909-31311 (**M**)

Application

 To measure the diesel engine compression and to make a decision for a large overhaul if necessary.

Adaptor

- The adaptor K is necessary for the 03-M-DI.
- (1) Gauge (4) Adaptor K
 (2) Hose Assembly (5) Adaptor L
 (3) L Joint (6) Adaptor M

M00000003GEG0054US1

Oil Pressure Tester

Code No.

• 07916-32032

Application

- To measure the engine oil pressure.
- (1) Gauge
 (5) Adaptor 2

 (2) Cable
 (6) Adaptor 3

 (3) Threaded Joint
 (7) Adaptor 4

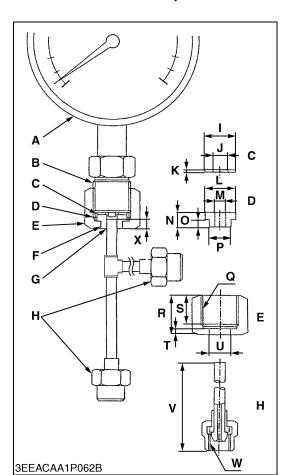
 (4) Adaptor 1
 (8) Adaptor 5

M00000003GEG0055US1

■ NOTE

• You do not have the special tools below. Refer to the figure to make them yourselves.

M0000003GEG0056US1



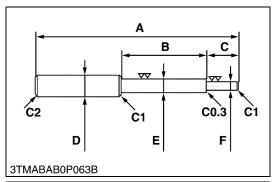
Injection Pump Pressure Tester

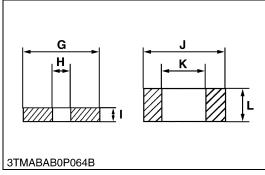
Application

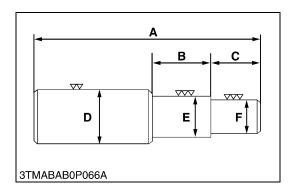
• To examine the fuel tightness of injection pumps.

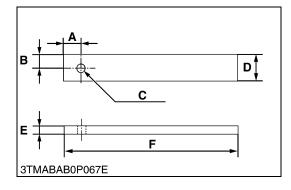
A	Pressure gauge full scale : More than 29.4 MPa (300 kgf/cm², 4267 psi)
В	PF 1/2
С	Copper gasket
D	Flange (Material : Steel)
E	Hex. nut 27 mm (1.1 in.) across the plat
F	Adhesive application
G	Fillet welding on the enter circumference
Н	Retaining nut
I	17 mm dia. (0.67 in. dia.)
J	8 mm dia. (0.3 in. dia.)
K	1.0 mm (0.039 in.)
L	17 mm dia. (0.67 in. dia.)
М	6.10 to 6.20 mm dia. (0.241 to 0.244 in. dia.)
N	8 mm (0.3 in.)
0	4 mm (0.2 in.)
Р	11.97 to 11.99 mm dia. (0.4713 to 0.4720 in. dia.)
Q	PF 1/2
R	23 mm (0.91 in.)
S	17 mm (0.67 in.)
Т	4 mm (0.2 in.)
U	12.00 to 12.02 mm dia. (0.4725 to 0.4732 in. dia.)
V	100 mm (3.94 in.)
w	M12 × P1.5
Х	5 mm (0.2 in.)

M00000003GEG0057US1









Valve Guide Replacing Tool

Application

• To press out and press fit the valve guide.

_	227 (222)	
Α	225 mm (8.86 in.)	
В	70 mm (2.8 in.)	
С	45 mm (1.8 in.)	
D	20 mm dia. (0.79 in. dia.)	
E	12.7 to 12.9 mm dia. (0.500 to 0.507 in. dia.)	
F	7.50 to 7.60 mm dia. (0.296 to 0.299 in. dia.)	
G	G 25 mm dia. (0.98 in. dia.)	
Н	7.70 to 8.00 mm dia. (0.304 to 0.314 in. dia.)	
I	5 mm (0.2 in.)	
J	20 mm dia. (0.79 in. dia.)	
K	13.5 to 13.8 mm dia. (0.532 to 0.543 in. dia.)	
L	8.90 to 9.10 mm (0.351 to 0.358 in.)	
C1	Chamfer 1.0 mm (0.039 in.)	
C2	Chamfer 2.0 mm (0.079 in.)	
C0.3	Chamfer 0.3 mm (0.01 in.)	

M0000003GEG0058US1

Bushing Replacing Tools

Application

· To press out and press fit the bushing.

1) For small end bushing

Α	162 mm (6.38 in.)	
В	35 mm (1.4 in.)	
С	27 mm (1.1 in.)	
D	35 mm dia. (1.4 in. dia.)	
E	27.90 to 27.95 mm dia. (1.099 to 1.100 in. dia.)	
F	F 25.00 to 25.01 mm dia. (0.9843 to 0.9846 in. dia.)	

2) For idle gear bushing

Α	175 mm (6.89 in.)	
В	40 mm (1.6 in.)	
С	38 mm (1.5 in.)	
D 45 mm dia. (1.8 in. dia.)		
E	E 41.90 to 41.95 mm dia. (1.650 to 1.651 in. dia.)	
F	F 37.950 to 37.970 mm dia. (1.4941 to 1.4948 in. dia.)	

M0000003GEG0059US1

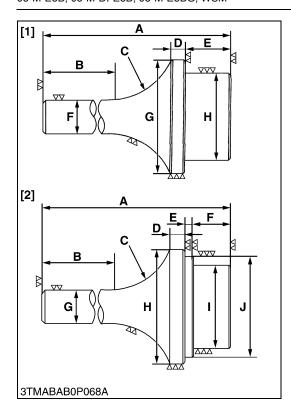
Flywheel Stopper

Application

• To loosen and tighten the flywheel screw.

Α	20 mm (0.79 in.)
В	15 mm (0.59 in.)
С	10 mm dia. (0.39 in. dia.)
D	30 mm (1.2 in.)
E	8 mm (0.3 in.)
F	200 mm (7.87 in.)

M00000003GEG0060US1



Crankshaft Bearing 1 Replacing Tool

Application

• To press out and press fit the crankshaft bearing 1.

[1] Extracting tool

<u> </u>	
135 mm (5.31 in.)	
72 mm (2.8 in.)	
40 mm radius (1.6 in. radius)	
10 mm (0.39 in.)	
E 20 mm (0.79 in.)	
20 mm dia. (0.79 in. dia.)	
64.80 to 64.90 mm dia. (2.552 to 2.555 in. dia.)	
59.80 to 59.90 mm dia. (2.355 to 2.358 in. dia.)	

[2] Inserting tool

Α	130 mm (5.12 in.)	
В	72 mm (2.8 in.)	
С	40 mm radius (1.6 in. radius)	
D	9 mm (0.4 in.)	
E	4 mm (0.2 in.)	
F	20 mm (0.79 in.)	
G	20 mm dia. (0.79 in. dia.)	
Н	68 mm dia. (2.7 in. dia.)	
I	59.80 to 59.90 mm dia. (2.355 to 2.358 in. dia.)	
J	64.80 to 64.90 mm dia. (2.552 to 2.555 in. dia.)	

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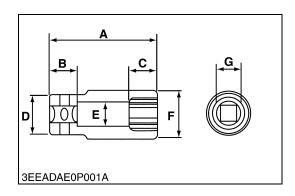
Socket Wrench for Crank Pulley Nut (46 mm Deep Socket Wrench)

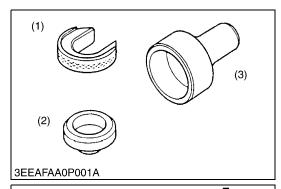
Application

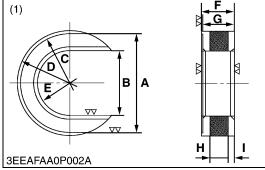
• To loosen and tighten the mounting nut of fan drive pulley.

Α	100 mm (3.94 in.)
В	25.0 mm (0.984 in.)
С	27.0 mm (1.06 in.)
D	45.0 mm dia. (1.77 in. dia.)
E	35.0 mm dia. (1.38 in. dia.)
F	62.5 mm dia. (2.46 in. dia.)
G	46.0 mm (1.81 in.)

M0000003GEG0062US1







Auxiliary Socket for Fixing Crankshaft Sleeve

Application

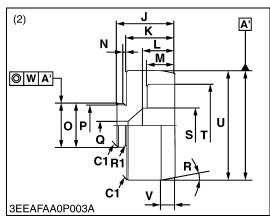
• To fix the crankshaft sleeve of the diesel engine.

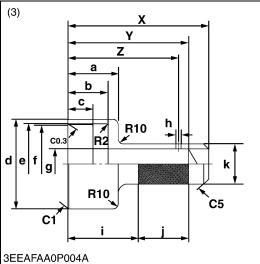
Α	80.0 mm (3.15 in.)	
В	60.10 to 60.30 mm (2.367 to 2.374 in.)	
С	C 80.0 mm dia. (3.15 in. dia.)	
D	85.0 mm dia. (3.35 in. dia.)	
E	60.10 to 60.30 mm dia. (2.367 to 2.374 in. dia.)	
F	26.30 to 26.40 mm (1.036 to 1.039 in.)	
G	25.85 to 25.90 mm (1.018 to 1.019 in.)	
Н	15.0 mm (0.591 in.)	
I	5.0 mm (0.20 in.)	

- (1) Stopper(2) Sleeve Guide
- (3) Auxiliary Socket for Pushing

(To be continued)

(Continued)





Application

• To fix the crankshaft sleeve of the diesel engine.

10 117	the drankshalt sieeve of the dieser engine.
J	42.0 mm (1.65 in.)
K	30.50 to 30.60 mm (1.201 to 1.204 in.)
L	23.0 mm (0.906 in.)
М	20.0 mm (0.787 in.)
N	2.0 mm (0.079 in.)
0	31.911 to 31.950 mm dia. (1.2564 to 1.2578 in. dia.)
Р	30.0 mm dia. (1.18 in. dia.)
Q	5.0 mm dia. (0.20 in. dia.)
R	0.09 rad (5 °)
S	25.0 mm dia. (0.984 in. dia.)
Т	60.0 mm dia. (2.36 in. dia.)
U	79.80 to 79.85 mm dia. (3.142 to 3.143 in. dia.)
٧	10.0 mm (0.394 in.)
W	0.04 mm dia. (0.002 in. dia.)
Х	140 mm (5.51 in.)
Υ	120 mm (4.72 in.)
Z	110 mm (4.33 in.)
а	50.0 mm (1.97 in.)
b	39.90 to 40.00 mm (1.571 to 1.574 in.)
С	25.0 mm (0.984 in.)
d	90.0 mm dia. (3.54 in. dia.)
е	81.0 mm dia. (3.19 in. dia.)
f	80.10 to 80.15 mm dia. (3.154 to 3.155 in. dia.)
g	30.0 mm dia. (1.18 in. dia.)
h	5.0 mm dia. (0.20 in. dia.)
i	70.0 mm (2.76 in.)
j	50.0 mm (1.97 in.)
k	40.0 mm dia. (1.57 in. dia.)
C1	Chamfer 1.0 mm (0.039 in.)
C5	Chamfer 5.0 mm (0.20 in.)
C0.3	Chamfer 0.3 mm (0.01 in.)
R1	1.0 mm radius (0.039 in. radius)
R2	2.0 mm radius (0.079 in. radius)
R10	10.0 mm radius (0.394 in. radius)

(2) Sleeve Guide

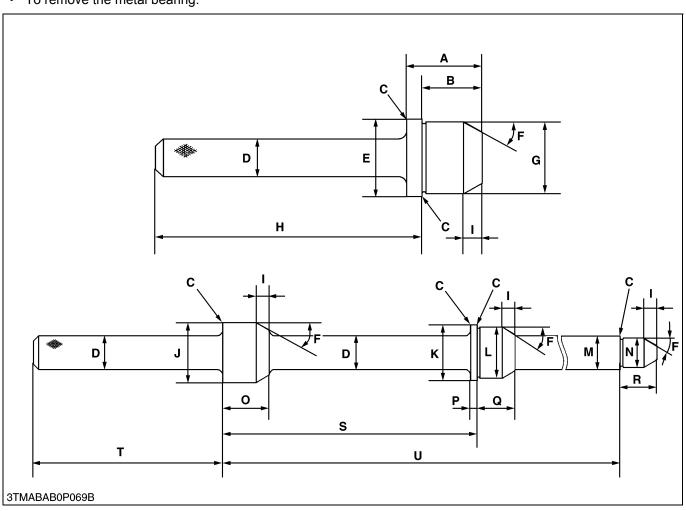
(3) Auxiliary Socket for Pushing

M00000003GEG0063US1

Balancer Metal Replacing Tool (for Removing)

Application

• To remove the metal bearing.



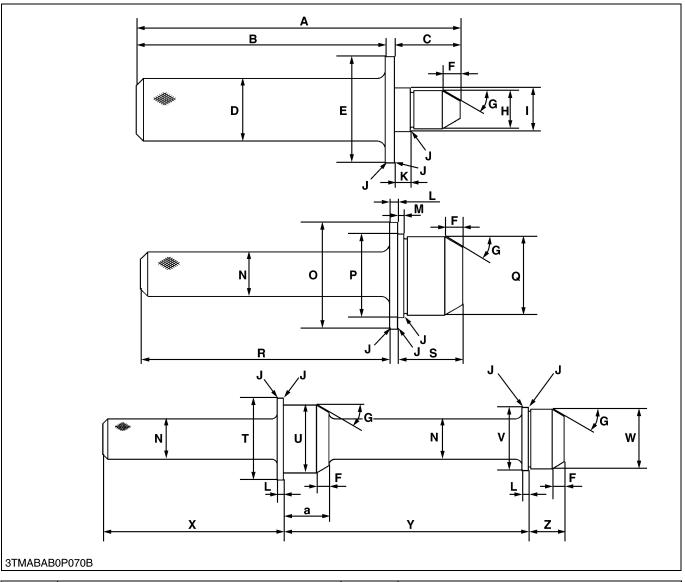
Α	41 mm (1.6 in.)	L	41.934 to 41.950 mm dia. (1.6510 to 1.6515 in. dia.)
В	32.5 mm (1.28 in.)	M	24.959 to 24.980 mm dia. (0.98264 to 0.98346 in. dia.)
С	Chamfer 0.3 mm (0.01 in.)	N	21.947 to 21.960 mm dia. (0.86406 to 0.86456 in. dia.)
D	25 mm dia. (0.98 in. dia.)	0	36 mm (1.4 in.)
E	46.950 to 46.975 mm dia. (1.8485 to 1.8494 in. dia.)	Р	5 mm (0.2 in.)
F	0.52 rad (30 °)	Q	29.0 mm (1.14 in.)
G	43.934 to 43.950 mm dia. (1.7297 to 1.7303 in. dia.)	R	28.0 mm (1.10 in.)
Н	148.5 mm (5.846 in.)	S	195.25 to 195.75 mm (7.6870 to 7.7066 in.)
ı	10 mm (0.39 in.)	Т	145 mm (5.71 in.)
J	46.50 to 46.75 mm dia. (1.831 to 1.840 in. dia.)	U	384.75 to 385.25 mm (15.148 to 15.167 in.)
K	44.950 to 44.975 mm dia. (1.7697 to 1.7706 in. dia.)		

M00000003GEG0064US1

Balancer Metal Replacing Tool (for Fitting)

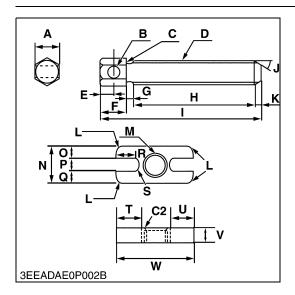
Application

• To press fit the metal bearing.



Α	182 mm (7.17 in.)	0	60 mm dia. (2.4 in. dia.)
В	140 mm (5.51 in.)	Р	46.950 to 46.975 mm dia. (1.8485 to 1.8494 in. dia.)
С	37 mm (1.5 in.)	Q	43.934 to 43.950 mm dia. (1.7297 to 1.7303 in. dia.)
D	35 mm dia. (1.4 in. dia.)	R	140 mm (5.51 in.)
E	60 mm dia. (2.4 in. dia.)	S	36 mm (1.4 in.)
F	10 mm (0.39 in.)	Т	60 mm dia. (2.4 in. dia.)
G	0.52 rad (30 °)	U	46.950 to 46.975 mm dia. (1.8485 to 1.8494 in. dia.)
Н	21.947 to 21.960 mm dia. (0.86406 to 0.86456 in. dia.)	V	44.950 to 44.975 mm dia. (1.7697 to 1.7706 in. dia.)
ı	24.959 to 24.980 mm dia. (0.98264 to 0.98346 in. dia.)	w	41.934 to 41.950 mm dia. (1.6510 to 1.6515 in. dia.)
J	Chamfer 0.3 mm (0.01 in.)	Х	145 mm (5.71 in.)
К	8.8 to 9.2 mm (0.35 to 0.36 in.)	Y	195.25 to 195.75 mm (7.6870 to 7.7066 in.)
L	5 mm (0.2 in.)	Z	29 mm (1.1 in.)
М	3.3 to 3.7 mm (0.13 to 0.14 in.)	а	36 mm (1.4 in.)
N	25 mm dia. (0.98 in. dia.)		

M0000003GEG0065US1



Idle Gear 2 Puller

Application

• To remove the idle gear 2 from the shaft.

Α	24 mm (0.94 in.)
В	10 mm dia. (0.39 in. dia.)
С	0.5 mm radius (0.02 in. radius)
D	M20 × Pitch 2.0
E	10 mm (0.39 in.)
F	20 mm (0.79 in.)
G	5 mm (0.2 in.)
Н	95 mm (3.7 in.)
I	125 mm (4.92 in.)
J	0.87 rad (50 °)
K	5 mm (0.2 in.)
L	60 mm radius (2.4 in. radius)
М	M20 × Pitch 2.0
N	30 mm (1.2 in.)
0	10 mm (0.39 in.)
Р	10 mm (0.39 in.)
Q	10 mm (0.39 in.)
R	35.5 mm (1.40 in.)
S	4.5 mm radius (0.18 in. radius)
Т	40 mm (1.6 in.)
U	40 mm (1.6 in.)
V	12 mm (0.47 in.)
W	120 mm (4.72 in.)
C2	Chamfer 2.0 mm (0.079 in.)

M00000003GEG0066US1

1 ENGINE

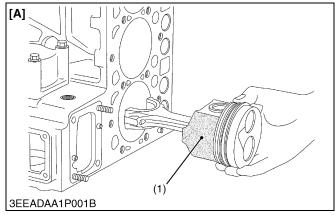
MECHANISM

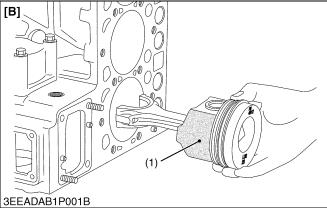
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1. ENGINE BODY

[1] PISTON





The piston skirt has a layer of **molybdenum disulfide** \star , which decreases the piston slap noise and thus the all the engine noise.

★ Molybdenum disulfide (MoS₂)

The molybdenum disulfide (1) is a solid lubricant, like Graphite or Teflon. This material helps not to wear the metal even with little lube oil.

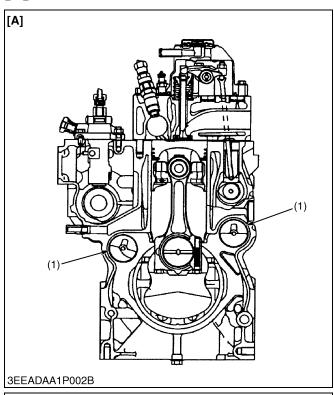
(1) Molybdenum Disulfide

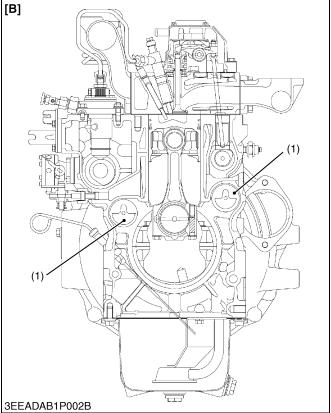
[A] D1503-M, D1703-M,
D1803-M, V2003-M,
V2203-M, V2403-M,
V2403-M-T, D1703-M-BG,
V2003-M-BG,
V2003-M-T-BG,
V2203-M-BG, V2403-M-BG

[B] D1803-M-DI, V2403-M-DI, V2403-M-DI-T

M00000003ENM0001US1

[2] BUILT-IN DYNAMIC BALANCER (BALANCER MODEL ONLY)





The engine causes vibration because of the reciprocation of the piston. This 3-cylinder engine is much less possible to cause vibration than a 4-cylinder one (second inertia, etc.). But all engines have many parts that moves and thus cannot be fully free from vibration.

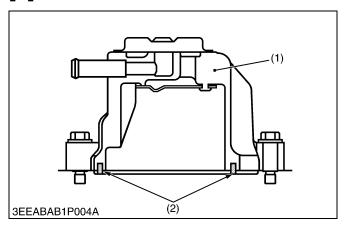
The 4-cylinder engine can attach the balance weight on the crankcase to absorb the second inertia and decrease vibration.

This engine has 2 balancers internally (1), one at the suction side and the other at the exhaust side.

- (1) Balancer
- [A] V2003-M, V2203-M, V2403-M, V2403-M-T
- [B] V2403-M-DI, V2403-M-DI-T

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[3] HALF-FLOATING HEAD COVER

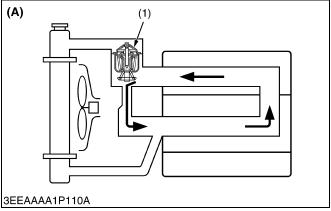


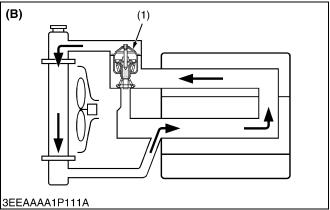
The rubber packing is attached to keep the cylinder head cover approximately 0.5 mm (0.02 in.) off the cylinder head. This decreases the noise from the cylinder head.

- (1) Cylinder Head Cover
- (2) Rubber Packing

M00000003ENM0003US1

2. COOLING SYSTEM [1] BOTTOM BYPASS SYSTEM





The 03-M Series have a bottom bypass system to enhance the cooling performance.

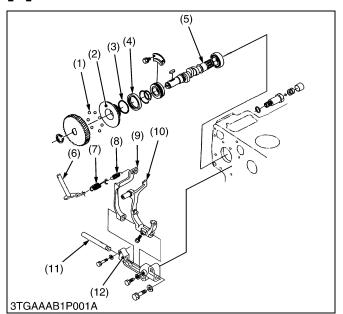
When the temperature of the coolant in the engine is low, the thermostat (1) stays closed. This lets the coolant flow through the bypass pipe and around the engine.

When the temperature is more than the thermostat valve opening level, the thermostat (1) opens up fully. The hot coolant cannot flow through the bypass into the engine and can flow into the radiator all. Thus, the radiator can decrease the temperature of the coolant more easily.

- (1) Thermostat
- (A) Bypass Opened
- (B) Bypass Closed

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3. FUEL SYSTEM [1] GOVERNOR

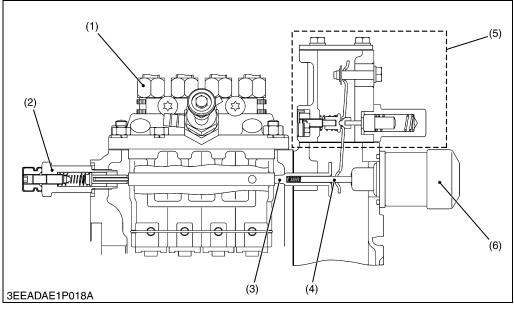


The governor refers to the load changes to adjust the fuel quantity supplied to the engine automatically. This make sure that the engine speed stays constant. This engine uses an all-speed governor that controls the centrifugal force of the steel ball (1) weight. The fuel camshaft (5) turns and makes this centrifugal force, which balances the tension of the governor spring 1 (7) and 2 (8).

- (1) Steel Ball
- (2) Governor Sleeve
- (3) Steel Ball
- (4) Governor Ball Case
- (5) Fuel Camshaft
- (6) Governor Lever
- (7) Governor Spring 1
- (8) Governor Spring 2
- (9) Fork Lever 2
- (10) Fork Lever 1
- (11) Fork Lever Shaft
- (12) Fork Lever Holder

M00000003ENM0005US1

[2] SMOKE REDUCTION DEVICE (S.R.D.)

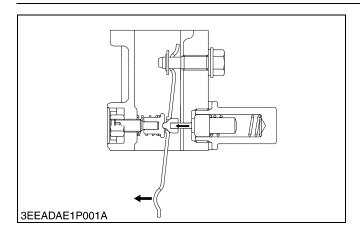


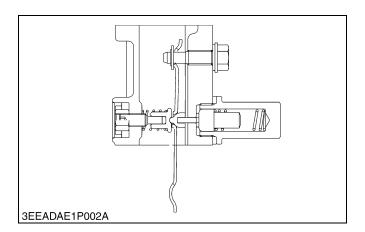
- (1) Injection Pump Assembly
- (2) Hi-Idling Body
- (3) Stop Solenoid Guide
- (4) Plunger
- 5) Smoke Reduction Device
- (6) Stop Solenoid

This Smoke Reduction Device is to reduce the generation of smoke on start up in normal operating temperature as well as on sharp acceleration. As this adjustment is performed and sealed before the fuel limitation is set, the adjustment in the field cannot be performed without a dynamometer.

This Smoke Reduction Device is installed instead of the manual stop lever on the gear case. Especially on removal of the fuel injection pump, the procedure in the workshop manual should be followed.

M00000003ENM0006US1





In Normal Operating Temperature

On start up of the engine, the rack of the fuel injection pump is pushed into the position by the start spring where the amount of injection comes to maximum.

The start up of the engine in this condition makes the fuel injected more than it requires on starting up in normal operating temperature, and smoke is generated.

The thermostat of the Smoke Reduction Device is activated on starting up of the engine in normal operating temperature, and then excessive injection of fuel is controlled.

On sharp acceleration in normal operating temperature, the lever acts as a damper, and the rack of the fuel injection pump moderately moves to the direction where the amount of injected fuel increases, and the amount of smoke during acceleration is reduced.

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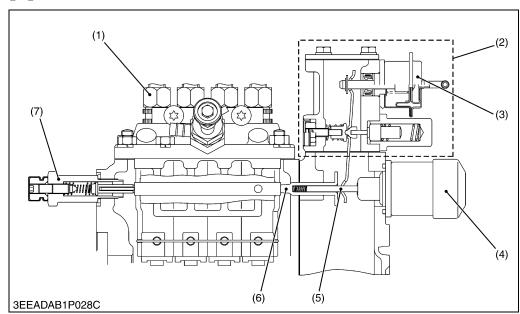
In Low Temperature

Low temperature starting is secured because Smoke Reduction Device is disabled on starting up the engine in low temperature, and the rack of the fuel injection pump is pushed into the position of the maximum amount of injected fuel by the start spring.

M0000003ENM0008US1

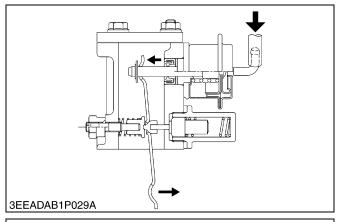
4. TURBOCHARGER SYSTEM

[1] BOOST COMPENSATOR



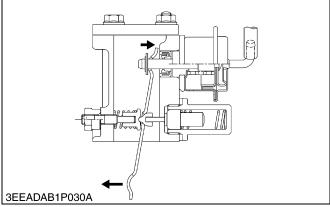
- (1) Injection Pump Assembly
- (2) Boost Compensator Assembly
- 3) Actuator
- (4) Stop Solenoid
- (5) Plunger
- (6) Stop Solenoid Guide
- (7) Hi-Idling Body

M00000003ENM0009US1



Fuel supply increases when boost pressure increases to make sure that the turbocharger gives sufficient power to the engine.

M0000003ENM0010US1



When the boost pressure drops, fuel supply decreases to decrease black emission.

The system can decrease the emission in low boost pressures at quick speed-up or start-up.

M00000003ENM0011US1

SERVICING

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	(6) Oil Pump	.1-S99
	(7) Starter	.1-S99
	(8) Alternator	I-S102

1. TROUBLESHOOTING

[1] ENGINE BODY

Symptom	Probable Cause	Solution	Reference Page
The engine does not	No fuel	Fill up the fuel	G-12
start	Air in the fuel system	Bleed the air	G-12
	Water in the fuel system	Change the fuel and repair or replace the fuel system	_
	The fuel hose is clogged	Clean or replace	G-12
	The fuel filter is clogged	Replace	G-21
	The viscosity of fuel or engine oil at low temperature is too high	Use the specified fuel or engine oil	I-4, G-10
	The cetane number of fuel is low	Use the specified fuel	I-4
	Fuel leakage because of loose injection pipe retaining nut	Tighten the retaining nut	1-S48
	Incorrect injection timing	Adjust	1-S28, 1-S30
	The fuel camshaft is worn out	Replace	1-S63
	The injection nozzle is clogged	Clean or replace (IDI)	1-S34, 1-S35, 1-S36, 1-S49
		Repair or replace (DI)	1-S34, 1-S35, 1-S49
	The injection pump is defective	Repair or replace	1-S31, 1-S32, 1-S33, 1-S54, 1-S55, 1-S56
	Seizure of the crankshaft, camshaft, piston, cylinder or bearing	Repair or replace	1-S62, 1-S63, 1-S64, 1-S65, 1-S66, 1-S68, 1-S92, 1-S93, 1-S94, 1-S95, 1-S96, 1-S97, 1-S98
	Compression leakage from the cylinder	Replace the head gasket, tighten the cylinder head screw, glow plug and nozzle holder	1-S48, 1-S49, 1-S50, 1-S51

Symptom	Probable Cause	Solution	Reference Page
The engine does not start	Incorrect valve timing	Correct or replace the timing gear	1-S61, 1-S62
	Piston ring and cylinder are worn out	Replace	1-S22, 1-S23, 1-S65, 1-S66, 1-S67, 1-S68, 1-S90, 1-S91, 1-S97
	Incorrect valve clearance	Adjust	1-S24
	The solenoid is defective	Replace	1-S40, 1-S54, 1-S55, 1-S56
The starter does not	Discharged battery	Charge	G-24, G-25
operate	Starter is defective	Repair or replace	1-S38, 1-S47, 1-S72, 1-S99, 1-S100, 1-S101, 1-S102
	The key switch is defective	Replace	_
	The connection of the wires is incorrect	Connect	_

Symptom	Probable Cause	Solution	Reference Page
The engine revolution	The fuel filter is clogged or dirty	Replace	G-21
is not smooth	The air cleaner is clogged	Clean or replace	G-13, G-20, G-25
	Fuel leakage because of loose injection pipe retaining nut	Tighten the retaining nut	1-S48
	The injection pump is defective	Repair or replace	1-S31, 1-S32, 1-S33, 1-S54, 1-S55, 1-S56
	The nozzle injection pressure is incorrect	Adjust (IDI)	1-S34, 1-S49
		Repair or replace (DI)	1-S35, 1-S49
	The injection nozzle is clogged	Repair or replace	1-S34, 1-S35, 1-S49
	The governor is defective	Repair	1-S57, 1-S63
	The turbocharger bearing is worn out	Replace the turbocharger assembly	1-S47
	The turbocharger shaft is bent	Replace the turbocharger assembly	1-S47
	The turbocharger fin or other part has a damage because of unwanted materials	Replace the turbocharger assembly	1-S47
The exhaust gas is white or blue	Too much engine oil	Reduce it to the specified level	G-8
	The piston ring and cylinder is worn out or the piston ring cannot move	Repair or replace	1-S22, 1-S23, 1-S65, 1-S66, 1-S67, 1-S68, 1-S90, 1-S91, 1-S97
	The injection timing is incorrect	Adjust	1-S28, 1-S30
There is oil leakage	The oil pipe is clogged or has a damage	Repair or replace	1-S47
into the exhaust pipe or suction pipe	The piston ring seal of the turbocharger is defective	Replace the turbocharger assembly	1-S47

Symptom	Probable Cause	Solution	Reference Page
The exhaust gas is	Overload	Decrease the load	_
black or dark gray	The grade of the fuel is low	Use the specified fuel	I-4
	The fuel filter is clogged	Replace	G-21
	The air cleaner is clogged	Clean or replace	G-13, G-20, G-25
	The injection nozzle is defective	Repair or replace the nozzle	1-S34, 1-S35, 1-S49
The output is deficient	The injection timing is incorrect	Adjust	1-S28, 1-S30
	The moving parts of engine have a seizure	Repair or replace	_
	The injection pump is defective	Repair or replace	1-S31, 1-S32, 1-S33, 1-S54, 1-S55, 1-S56
	The injection nozzle is defective	Repair or replace the nozzle	1-S34, 1-S35, 1-S36, 1-S49
	There is compression leakage	Examine the compression pressure and repair	1-S22, 1-S23
	There is a gas leakage from the exhaust system	Repair or replace	1-S40, 1-S47
	There is an air leakage from the compressor discharge side	Repair or replace	1-S40, 1-S47
	The air cleaner is dirty or clogged	Clean or replace	G-13, G-20, G-25
	The turbocharger compressor wheel turns incorrectly	Replace the turbocharger assembly	1-S47

Symptom	Probable Cause	Solution	Reference Page
The lubricant oil consumption is too	The gap of the piston ring points to the same direction	Move the ring gap direction	1-S65, 1-S66
much	The oil ring is worn out or cannot move	Replace	1-S67, 1-S68, 1-S90, 1-S91
	The piston ring groove is worn out	Replace the piston	1-S67, 1-S68, 1-S91
	The valve stem and valve guide are worn out	Replace	1-S53, 1-S77
	The crankshaft bearing and the crankpin bearing is worn out	Replace	1-S65, 1-S66, 1-S71, 1-S93, 1-S94, 1-S95,
	There is an oil leakage because of the seal or packing is defective	Replace	_
The fuel is mixed into the lubricant oil	The plunger of the injection pump is worn out	Repair or replace	1-S31, 1-S32, 1-S33, 1-S54, 1-S55, 1-S56
	The injection nozzle is defective	Repair or replace the nozzle	1-S34, 1-S35, 1-S36, 1-S49
	The injection pump is defective	Replace	1-S54, 1-S55, 1-S56
Water is mixed into	The head gasket is defective	Replace	1-S51
the lubricant oil	The cylinder block or cylinder head is defective	Replace	1-S51, 1-S75

Symptom	Probable Cause	Solution	Reference Page
The oil pressure is	The engine oil is not sufficient	Fill up again	G-8
low	The oil strainer is clogged	Clean	1-S64
	The relief valve does not operate with dirt	Clean	_
	The relief valve spring is weak or defective	Replace	-
	The oil clearance of the crankshaft bearing is too much	Replace	1-S70, 1-S94, 1-S95
	The oil clearance of the crankpin bearing is too much	Replace	1-S65, 1-S66, 1-S93
	The oil clearance of the rocker arm is too much	Replace	1-S50, 1-S81
	The oil passage is clogged	Clean	-
	The type of oil used is incorrect	Use the specified type of oil	I-4, G-10
	The oil pump is defective	Replace	1-S25, 1-S63, 1-S99
The oil pressure is high	The type of oil used is incorrect	Use the specified type of oil	I-4, G-10
	The relief valve is defective	Replace	-
The engine is	The engine oil is not sufficient	Fill up again	G-10
overheated	The fan belt is broken or the fan belt tension is too loose	Replace or adjust	G-14, G-23
	The coolant is not sufficient	Fill up again	G-9
	The radiator net and the radiator fin are clogged with dust	Clean	-
	There is corrosion in the inner side of the radiator	Clean or replace	G-22
	There is corrosion in the coolant flow route	Clean or replace	G-22, G-23
	The radiator cap is defective	Replace	1-S26
	The load is too much	Reduce the load	-
	The head gasket is defective	Replace	1-S51
	The injection timing is incorrect	Adjust	1-S28, 1-S30
	The fuel used is incorrect	Use the specified fuel	I-4

Symptom	Probable Cause	Solution	Reference Page
The battery is discharged quickly	The battery electrolyte is not sufficient	Fill in distilled water and charge	G-13, G-24
	The fan belt slips	Adjust belt tension or replace	G-13, G-14, G-23
	The wires connection is incorrect	Connect again	-
	The rectifier is defective	Replace	1-S73, 1-S104
	The alternator is defective	Replace	1-S73, 1-S102, 1-S103, 1-S104
	The battery is defective	Replace	_

M00000003ENS0001US1

[2] ELECTRONIC GOVERNOR

IMPORTANT

• The engine trouble divides into an electronic governor, the main body of the engine, and the operating constancy.

This manual describes it concerning the check of an electronic governor.

Refer to WSM of engine and operator's manual if you cannot find trouble related to an electronic governor by checking an electronic governor.

M00000003ENS0002US1

Engine will not start.

Cause	Corrections	Refer to Checking
Starter Operating but Not Cranking the Engine	Examine operation of the solenoid	Solenoid
	Examine harness of the solenoid	Solenoid
	Examine harness of the glow plug	Glow plug
Starter Does Not Operate	Examine emergency stop switch	Emergency stop switch

M00000003ENS0003US1

Engine stopped automatically. Engine can be started again and stops again 10 seconds later.

Cause	Corrections	Refer to Checking
Trouble in the electronic governor composition parts	Examine blinking pattern of the glow lamp (1)	Signal pattern sheet
	SEEAAABiP032A	(1) Glow Lamp

M00000003ENS0004US1

Engine speed cannot be controlled.

Cause	Corrections	Refer to Checking
Engine speed does not increase /	Examine slow down switch	Slow down switch
decrease	Examine speed switch	Speed switch
	Examine operation of the solenoid	Solenoid
	Examine harness of speed sensor	Harness
Engine runs rough	Examine operation of the solenoid	Solenoid
	Examine harness of speed sensor	Harness

M00000003ENS0005US1

Blinking Pattern of Glow Lamp	Cause	Refer to Checking
(1-Long and 1-Short)	Overrunning (more than 115 %)	Solenoid
3EEAAAB1P005A		
(1-Long and 2-Short)	Low oil pressure	Oil sensor
— – –		
3EEAAAB1P006A		
(1-Long and 3-Short)	Defect of alternator	Alternator
3EEAAAB1P007A		
(1-Long and 4-Short)	Coolant temperature is abnormal	Water temperature sensor
3EEAAAB1P008A		
(1-Long and 5-Short)	Emergency stop switch operated	Emergency stop switch
	operated	
3EEAAAB1P009A		
(2-Long and 1-Short)	Abnormality of speed sensor	Speed sensor
3EEAAAB1P010A		
(2-Long and 2-Short)	Solenoid malfunction	Solenoid
3EEAAAB1P011A		
(2-Long and 4-Short)	Disconnection of water temperature sensor	Water temperature sensor
3EEAAAB1P012A		
(2-Long and 5-Short)	Short circuit of water	Water temperature sensor
	temperature sensor	
3EEAAAB1P013A		
(2-Long and 6-Short)	Disconnection of alternator L Terminal	Alternator L Terminal
3EEAAAB1P014A		

M00000003ENS0006US1

2. SERVICING SPECIFICATIONS

ENGINE BODY

Item		Factory Specification	Allowable Limit
Valve Clearance (When Cold)		0.18 to 0.22 mm 0.0071 to 0.0086 in.	_
Compression Pressure (When You Crank the Engine with the Starter) [D1503-M, D1703-M, D1803-M, V2003-M, V2203-M, V2403-M, V2403-M-T, D1703-M-BG, V2003-M-BG, V2003-M-T-BG, V2203-M-BG, V2403-M-BG]		3.24 to 3.72 MPa / 290 min ⁻¹ (rpm) 33.0 to 38.0 kgf/cm ² / 290 min ⁻¹ (rpm) 470 to 540 psi / 290 min ⁻¹ (rpm)	2.55 MPa / 290 min ⁻¹ (rpm) 26.0 kgf/cm ² / 290 min ⁻¹ (rpm) 370 psi / 290 min ⁻¹ (rpm)
Compression Pressure (When You Crank the Engine with the Starter) [D1803-M-DI, V2403-M-DI, V2403-M-DI-T]		2.95 to 3.23 MPa / 290 min ⁻¹ (rpm) 30.0 to 33.0 kgf/cm ² / 290 min ⁻¹ (rpm) 427 to 469 psi / 290 min ⁻¹ (rpm)	2.35 MPa / 290 min ⁻¹ (rpm) 24.0 kgf/cm ² / 290 min ⁻¹ (rpm) 341 psi / 290 min ⁻¹ (rpm)
Difference among Cylinders		_	10 % or less
Top Clearance [D1503-M, D1703-M, D1803-M, V2003-M, V V2403-M-T, D1703-M-BG, V2003-M-BG, V2 V2203-M-BG, V2403-M-BG]		0.575 to 0.675 mm 0.0227 to 0.0265 in.	_
Top Clearance [D1803-M-DI, V2403-M-DI-T]		0.60 to 0.70 mm 0.024 to 0.027 in.	_
Cylinder Head Surface	Flatness	_	0.05 mm / 500 mm 0.002 in. / 19.7 in.
Valve Recessing (Protrusion to Recessing) [D1503-M, D1703-M, D1803-M, V2003-M, V2203-M, V2403-M, V2403-M-T, D1703-M-BG, V2003-M-BG, V2003-M-T-BG, V2203-M-BG, V2403-M-BG]	Protrusion Recessing	0.05 mm 0.002 in. 0.15 mm 0.0059 in.	0.40 mm 0.016 in.
Valve Recessing [D1803-M-DI, V2403-M-DI-T]	Recessing	0.65 to 0.85 mm 0.026 to 0.033 in.	1.20 mm 0.0472 in.
Valve Stem to Valve Guide	Clearance	0.040 to 0.070 mm 0.0016 to 0.0027 in.	0.10 mm 0.0039 in.
Valve Stem	O.D.	7.960 to 7.975 mm 0.3134 to 0.3139 in.	_
Valve Guide	I.D.	8.015 to 8.030 mm 0.3156 to 0.3161 in.	_
Valve Face [D1503-M, D1703-M, D1803-M, V2003-M, V2203-M, V2403-M, V2403-M-T, D1703-M-BG, V2003-M-BG, V2003-M-T-BG, V2203-M-BG, V2403-M-BG]	Angle (Intake) Angle (Exhaust)	1.0 rad 60 ° 0.79 rad 45 °	-
Valve Face [D1803-M-DI, V2403-M-DI-T]	Angle (Intake)	0.79 rad 45 °	-
	Angle (Exhaust)	0.79 rad 45 °	_

Item		Factory Specification	Allowable Limit
Valve Seat	Width (Intake)	2.12 mm 0.0835 in.	-
	Width (Exhaust)	2.12 mm 0.0835 in.	-
Valve Seat [D1503-M, D1703-M, D1803-M, V2003-M, V2203-M, V2403-M, V2403-M-T,	Angle (Intake)	1.0 rad 60 °	-
D1703-M-BG, V2003-M-BG, V2003-M-T-BG, V2203-M-BG, V2403-M-BG]	Angle (Exhaust)	0.79 rad 45 °	-
Valve Seat [D1803-M-DI, V2403-M-DI-T]	Angle (Intake)	0.79 rad 45 °	-
	Angle (Exhaust)	0.79 rad 45°	-
Valve Timing (Intake Valve) [D1503-M, D1703-M-BG]	Open	0.1 rad (8 °) before T.D.C.	-
	Close	0.35 rad (20 °) after B.D.C.	-
Valve Timing (Intake Valve) [D1703-M, D1803-M, V2003-M, V2203-M, V2403-M, V2403-M-DI-T, V2003-M-BG,	Open	0.21 rad (12 °) before T.D.C.	-
V2203-M-BG, V2403-M-BG]	Close	0.63 rad (36 °) after B.D.C.	_
Valve Timing (Intake Valve) [V2403-M-T, V2003-M-T-BG]	Open	0.35 rad (20 °) before T.D.C.	-
	Close	0.79 rad (45 °) after B.D.C.	-
Valve Timing (Intake Valve) [D1803-M-DI, V2403-M-DI]	Open	0.2 rad (9 °) before T.D.C.	-
	Close	0.68 rad (39 °) after B.D.C.	_
Valve Timing (Exhaust Valve) [D1503-M, V2003-M]	Open	1.0 rad (60 °) before B.D.C.	-
	Close	0.21 rad (12 °) after T.D.C.	_
Valve Timing (Exhaust Valve) [D1703-M, D1803-M, V2203-M, V2403-M, V2403-M-BG]	Open	0.99 rad (57 °) before B.D.C.	_
-	Close	0.21 rad (12 °) after T.D.C.	-
Valve Timing (Exhaust Valve) [V2403-M-T, V2403-M-DI-T, D1703-M-BG, V2003-M-BG]	Open	0.87 rad (50 °) before B.D.C.	_
,	Close	0 rad (0 °) after T.D.C.	_

Item		Factory Specification	Allowable Limit
Valve Timing (Exhaust Valve) [D1803-M-DI, V2403-M-DI]	Open	0.72 rad (41 °) before B.D.C.	-
	Close	0.2 rad (9 °) after T.D.C.	-
Valve Timing (Exhaust Valve) [V2003-M-T-BG]	Open	0.96 rad (55 °) before B.D.C.	-
	Close	0.24 rad (14 °) after T.D.C.	-
Valve Spring	Free Length	41.7 to 42.2 mm 1.65 to 1.66 in.	41.2 mm 1.62 in.
	Setting Load / Setting Length	118 N / 35.0 mm 12.0 kgf / 35.0 mm 26.5 lbf / 1.38 in.	100 N / 35.0 mm 10.2 kgf / 35.0 mm 22.5 lbf /1.38 in.
	Tilt	_	1.0 mm 0.039 in.
Rocker Arm Shaft to Rocker Arm	Oil Clearance	0.016 to 0.045 mm 0.00063 to 0.0017 in.	0.10 mm 0.0039 in.
Rocker Arm Shaft	O.D.	13.973 to 13.984 mm 0.55012 to 0.55055 in.	-
Rocker Arm	I.D.	14.000 to 14.018 mm 0.55119 to 0.55188 in.	-
Push Rod	Bend	_	0.25 mm 0.0098 in.
Tappet to Tappet Guide	Oil Clearance	0.020 to 0.062 mm 0.00079 to 0.0024 in.	0.07 mm 0.003 in.
Tappet	O.D.	23.959 to 23.980 mm 0.94327 to 0.94409 in.	_
Tappet Guide	I.D.	24.000 to 24.021 mm 0.94489 to 0.94570 in.	-

ltem		Factory Specification	Allowable Limit
Timing Gear			
Crank Gear to Idle Gear	Backlash	0.04150 to 0.1122 mm 0.001634 to 0.004417 in.	0.15 mm 0.0059 in.
Idle Gear to Cam Gear	Backlash	0.04150 to 0.1154 mm 0.001634 to 0.004543 in.	0.15 mm 0.0059 in.
Idle Gear to Injection Pump Gear	Backlash	0.04150 to 0.1154 mm 0.001634 to 0.004543 in.	0.15 mm 0.0059 in.
Crank Gear to Oil Pump Gear	Backlash	0.04150 to 0.1090 mm 0.001634 to 0.004291 in.	0.15 mm 0.0059 in.
Idle Gear to Balancer Gear (Balancer Model Only)	Backlash	0.03500 to 0.1160 mm 0.001378 to 0.004566 in.	0.15 mm 0.0059 in.
Cam Gear to Balancer Gear (Balancer Model Only)	Backlash	0.03500 to 0.1160 mm 0.001378 to 0.004566 in.	0.15 mm 0.0059 in.
Crank Gear to Idle Gear 2 (Side PTO Model Only)	Backlash	0.04150 to 0.1154 mm 0.001634 to 0.004543 in.	0.15 mm 0.0059 in.
Idle Gear 2 to Hydraulic Pump Drive Gear (Side PTO Model Only)	Backlash	0.03080 to 0.1062 mm 0.001213 to 0.004181 in.	0.15 mm 0.0059 in.
Idle Gear	Side Clearance	0.12 to 0.48 mm 0.0048 to 0.018 in.	0.9 mm 0.04 in.
Idle Gear Shaft to Idle Gear Bushing	Oil Clearance	0.025 to 0.066 mm 0.00099 to 0.0025 in.	0.10 mm 0.0039 in.
Idle Gear Shaft	O.D.	37.959 to 37.975 mm 1.4945 to 1.4950 in.	-
Idle Gear Bushing	I.D.	38.000 to 38.025 mm 1.4961 to 1.4970 in.	-
Camshaft	Side Clearance	0.070 to 0.22 mm 0.0028 to 0.0086 in.	0.30 mm 0.012 in.
Camshaft	Bend	-	0.01 mm 0.0004 in.
Cam [D1503-M]	Height (Intake)	33.27 mm 1.310 in.	33.22 mm 1.308 in.
	Height (Exhaust)	33.47 mm 1.318 in.	33.42 mm 1.316 in.
Cam [D1703-M, D1803-M, V2203-M, V2403-M, D1803-M-DI, V2403-M-DI, V2403-M-BG]	Height (Intake / Exhaust)	33.90 mm 1.335 in.	33.85 mm 1.333 in.
Cam [V2003-M]	Height (Intake / Exhaust)	33.47 mm 1.318 in.	33.42 mm 1.316 in.
Cam [V2403-M-T]	Height (Intake)	33.90 mm 1.335 in.	33.85 mm 1.333 in.
	Height (Exhaust)	33.27 mm 1.310 in.	33.22 mm 1.308 in.

Item	Item		Allowable Limit
Cam [V2403-M-DI-T]	Height (Intake)	33.47 mm 1.318 in.	33.42 mm 1.316 in.
	Height (Exhaust)	33.00 mm 1.299 in.	32.95 mm 1.297 in.
Cam [D1703-M-BG]	Height (Intake / Exhaust)	33.27 mm 1.310 in.	33.22 mm 1.308 in.
Cam [V2003-M-BG, V2203-M-BG]	Height (Intake)	33.47 mm 1.318 in.	33.42 mm 1.316 in.
	Height (Exhaust)	33.27 mm 1.310 in.	33.22 mm 1.308 in.
Cam [V2003-M-T-BG]	Height (Intake)	33.90 mm 1.335 in.	33.85 mm 1.333 in.
	Height (Exhaust)	33.47 mm 1.318 in.	33.42 mm 1.316 in.
Camshaft Journal to Cylinder Block Bore	Oil Clearance	0.050 to 0.091 mm 0.0020 to 0.0035 in.	0.15 mm 0.0059 in.
Camshaft Journal	O.D.	39.934 to 39.950 mm 1.5722 to 1.5728 in.	_
Cylinder Block Bore	I.D.	40.000 to 40.025 mm 1.5748 to 1.5757 in.	-
Balancer Shaft (Balancer Model Only)	Side Clearance	0.070 to 0.22 mm 0.0028 to 0.0086 in.	0.30 mm 0.012 in.
Balancer Shaft (Balancer Model Only)	Bend	-	0.02 mm 0.0008 in.
Balancer Shaft Journal 1 to Balancer Shaft Bearing 1 (Balancer Model Only)	Oil Clearance	0.0300 to 0.111 mm 0.00119 to 0.00437 in.	0.20 mm 0.0079 in.
Balancer Shaft Journal 1	O.D.	43.934 to 43.950 mm 1.7297 to 1.7303 in.	-
Balancer Shaft Bearing 1	I.D.	43.980 to 44.045 mm 1.7315 to 1.7340 in.	_
Balancer Shaft Journal 2 to Balancer Shaft Bearing 2 (Balancer Model Only)	Oil Clearance	0.0300 to 0.111 mm 0.00119 to 0.00437 in.	0.20 mm 0.0079 in.
Balancer Shaft Journal 2	O.D.	D. 41.934 to 41.950 mm 1.6509 to 1.6515 in.	
Balancer Shaft Bearing 2	I.D.	41.980 to 42.045 mm 1.6528 to 1.6553 in.	_
Balancer Shaft Journal 3 to Balancer Shaft Bearing 3 (Balancer Model Only)	Oil Clearance	0.020 to 0.094 mm 0.00079 to 0.0037 in.	0.20 mm 0.0079 in.
Balancer Shaft Journal 3	O.D.	21.947 to 21.960 mm 0.86406 to 0.86456 in.	_
Balancer Shaft Bearing 3	I.D.	21.980 to 22.041 mm 0.86536 to 0.86775 in.	-

Item		Factory Specification	Allowable Limit
Piston Pin Bore	I.D.	25.000 to 25.013 mm 0.98426 to 0.98476 in.	25.05 mm 0.9862 in.
Top Ring to Ring Groove [D1803-M-DI, V2403-M-DI]	Clearance	0.050 to 0.090 mm 0.0020 to 0.0035 in.	0.20 mm 0.0079 in.
Second Ring to Ring Groove [D1503-M, D1703-M, D1803-M, V2003-M, V2203-M, V2403-M, V2403-M-T, V2403-M-DI-T, D1703-M-BG, V2003-M-BG, V2003-M-T-BG, V2203-M-BG, V2403-M-BG]	Clearance	0.0930 to 0.128 mm 0.00367 to 0.00503 in.	0.20 mm 0.0079 in.
Second Ring to Ring Groove [D1803-M-DI, V2403-M-DI]	Clearance	0.0780 to 0.110 mm 0.00307 to 0.00433 in.	0.20 mm 0.0079 in.
Oil Ring to Ring Groove [D1503-M, D1703-M, D1803-M, V2003-M, V2203-M, V2403-M, V2403-M-T, V2403-M-DI-T, D1703-M-BG, V2003-M-BG, V2003-M-T-BG, V2203-M-BG, V2403-M-BG]	Clearance	0.020 to 0.060 mm 0.00079 to 0.0023 in.	0.15 mm 0.0059 in.
Oil Ring to Ring Groove [D1803-M-DI, V2403-M-DI]	Clearance	0.030 to 0.070 mm 0.0012 to 0.0027 in.	0.15 mm 0.0059 in.
Top Ring [D1503-M, V2003-M, V2403-M-T, D1803-M-DI, V2403-M-DI, V2403-M-DI-T, V2003-M-BG, V2003-M-T-BG]	Ring Gap	0.20 to 0.35 mm 0.0079 to 0.013 in.	1.25 mm 0.0492 in.
Top Ring [D1703-M, D1803-M, V2203-M, V2403-M, D1703-M-BG, V2203-M-BG, V2403-M-BG]	Ring Gap	0.25 to 0.40 mm 0.0099 to 0.015 in.	1.25 mm 0.0492 in.
Second Ring [D1503-M, D1703-M, D1803-M, V2203-M, V2403-M, D1803-M-DI, V2403-M-DI, D1703-M-BG, V2003-M-BG, V2203-M-BG, V2403-M-BG]	Ring Gap	0.30 to 0.45 mm 0.012 to 0.017 in.	1.25 mm 0.0492 in.
Second Ring [V2003-M, V2403-M-T, V2403-M-DI-T, V2003-M-T-BG]	Ring Gap	0.40 to 0.55 mm 0.016 to 0.021 in.	1.25 mm 0.0492 in.
Oil Ring [D1503-M, D1703-M, D1803-M, V2003-M, V2203-M, V2403-M, V2403-M-T, V2403-M-DI-T, D1703-M-BG, V2003-M-BG, V2003-M-T-BG, V2203-M-BG, V2403-M-BG]	Ring Gap	0.25 to 0.45 mm 0.0099 to 0.017 in.	1.25 mm 0.0492 in.
Oil Ring [D1803-M-DI, V2403-M-DI]	Ring Gap	0.20 to 0.40 mm 0.0079 to 0.015 in.	1.25 mm 0.0492 in.
Connecting Rod	Alignment	-	0.05 mm 0.002 in.
Piston Pin to Small End Bushing	Oil Clearance	0.014 to 0.036 mm 0.00056 to 0.0014 in.	0.15 mm 0.0059 in.
Piston Pin	O.D.	25.004 to 25.011 mm 0.98441 to 0.98468 in.	_
Small End Bushing	I.D.	25.025 to 25.040 mm 0.98524 to 0.98582 in.	-

Item		Factory Specification	Allowable Limit
Crankshaft	Bend	-	0.02 mm 0.0008 in.
Crankshaft Journal to Crankshaft Bearing 1	Oil Clearance	0.0400 to 0.118 mm 0.00158 to 0.00464 in.	0.20 mm 0.0079 in.
Crankshaft Journal	O.D.	59.921 to 59.940 mm 2.3591 to 2.3598 in.	-
Crankshaft Bearing 1	I.D.	59.980 to 60.039 mm 2.3615 to 2.3637 in.	-
Crankshaft Journal to Crankshaft Bearing 2	Oil Clearance	0.0400 to 0.104 mm 0.00158 to 0.00409 in.	0.20 mm 0.0079 in.
Crankshaft Journal	O.D.	59.921 to 59.940 mm 2.3591 to 2.3598 in.	-
Crankshaft Bearing 2	I.D.	59.980 to 60.025 mm 2.3615 to 2.3631 in.	-
Crankpin to Crankpin Bearing	Oil Clearance	0.025 to 0.087 mm 0.00099 to 0.0034 in.	0.20 mm 0.0079 in.
Crankpin	O.D.	46.959 to 46.975 mm 1.8488 to 1.8494 in.	-
Crankpin Bearing	I.D.	47.000 to 47.046 mm 1.8504 to 1.8522 in.	-
Crankshaft	Side Clearance	0.15 to 0.31 mm 0.0059 to 0.012 in.	0.5 mm 0.02 in.
Cylinder Bore (Standard) [D1503-M, V2003-M, V2003-M-BG, V2003-M-T-BG]	I.D.	83.000 to 83.022 mm 3.2678 to 3.2685 in.	83.170 mm 3.2744 in.
Cylinder Bore (Standard) [D1703-M, D1803-M, V2203-M, V2403-M, V2403-M-T, D1803-M-DI, V2403-M-DI, V2403-M-DI-T, D1703-M-BG, V2203-M-BG, V2403-M-BG]	I.D.	87.000 to 87.022 mm 3.4252 to 3.4260 in.	87.170 mm 3.4319 in.
Cylinder Bore (Oversize) [D1503-M, V2003-M, V2003-M-BG, V2003-M-T-BG]	I.D.	83.250 to 83.272 mm 3.2776 to 3.2784 in.	83.420 mm 3.2843 in.
Cylinder Bore (Oversize) [D1703-M, D1803-M, V2203-M, V2403-M, V2403-M-T, D1803-M-DI, V2403-M-DI, V2403-M-DI-T, D1703-M-BG, V2203-M-BG, V2403-M-BG]	I.D.	87.250 to 87.272 mm 3.4351 to 3.4359 in.	87.420 mm 3.4417 in.
Cylinder Maximum I.D. to Cylinder Minimum I.D.	Difference	-	0.15 mm 0.0059 in.

LUBRICATING SYSTEM

ltem		Factory Specification	Allowable Limit
Engine Oil Pressure	At Idle Speed	More than 98 kPa 1.0 kgf/cm ² 14 psi	50 kPa 0.5 kgf/cm ² 7 psi
	At Rated Speed	300 to 440 kPa 3.0 to 4.5 kgf/cm ² 43 to 64 psi	250 kPa 2.5 kgf/cm ² 36 psi
Engine Oil Pressure Switch	Working Pressure	50 kPa 0.5 kgf/cm ² 7 psi	-
Inner Rotor to Outer Rotor	Clearance	0.030 to 0.14 mm 0.0012 to 0.0055 in.	0.2 mm 0.008 in.
Outer Rotor to Pump Body	Clearance	0.11 to 0.19 mm 0.0044 to 0.0074 in.	0.25 mm 0.0098 in.
Inner Rotor to Cover	Clearance	0.105 to 0.150 mm 0.00414 to 0.00590 in.	0.20 mm 0.008 in.

COOLING SYSTEM

Item		Factory Specification	Allowable Limit
Fan Belt	Tension	7.0 to 9.0 mm (0.28 to 0.35 in.) deflection at 98 N (10 kgf, 22 lbf) of force	-
Thermostat Valve [D1503-M, D1703-M, D1803-M, V2003-M, V2203-M, V2403-M, V2403-M-T, D1703-M-BG, V2003-M-BG, V2003-M-BG,	Opening- Temperature (When the valve starts to open)	69.5 to 72.5 °C 157.1 to 162.5 °F	_
V2403-M-BG]	Opening- Temperature (When the valve opened completely)	85 °C 185 °F	-
Thermostat Valve [D1803-M-DI, V2403-M-DI-T]	Opening- Temperature (When the valve starts to open)	80.5 to 83.5 °C 176.9 to 182.3 °F	_
	Opening- Temperature (When the valve opened completely)	95 °C 203 °F	-
Radiator	Water Tightness	No leak at specified pressure	-
Radiator Cap	Pressure Decreasing Time	More than 10 seconds for pressure decrease from 90 to 60 kPa from 0.9 to 0.6 kgf/cm ² from 10 to 9 psi	-

FUEL SYSTEM

Item	Factory Specification	Allowable Limit	
Injection Pump [D1503-M, V2003-M-T-BG]	Injection Timing	0.253 to 0.279 rad (14.5 to 16.0 °) before T.D.C.	_
Injection Pump [D1703-M, D1803-M, V2003-M, V2203-M, V2403-M]	Injection Timing	0.271 to 0.296 rad (15.5 to 17.0 °) before T.D.C.	_
Injection Pump [V2403-M-T]	Injection Timing	0.132 to 0.157 rad (7.55 to 9.05 °) before T.D.C.	_
Injection Pump [D1803-M-DI, V2403-M-DI]	Injection Timing	0.0742 to 0.100 rad (4.25 to 5.75 °) before T.D.C.	_
Injection Pump [V2403-M-DI-T]	Injection Timing	0.0829 to 0.109 rad (4.75 to 6.25 °) before T.D.C.	_
Injection Pump [D1703-M-BG, V2003-M-BG, V2203-M-BG, V2403-M-BG]	Injection Timing	0.236 to 0.261 rad (13.5 to 15.0 °) before T.D.C.	_
Pump Element [D1503-M, D1703-M, D1803-M, V2003-M, V2203-M, V2403-M, V2403-M-T, D1703-M-BG, V2003-M-BG, V2003-M-T-BG, V2203-M-BG, V2403-M-BG]	Fuel Tightness	_	13.73 MPa 140.0 kgf/cm ² 1991 psi
Pump Element [D1803-M-DI, V2403-M-DI-T]	Fuel Tightness	_	18.63 MPa 190.0 kgf/cm ² 2702 psi
Delivery Valve [D1503-M, D1703-M, D1803-M, V2003-M, V2203-M, V2403-M, V2403-M-T, D1703-M-BG, V2003-M-BG, V2003-M-T-BG, V2203-M-BG, V2403-M-BG]	Fuel Tightness	10 seconds 13.73 → 12.75 MPa 140.0 → 130.0 kgf/cm ² 1991 → 1849 psi	5 seconds 13.73 → 12.75 MPa 140.0 → 130.0 kgf/cm ² 1991 → 1849 psi
Delivery Valve [D1803-M-DI, V2403-M-DI-T]	Fuel Tightness	10 seconds 18.63 → 17.65 MPa 190.0 → 180.0 kgf/cm ² 2702 → 2560 psi	5 seconds 18.63 →17.65 MPa 190.0 → 180.0 kgf/cm ² 2702 → 2560 psi
Injection Nozzle [D1503-M, D1703-M, D1803-M, V2003-M, V2203-M, V2403-M, V2403-M-T, D1703-M-BG, V2003-M-BG, V2003-M-T-BG, V2203-M-BG, V2403-M-BG]	Injection Pressure	13.73 to 14.70 MPa 140.0 to 150.0 kgf/cm ² 1992 to 2133 psi	_
Injection Nozzle [D1803-M-DI, V2403-M-DI, V2403-M-DI-T]	Injection Pressure (1st Stage)	18.64 to 20.10 MPa 190.0 to 205.0 kgf/cm ² 2703 to 2915 psi	
Injection Nozzle Valve Seat [D1503-M, D1703-M, D1803-M, V2003-M, V2203-M, V2403-M, V2403-M-T, D1703-M-BG, V2003-M-BG, V2003-M-T-BG, V2203-M-BG, V2403-M-BG]	Valve Seat Tightness	No fuel leak at 12.75 MPa 130.0 kgf/cm ² 1849 psi	-

Item		Factory Specification	Allowable Limit
Injection Nozzle Valve Seat [D1803-M-DI, V2403-M-DI, V2403-M-DI-T]	Valve Seat Tightness	No fuel leak at 16.67 MPa 170.0 kgf/cm ² 2418 psi	_

ELECTRICAL SYSTEM

ELECTRICAL SYSTEM			
Item		Factory Specification	Allowable Limit
Starter	O.D.	30.0 mm 1.18 in.	29.0 mm 1.14 in.
[D1803-M, V2403-M, V2403-M-DI, V2403-M-T, V2403-M-DI-T, V2403-M-BG]	O.D.	35.0 mm 1.38 in.	34.0 mm 1.34 in.
 Mica [D1503-M, D1703-M, D1803-M, V2003-M, V2203-M, V2403-M, V2403-M-T, D1803-M-DI, V2403-M-DI-T, D1703-M-BG, V2003-M-BG, V2003-M-T-BG, V2203-M-BG] 	Undercut	0.45 to 0.75 mm 0.018 to 0.029 in.	0.20 mm 0.0079 in.
• Mica [V2403-M-BG]	Undercut	0.55 to 0.85 mm 0.022 to 0.033 in.	0.20 mm 0.0079 in.
 Brush [D1503-M, D1703-M, V2003-M, V2203-M, D1803-M-DI, D1703-M-BG, V2003-M-BG, V2003-M-T-BG, V2203-M-BG] 	Length	15.0 mm 0.591 in.	11.0 mm 0.433 in.
 Brush [D1803-M, V2403-M, V2403-M-DI, V2403-M-T, V2403-M-DI-T] 	Length	15.0 mm 0.591 in.	9.0 mm 0.35 in.
• Brush [V2403-M-BG]	Length	15.0 mm 0.591 in.	12.0 mm 0.472 in.
Brush Holder and Holder Support	Resistance	Infinity	_
Alternator	No-load voltage	More than 13.5 V	-
• Stator	Resistance	Less than 1.0 Ω	-
• Rotor	Resistance	2.9 Ω	_
Slip Ring	O.D.	14.4 mm 0.567 in.	14.0 mm 0.551 in.
Brush	Length	10.5 mm 0.413 in.	8.4 mm 0.33 in.
Glow Plug	Resistance	Approx. 0.9 Ω	_

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3. TIGHTENING TORQUES

Use a torque wrench to tighten the screws, bolts and nuts to the specified torque. Tighten the screws, bolts and nuts used, such as on the cylinder head in the correct sequence and torque.

M00000003ENS0012US1

[1] TIGHTENING TORQUES OF SCREWS, BOLTS AND NUTS FOR GENERAL USE

If the tightening torque is not specified, refer to the table below for the none specified torques values.

Indication on top of bolt	No-grade or 4T				7 7T	
Indication on top of nut		No-grade or 4T				
Unit	N·m	kgf·m	lbf·ft	N·m	kgf·m	lbf·ft
M6	7.9 to 9.3	0.80 to 0.95	5.8 to 6.8	9.81 to 11.2	1.00 to 1.15	7.24 to 8.31
M8	18 to 20	1.8 to 2.1	13 to 15	24 to 27	2.4 to 2.8	18 to 20
M10	40 to 45	4.0 to 4.6	29 to 33	49 to 55	5.0 to 5.7	37 to 41
M12	63 to 72	6.4 to 7.4	47 to 53	78 to 90	7.9 to 9.2	58 to 66

M00000003ENS0013US1

[2] TIGHTENING TORQUES OF THE SCREWS, BOLTS AND NUTS FOR SPECIAL USE

■ NOTE

- For the screws, bolts and nuts with the mark "*", apply engine oil to their threads and seats before you tighten.
- The alphabet "M" in Dimension × Pitch shows that the screw, bolt or nut dimensions are in the metric system. The dimension is the nominal external diameter in mm of the threads. The pitch is the nominal distance in mm between 2 threads.

Item	Dimension × Pitch	N·m	kgf⋅m	lbf·ft
Cylinder head cover screw	M6 × 1.0	6.87 to 11.2	0.700 to 1.15	5.07 to 8.31
*Cylinder head screw	M11 × 1.25	93.2 to 98.0	9.50 to 10.0	68.8 to 72.3
*Screw 1 of main bearing case	M9 × 1.25	46 to 50	4.7 to 5.2	34 to 37
*Screw 2 of main bearing case	M10 × 1.25	69 to 73	7.0 to 7.5	51 to 54
*Flywheel screw	M12 × 1.25	98.1 to 107	10.0 to 11.0	72.4 to 79.5
*Connecting rod screw	M8 × 1.0	45 to 49	4.5 to 5.0	33 to 36
*Rocker arm bracket screw	M8 × 1.25	24 to 27	2.4 to 2.8	18 to 20
*Idle gear shaft screw	M8 × 1.25	24 to 27	2.4 to 2.8	18 to 20
Mounting nut of fan drive pulley	M30 × 1.5	138 to 156	14.0 to 16.0	102 to 115
*Mounting screw of bearing case cover	M8 × 1.25	24 to 27	2.4 to 2.8	18 to 20
Glow plug	M10 × 1.25	20 to 24	2.0 to 2.5	15 to 18
Nozzle holder assembly (IDI)	M20 × 1.5	49 to 68	5.0 to 7.0	37 to 50
Nozzle holder (IDI)	_	35 to 39	3.5 to 4.0	26 to 28
Nozzle holder clamp screw (DI)	M10 × 1.25	26 to 29	2.6 to 3.0	19 to 21
Oil pressure switch	R 1/8	15 to 19	1.5 to 2.0	11 to 14
Injection pipe retaining nut (IDI)	M12 × 1.5	25 to 34	2.5 to 3.5	18 to 25
Injection pipe retaining nut (DI)	M12 × 1.5	15 to 24	1.5 to 2.5	11 to 18
Retaining nut of overflow pipe assembly (IDI)	M12 × 1.5	20 to 24	2.0 to 2.5	15 to 18
Retaining screw of overflow pipe assembly (DI)	M6 × 1.0	9.81 to 11.2	1.00 to 1.15	7.24 to 8.31
Camshaft set screw	M8 × 1.25	24 to 27	2.4 to 2.8	18 to 20
Hi-idling body	M14 × 1.0	45 to 49	4.5 to 5.0	33 to 36
Set bolt of the balancer shaft 1 (Balancer model only)	M8 × 1.25	24 to 27	2.4 to 2.8	18 to 20
Set bolt of the balancer shaft 2 (Balancer model only)	M8 × 1.25	24 to 27	2.4 to 2.8	18 to 20
Pulley nut of alternator	_	58.4 to 78.9	5.95 to 8.05	43.1 to 58.2
Set screw of idle gear 2 stopper (Side PTO model only)	-	49 to 55	5.0 to 5.7	37 to 41
Set screw of idle gear 2 shaft (Side PTO model only)	-	24 to 27	2.4 to 2.8	18 to 20
B terminal nut of starter	M8	5.9 to 11	0.60 to 1.2	4.4 to 8.6

IDI : D1503-M, D1703-M, D1803-M, V2003-M, V2203-M, V2403-M, V2403-M-T, D1703-M-BG, V2003-M-BG, V2003-M-T-BG, V2203-M-BG, V2403-M-BG

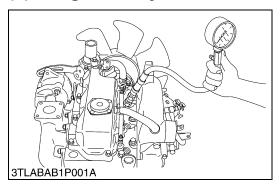
DI: D1803-M-DI, V2403-M-DI, V2403-M-DI-T

M00000003ENS0015US1

4. CHECKING, DISASSEMBLING AND SERVICING

[1] CHECKING AND ADJUSTING

(1) Engine Body



Compression Pressure

[D1503-M, D1703-M, D1803-M, V2003-M, V2203-M, V2403-M, V2403-M-T, D1703-M-BG, V2003-M-BG, V2003-M-T-BG, V2203-M-BG, V2403-M-BG]

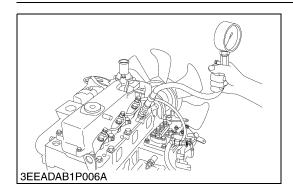
- 1. Operate the engine for warming-up.
- 2. Stop the engine.
- 3. Disconnect the **2P** connector from the stop solenoid to stop the fuel supply.
- 4. Remove the air cleaner, the muffler and all injection nozzles.
- 5. Set a compression tester with the adaptor to the nozzle hole.
- 6. Make sure that the stop lever is set at the stop position (non-injection).
- 7. Crank the engine with the starter to measure the compression pressure.
- 8. Do the steps 5 through 7 again for each cylinder.
- 9. If the measurement is below the allowable limit, apply a small quantity of oil to the cylinder wall through the nozzle hole. Then measure the compression pressure again.
- 10. If the compression pressure stays below the allowable limit, examine the top clearance, valve and cylinder head.
- 11. If the compression pressure increases after you apply oil, examine the cylinder wall and piston rings.

NOTE

- Examine the compression pressure with the specified valve clearance.
- Always use a fully charged battery for you do this test.
- Variances in cylinder compression values must be less than 10 %.

Compression pressure	Factory spec.	3.24 to 3.72 MPa 33.0 to 38.0 kgf/cm ² 470 to 540 psi
Compression pressure	Allowable limit	2.55 MPa 26.0 kgf/cm ² 370 psi

M00000003ENS0016US1



Compression Pressure

[D1803-M-DI, V2403-M-DI, V2403-M-DI-T]

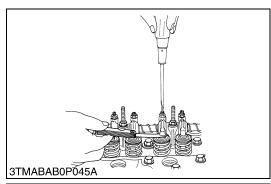
- 1. Operate the engine for warming-up.
- 2. Stop the engine.
- 3. Disconnect the **2P** connector from the stop solenoid to stop the fuel supply.
- 4. Remove the air cleaner, the muffler and all glow plugs.
- 5. Set a compression tester (07909-39081) with the adaptor **K** (07909-31291) to the glow plug hole.
- 6. Crank the engine with the starter to measure the compression pressure.
- 7. Do the steps 5 through 6 again for each cylinder.
- 8. If the measurement is below the allowable limit, examine the cylinder wall and piston rings.

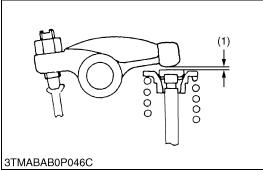
■ NOTE

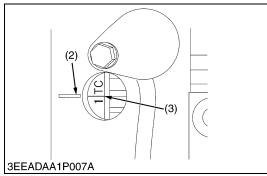
- Examine the compression pressure with the specified valve clearance.
- Always use a fully charged battery for you do this test.
- Variances in cylinder compression values must be less than 10 %.

Compression pressure	Factory spec.	2.95 to 3.23 MPa 30.0 to 33.0 kgf/cm ² 427 to 469 psi
	Allowable limit	2.35 MPa 24.0 kgf/cm ² 341 psi

M00000003ENS0017US1







Valve Clearance

■ IMPORTANT

- You must examine and adjust the valve clearance when the engine is cold.
- 1. Remove the head cover.
- 2. Align the "1TC" mark line (3) on the flywheel and projection (2) on the housing. Make sure that the No.1 piston comes to the compression or overlap top dead center.
- 3. Examine the subsequent valve clearance (1) at the mark "%" with a feeler gauge.
- 4. If the clearance is out of the factory specifications, adjust with the adjusting screw.

Valve clearance Factory spec.	0.18 to 0.22 mm 0.0071 to 0.0086 in.
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■ NOTE

- The "1TC" mark line on the flywheel is only for the No. 1 cylinder. There is no "TC" mark for the other cylinders.
- Align the "TC" mark with the projection (2) in the window on the flywheel-housing. No. 1 piston is on the top dead center position at this time. Turn the flywheel 0.26 rad (15°) to see if the piston is at the compression top dead center or the overlap position. Refer to the table below to adjust the valve clearance (1) again. (The piston is at the compression top dead center when both the IN. and EX. valves do not move. The piston is at the overlap position when both the valves move.)
- Turn the flywheel 6.28 rad (360 °) and align the "1TC" mark line with the projection (2) correctly. Adjust all the other valve clearance if necessary.
- After you turn the flywheel counterclockwise 2 or 3 times, examine the valve clearance (1) again.
- After you adjust the valve clearance (1), tighten the lock nut of the adjusting screw.

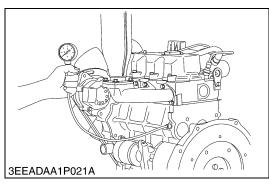
Adjustable Cylinder Location of Piston		Valve Arrangement			
		3 Cylinder		4 Cyl	inder
		IN.	EX.	IN.	EX.
	No. 1	☆	☆	☆	☆
When No. 1 piston	No. 2		☆	☆	
is at compression top dead center	No. 3	☆			☆
	No. 4	-	_		
	No. 1				
When No. 1 piston is at overlap position	No. 2	☆			☆
	No. 3		☆	☆	
	No. 4	_	_	☆	☆

- (1) Valve Clearance
- (2) Projection

(3) 1TC Mark Line

M00000003GEG0036US1

(2) Lubricating System



Engine Oil Pressure

- 1. Remove the engine oil pressure switch, and set the oil pressure tester (Code No.: 07916-32032). (Adaptor screw: PT 1/8)
- 2. Operate the engine for warming-up.
- 3. Measure the oil pressure at the idle speed and rated speed.
- 4. If the oil pressure is less than the allowable limit, do a check below.
 - Engine oil level
 - Oil pump
 - Oil strainer
 - Oil filter cartridge
 - Oil passage
 - Oil clearance
 - Relief valve

Engine oil pressure	At idle	Factory spec.	More than 98 kPa 1.0 kgf/cm ² 14 psi
	speed	Allowable limit	50 kPa 0.5 kgf/cm ² 7 psi
	At rated speed	Factory spec.	300 to 440 kPa 3.0 to 4.5 kgf/cm ² 43 to 64 psi
		Allowable limit	250 kPa 2.5 kgf/cm ² 36 psi

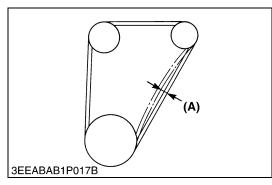
(When reassembling)

 After you examine the oil pressure of the engine, tighten its oil pressure switch to the specified torque.

		15 to 19 N·m
Tightening torque	Oil pressure switch	1.5 to 2.0 kgf·m
		11 to 14 lbf·ft

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(3) Cooling System



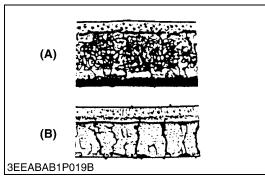
Fan Belt Tension

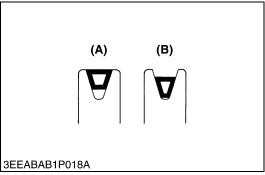
- 1. Push the belt halfway between the fan drive pulley and alternator pulley at a specified force 98 N (10 kgf, 22 lbf) to measure the deflection (A).
- 2. If the measurement is out of the factory specifications, loosen the alternator mounting screws and adjust its position.

Deflection (A)	Factory spec.	7.0 to 9.0 mm 0.28 to 0.35 in.
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(A) Deflection

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Fan Belt Damage and Wear

- 1. Examine the fan belt for damage.
- 2. If the fan belt has a damage, replace it.
- 3. Examine if the fan belt is worn out and sunk in the pulley groove.
- 4. If it is, replace it.
- (A) Good

(B) Bad

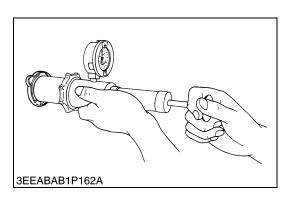
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CAUTION

• Remove the radiator cap only after you stop the engine for a minimum of 10 minutes to decrease its temperature. If not, hot water can gush out and cause injury.

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Radiator Cap Air Leakage

- 1. Set a radiator tester and an adaptor on the radiator cap.
- 2. Apply the specified pressure 90 kPa (0.9 kgf/cm², 10 psi), and measure the time for the pressure to decrease to 60 kPa (0.6 kgf/cm², 9 psi).
- 3. If the measurement is less than the factory specification, replace the radiator cap.

Pressure decreasing time	Factory spec.	More than 10 seconds for pressure decrease from 90 to 60 kPa (from 0.9 to 0.6 kgf/cm², from 10 to 9 psi)
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Radiator Water Leakage

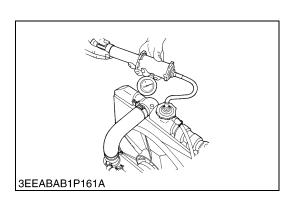
- 1. Fill a specified quantity of water into the radiator.
- 2. Increase the water pressure to the specified pressure with the radiator tester and adaptor.
- 3. Examine the radiator for water leakage.
- 4. For water leakages from the pinhole, replace the radiator or repair with the radiator cement. When water leak is too much, replace the radiator.

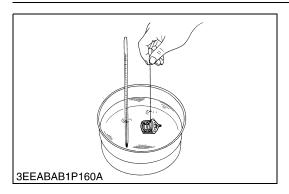
Radiator water leakage	Factory spec.	No leak at specified
test	r actory spec.	pressure

■ NOTE

 The pressure of the leak test is different for each radiator specification. Thus, refer to the test pressure of each radiator specification to do the leakage test.

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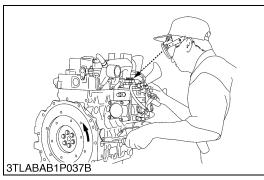
Opening-temperature of Thermostat Valve

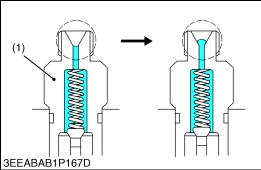
- 1. Hang the thermostat in the water by a string with its end put between the valve and the seat.
- 2. Increase the temperature of the water gradually, read the temperature when the valve opens and disconnects the string.
- 3. Continue to increase the temperature and read the temperature when the valve opens approximately 6 mm (0.2 in.).
- 4. If the measurement is out of the factory specifications, replace the thermostat.

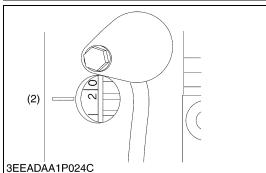
Opening- temperature (When the valve starts to open)	Factory spec.	D1503-M, D1703-M, D1803-M, V2003-M, V2203-M, V2403-M-T, D1703-M-BG, V2003-M-T-BG, V2003-M-BG, V2003-M-BG,	69.5 to 72.5 °C 157.1 to 162.5 °F
		D1803-M-DI, V2403-M-DI, V2403-M-DI-T	80.5 to 83.5 °C 176.9 to 182.3 °F
Opening- temperature (When the valve opened completely)	Factory spec.	D1503-M, D1703-M, D1803-M, V2003-M, V2203-M, V2403-M-T, D1703-M-BG, V2003-M-T-BG, V2003-M-BG, V2003-M-BG, V2003-M-BG, V2403-M-BG	85 °C 185 °F
		D1803-M-DI, V2403-M-DI, V2403-M-DI-T	95 °C 203 °F

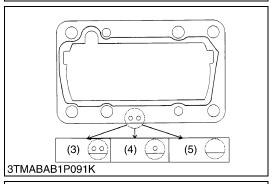
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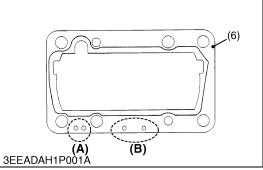
(4) Fuel System











Injection Timing

[D1503-M, D1703-M, D1803-M, V2003-M, V2203-M, V2403-M, V2403-M-T, D1703-M-BG, V2003-M-BG, V2003-M-T-BG, V2203-M-BG, V2403-M-BG]

- 1. Remove the solenoid.
- 2. Remove the injection pipes and the glow plugs.
- Set the speed control lever to the position of maximum fuel discharge.

(Reference)

- Turn the flywheel with a screwdriver.
- 4. Turn the flywheel counterclockwise (refer to the figure) until the fuel comes to the hole of the delivery valve holder for the first cylinder.
- 5. Turn the flywheel more and stop when the fuel starts to flow out, to get the injection timing.
- Calculate the angle at which the center of the window points out. (The flywheel has a mark 1TC and 4 lines that shows every 0.09 rad (5°) of crank angle from 0.17 rad (10°) to 0.44 rad (25°) before mark 1TC.)
- 7. If the result is different from specified injection timing, add or remove the shim to adjust.

Injection timing Factory spec.		D1503-M, V2003-M-T-BG	0.253 to 0.279 rad (14.5 to 16.0 °) before T.D.C.
	,	D1703-M, D1803-M, V2003-M, V2203-M, V2403-M	0.271 to 0.296 rad (15.5 to 17.0 °) before T.D.C.
	spec.	V2403-M-T	0.132 to 0.157 rad (7.55 to 9.05 °) before T.D.C.
			D1703-M-BG, V2003-M-BG, V2203-M-BG, V2403-M-BG

(1) Delivery Valve Holder

(A) 3 Cylinder

(2) Timing Mark

(B) 4 Cylinder

(3) 2-Holes: 0.20 mm (0.0079 in.) Shim

(4) 1-Hole: 0.25 mm (0.0098 in.) Shim

5) Without Hole: 0.30 mm (0.012 in.)

Shim

6) 2-Holes: 0.175 mm (0.00689 in.)

Shim

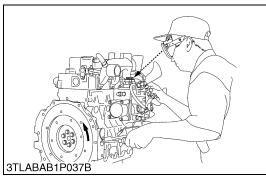
(To be continued)

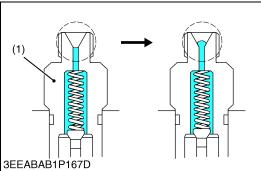
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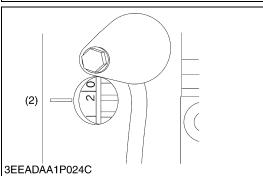
NOTE

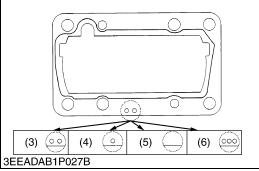
- The sealant is applied to the 2 sides of the soft metal gasket shim. The liquid gasket is not necessary to assemble.
- The shims are available in thickness of 0.175 mm (0.00689 in.) (6), 0.20 mm (0.0079 in.) (3), 0.25 mm (0.0098 in.) (4) and 0.30 mm (0.012 in.) (5). Make a combination of these shims for adjustment.
- The 0.175 mm (0.00689 in.) thick shim has only a thin layer on the lower face. Thus, do not use the 0.175 mm (0.00689 in.) thick shim as the top shim of the combination (injection pump side). If not, it can cause oil leakage.
- Addition or reduction of shim (0.05 mm, 0.002 in.) delays or advances the injection timing by approx. 0.009 rad (0.5°).
- When you disassemble or replace, make sure that you use the same number of new gasket shims with the same thickness.

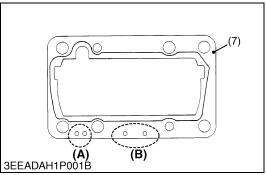
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Injection Timing

[D1803-M-DI, V2403-M-DI, V2403-M-DI-T]

- 1. Remove the solenoid.
- 2. Remove the injection pipes and the glow plugs.
- 3. Set the speed control lever to the position of maximum fuel discharge.

(Reference)

- Turn the flywheel with screwdriver.
- 4. Turn the flywheel counterclockwise (refer to the figure) until the fuel comes to the hole of the delivery valve holder for the first cylinder.
- 5. Turn the flywheel more and stop when the fuel starts to flow out, to get the injection timing.
- Calculate the angle at which the center of the window points out. (The flywheel has a mark 1TC and 4 lines that shows every 0.09 rad (5°) of crank angle from 0.17 rad (10°) to 0.44 rad (25°) before mark 1TC.)
- 7. If the result is different from specified injection timing, add or remove the shim to adjust.

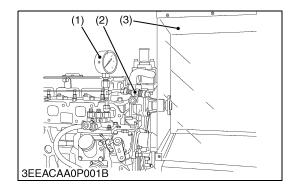
Injection timing	ricetion timing Factory	D1803-M-DI V2403-M-DI	0.0742 to 0.100 rad (4.25 ° to 5.75 °) before T.D.C.
injection tiniing	spec.	V2403-M-DI-T	0.0829 to 0.109 rad (4.75 ° to 6.25 °) before T.D.C.

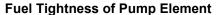
NOTE

- The sealant is applied to the 2 sides of the soft metal gasket shim. The liquid gasket is not necessary to assemble.
- The shims are available in thickness of 0.175 mm (0.00689 in.) (7), 0.20 mm (0.0079 in.) (3), 0.25 mm (0.0098 in.) (4), 0.30 mm (0.012 in.) (5) and 0.35 mm (0.014 in.) (6). Make a combination of these shims for adjustment.
- The 0.175 mm (0.00689 in.) thick shim has only a thin layer on the lower face. Thus, do not use the 0.175 mm (0.00689 in.) thick shim as the top shim of the combination (injection pump side). If not, it can cause oil leakage.
- Addition or reduction of shim (0.05 mm, 0.002 in.) delays or advances the injection timing by approx. 0.009 rad (0.5°).
- When you disassemble or replace, make sure that you use the same number of new gasket shims with the same thickness.
- (1) Delivery Valve Holder
- (A) 3 Cylinder

- (2) Timing Mark
- (B) 4 Cylinder
- (3) 2-Holes: 0.20 mm (0.0079 in.) Shim
 -) 1-Hole: 0.25 mm (0.0098 in.) Shim
- (5) Without Hole: 0.30 mm (0.012 in.)
- Shim
- (6) 3-Holes: 0.35 mm (0.014 in.) Shim
- (7) 2-Holes: 0.175 mm (0.00689 in.)
 - Shim

M00000003ENS0027US1





[D1503-M, D1703-M, D1803-M, V2003-M, V2203-M, V2403-M, V2403-M-T, D1703-M-BG, V2003-M-BG, V2003-M-T-BG, V2203-M-BG, V2403-M-BG]

- 1. Remove the solenoid.
- 2. Remove the injection pipes and glow plugs.
- 3. Set the injection pump pressure tester to the injection pump.
- 4. Set the injection nozzle (2) jetted with the correct injection pressure to the injection pump pressure tester (1). (Refer to the figure.)
- 5. Set the speed control lever to the maximum speed position.
- 6. Crank the engine with the starter to increase the pressure.
- 7. If the pressure is lower than the allowable limit, replace the pump with a new one.

You can also repair the pump at a KUBOTA-authorized pump service shop.

Fuel tightness of pump element	Allowable limit	13.73 MPa 140.0 kgf/cm ² 1991 psi
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■ NOTE

- Do not try to disassemble the injection pump assembly.
 Repair the pump at a KUBOTA-authorized pump service shop.
- (1) Injection Pump Pressure Tester
- (3) Protection Cover for Jetted Fuel
- (2) Injection Nozzle

M0000003ENS0028US1

Fuel Tightness of Pump Element

[D1803-M-DI, V2403-M-DI, V2403-M-DI-T]

- 1. Remove the solenoid.
- 2. Remove the injection pipes and glow plugs.
- 3. Set the injection pump pressure tester to the injection pump.
- 4. Set the injection nozzle (2) jetted with the correct injection pressure to the injection pump pressure tester (1). (Refer to the figure.)
- 5. Set the speed control lever to the maximum speed position.
- 6. Crank the engine with the starter to increase the pressure.
- 7. If the pressure is lower than the allowable limit, replace the pump with a new one.

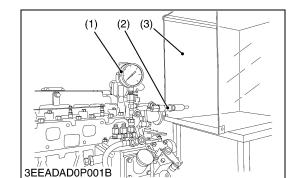
You can also repair the pump at a KUBOTA-authorized pump service shop.

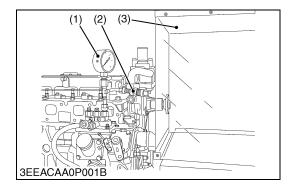
Fuel tightness of pump element	Allowable limit	18.63 MPa 190.0 kgf/cm ² 2702 psi
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NOTE

- Do not try to disassemble the injection pump assembly.
 Repair the pump at a KUBOTA-authorized pump service shop.
- (1) Injection Pump Pressure Tester
- (3) Protection Cover for Jetted Fuel
- (2) Injection Nozzle

M0000003ENS0029US1





Fuel Tightness of Delivery Valve

[D1503-M, D1703-M, D1803-M, V2003-M, V2203-M, V2403-M, V2403-M-T, D1703-M-BG, V2003-M-BG, V2003-M-T-BG, V2203-M-BG, V2403-M-BG]

- 1. Remove the solenoid.
- 2. Remove the injection pipes and glow plugs.
- 3. Set the injection pump pressure tester to the injection pump.
- 4. Set the injection nozzle (2) jetted with the correct injection pressure to the injection pump pressure tester (1).
- 5. Crank the engine with the starter to increase the pressure.
- 6. Stop the starter when the fuel jets from the injection nozzle. Then turn the flywheel manually and increase the pressure to approx. 13.73 MPa (140.0 kgf/cm², 1991 psi).
- 7. Turn the flywheel back about half a turn (to keep the plunger free) and keep the flywheel at this position.
- 8. Measure the time for the pressure to decrease from 13.73 to $12.75 \text{ MPa} (140.0 \text{ to } 130.0 \text{ kgf/cm}^2, 1991 \text{ to } 1849 \text{ psi}).$
- 9. If the measurement is less than allowable limit, replace the pump with a new one.

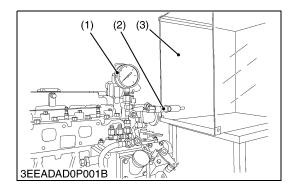
You can also repair the pump at a KUBOTA-authorized pump service shop.

Fuel tightness of delivery valve	Factory spec.	10 seconds 13.73 → 12.75 MPa 140.0 → 130.0 kgf/cm ² 1991 → 1849 psi
	Allowable limit	5 seconds 13.73 → 12.75 MPa 140.0 → 130.0 kgf/cm ² 1991 → 1849 psi

■ NOTE

- Do not try to disassemble the injection pump assembly.
 Repair the pump at a KUBOTA-authorized pump service shop.
- (1) Injection Pump Pressure Tester
- (3) Protection Cover for Jetted Fuel
- (2) Injection Nozzle

M00000003ENS0030US1



Fuel Tightness of Delivery Valve

[D1803-M-DI, V2403-M-DI, V2403-M-DI-T]

- 1. Remove the solenoid.
- 2. Remove the injection pipes and glow plugs.
- 3. Set the injection pump pressure tester to the injection pump.
- 4. Set the injection nozzle (2) jetted with the correct injection pressure to the injection pump pressure tester (1).
- 5. Crank the engine with the starter to increase the pressure.
- 6. Stop the starter when the fuel jets from the injection nozzle. Then turn the flywheel manually and increase the pressure to approx. 18.63 MPa (190.0 kgf/cm², 2702 psi).
- 7. Turn the flywheel back about half a turn (to keep the plunger free) and keep the flywheel at this position.
- 8. Measure the time for the pressure to decrease from 18.63 to 17.65 MPa (190.0 to 180.0 kgf/cm², 2702 to 2560 psi).
- 9. If the measurement is less than allowable limit, replace the pump with a new one.

You can also repair the pump at a KUBOTA-authorized pump service shop.

Fuel tightness of delivery valve	Factory spec.	10 seconds 18.63 → 17.65 MPa 190.0 → 180.0 kgf/cm ² 2702 → 2560 psi
	Allowable limit	5 seconds 18.63 → 17.65 MPa 190.0 → 180.0 kgf/cm ² 2702 → 2560 psi

NOTE

- Do not try to disassemble the injection pump assembly.
 Repair the pump at a KUBOTA-authorized pump service shop.
- (1) Injection Pump Pressure Tester
- (3) Protection Cover for Jetted Fuel
- (2) Injection Nozzle

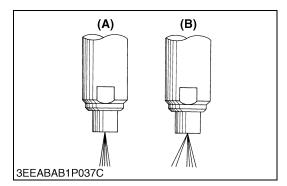
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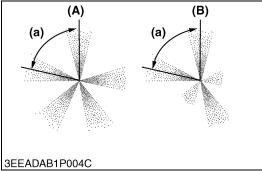


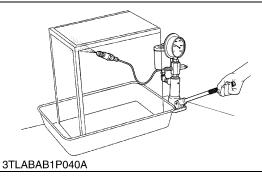
CAUTION

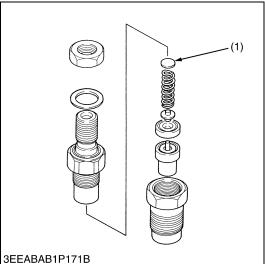
- Examine the injection pressure and condition after you make sure that there is no one in the direction of the fumes.
- If the fumes from the nozzle directly touches the human body, they can cause damage to the cells and blood poisoning.

M00000003GEG0037US1









Nozzle Fume Condition

[D1503-M, D1703-M, D1803-M, V2003-M, V2203-M, V2403-M, V2403-M-T, D1703-M-BG, V2003-M-BG, V2003-M-T-BG, V2203-M-BG, V2403-M-BG]

- 1. Set the injection nozzle to a nozzle tester, and examine the condition of the fumes from the nozzle.
- 2. If the fume condition is defective, replace the nozzle piece.
- (A) Good

(B) Bad

M0000003GEG0038US1

Nozzle Fume Condition

[D1803-M-DI, V2403-M-DI, V2403-M-DI-T]

- 1. Set the injection nozzle to a nozzle tester, and examine the condition of the fumes from the nozzle.
- 2. If the fume condition is defective, replace the injection nozzle assembly.
- (A) Good

(a) 1.3 rad (72°)

(B) Bad

M0000003GEG0039US1

Fuel Injection Pressure

[D1503-M, D1703-M, D1803-M, V2003-M, V2203-M, V2403-M, V2403-M-T, D1703-M-BG, V2003-M-BG, V2003-M-T-BG, V2203-M-BG, V2403-M-BG]

- 1. Set the injection nozzle to a nozzle tester.
- 2. Slowly move the tester lever to measure the pressure at which the fuel start to jet out from the nozzle.
- 3. If the measurement is out of the factory specifications, replace the adjusting washer (1) in the nozzle holder.

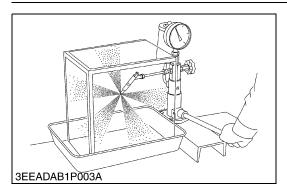
(Reference)

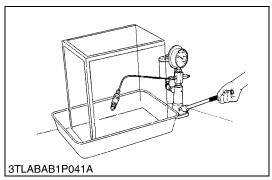
 The pressure variation with 0.025 mm (0.00098 in.) difference in washer thickness is approximately 590 kPa (6.0 kgf/cm², 85 psi).

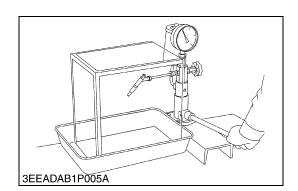
Fuel injection pressure	Factory spec.	13.73 to 14.70 MPa 140.0 to 150.0 kgf/cm ² 1992 to 2133 psi
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(1) Adjusting Washer

M0000003GEG0040US1







Fuel Injection Pressure

[D1803-M-DI, V2403-M-DI, V2403-M-DI-T]

- 1. Set the injection nozzle to a nozzle tester.
- 2. Slowly move the tester lever to measure the pressure at which the fuel start to jet out from the nozzle.
- 3. If the measurement is out of the factory specifications, replace the injection nozzle assembly.

Fuel injection pressure (1st stage)	Factory spec.	18.64 to 20.10 MPa 190.0 to 205.0 kgf/cm ² 2703 to 2915 psi
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M0000003GEG0041US1

Valve Seat Tightness

[D1503-M, D1703-M, D1803-M, V2003-M, V2203-M, V2403-M, V2403-M-T, D1703-M-BG, V2003-M-BG, V2003-M-T-BG, V2203-M-BG, V2403-M-BG]

- 1. Set the injection nozzle to a nozzle tester.
- 2. Increase the fuel pressure, and keep it at 12.75 MPa (130.0 kgf/cm², 1849 psi) for 10 seconds.
- 3. If you find a fuel leakage, replace the nozzle piece.

Valve seat tightness	Factory spec.	No fuel leak at 12.75 MPa 130.0 kgf/cm ² 1849 psi
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M0000003GEG0042US1

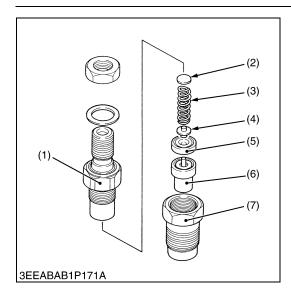
Valve Seat Tightness

[D1803-M-DI, V2403-M-DI, V2403-M-DI-T]

- 1. Set the injection nozzle to a nozzle tester.
- 2. Increase the fuel pressure, and keep it at 16.67 MPa (170.0 kgf/cm², 2418 psi) for 10 seconds.
- 3. If you find a fuel leakage, replace the injection nozzle assembly.

Valve seat tightness	Factory spec.	No fuel leak at 16.67 MPa 170.0 kgf/cm ² 2418 psi
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M0000003GEG0043US1



Nozzle Holder

[D1503-M, D1703-M, D1803-M, V2003-M, V2203-M, V2403-M, V2403-M-T, D1703-M-BG, V2003-M-BG, V2003-M-T-BG, V2203-M-BG, V2403-M-BG]

- 1. Hold the nozzle retaining nut (7) with a vise.
- 2. Remove the nozzle holder (1), and remove the internal parts.

(When reassembling)

- Assemble the nozzle in clean fuel oil.
- Install the push rod (4) correctly in its direction.
- After you assemble the nozzle, adjust the fuel injection pressure.

	Nozzle holder	35 to 39 N·m 3.5 to 4.0 kgf·m 26 to 28 lbf·ft
Tightening torque	Overflow pipe retaining nut	20 to 24 N·m 2.0 to 2.5 kgf·m 15 to 18 lbf·ft
	Nozzle holder assembly	49 to 68 N·m 5.0 to 7.0 kgf·m 37 to 50 lbf·ft

- (1) Nozzle Holder
- (2) Adjusting Washer
- (3) Nozzle Spring
- (4) Push Rod

- (5) Distance Piece
- (6) Nozzle Piece
- (7) Nozzle Retaining Nut

M00000003GEG0044US1

(5) Electrical System



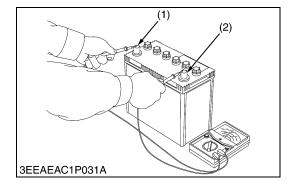
CAUTION

- To prevent an accidental short circuit, attach the positive cable to the positive terminal before the negative cable is attached to the negative terminal.
- Do not remove the battery cap while the engine operates.
- Keep electrolyte away from eyes, hands and clothes. If you are spattered with it, clean with water immediately.
- Keep open sparks and flames away from the battery at all times. Hydrogen gas mixed with oxygen becomes very explosive.

■ IMPORTANT

Do not disconnect or remove the battery when you operate engine.

M00000003ENS0040US1



Battery Voltage

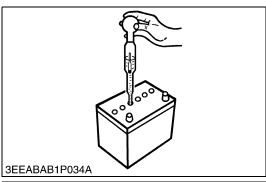
- 1. Stop the engine.
- 2. Measure the voltage with a circuit tester between the battery terminals.
- 3. If the battery voltage is less than the factory specification, examine the battery specific gravity and charge the battery.

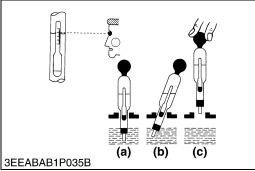
Battery voltage	Factory spec.	More than 12 V

(1) Positive Terminal

(2) Negative Terminal

M00000003ENS0041US1





Battery Specific Gravity

- 1. Measure the specific gravity of the electrolyte in each cell with a hydrometer.
- 2. If the electrolyte temperature is different from the one that the hydrometer calibrated, correct the specific gravity measurement. Use the formula below in **(Reference)**.
- 3. If the specific gravity is less than 1.215 (after it is corrected for temperature), charge or replace the battery.
- 4. If the specific gravity is different between 2 cells by more than 0.05, replace the battery.

NOTE

- Hold the hydrometer tube vertically but do not remove it from the electrolyte.
- Do not put too much electrolyte into the tube.
- Let the float move freely and hold the hydrometer at eye level.
- You must read the hydrometer at the highest electrolyte level.

(Reference)

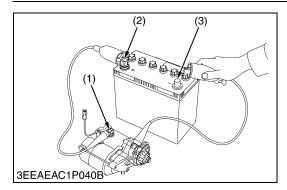
- The specific gravity changes with temperature. To be accurate, the specific gravity decreases by 0.0007 when temperature increases by 1 °C (decreases by 0.0004 when temperature increases by 1 °F), increases by 0.0007 when temperature decreases by 1 °C (increases by 0.0004 when temperature decreases by 1 °F). Thus, if you refer to 20 °C (68 °F), correct the specific gravity reading by the formula below:
 - Specific gravity at 20 °C = Measured value + 0.0007 × (electrolyte temperature -20 °C)
 - Specific gravity at 68 °F = Measured value + 0.0004 × (electrolyte temperature –68 °F)

Specific Gravity	State of Charge
1.260 Sp. Gr.	100 % Charged
1.230 Sp. Gr.	75 % Charged
1.200 Sp. Gr.	50 % Charged
1.170 Sp. Gr.	25 % Charged
1.140 Sp. Gr.	Very Little Useful Capacity
1.110 Sp. Gr.	Discharged

At an electrolyte temperature of 20 °C (68 °F)

(a) Good (b) Bad (c) Bad

M0000003GEG0034US1



Motor Test



CAUTION

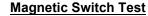
- Hold the starter to prevent its movement when you do a test on the motor.
- 1. Disconnect the negative cable from the battery.
- 2. Disconnect the positive cable from the battery.
- 3. Disconnect the leads from the starter **B** terminal.
- 4. Remove the starter from the engine.
- 5. Connect a jumper lead from the starter **C** terminal (1) to the battery positive terminal (2).
- 6. Connect a jumper lead momentarily between the starter body and the battery negative terminal (3).
- 7. If the motor does not operate, starter is defective. Repair or replace the starter.

■ NOTE

- B terminal : It is the terminal that connects the cable from the battery to the starter.
- C terminal: It is the terminal that connects the cable from the motor to the magnet switch.
- (1) C Terminal

- (3) Negative Terminal
- (2) Positive Terminal

M00000003ENS0043US1



- 1. Disconnect the negative cable from the battery.
- 2. Disconnect the positive cable from the battery.
- 3. Disconnect the leads from the starter **B** terminal.
- 4. Remove the starter from the engine.
- 5. Connect a jumper lead from the starter **S** terminal (1) to the battery positive terminal (2).
- 6. Connect a jumper lead momentarily between the starter body and the battery negative terminal (3).
- 7. If the pinion gear does not come out, the magnetic switch is defective. Repair or replace the starter.

NOTE

- B terminal : It is the terminal that connects the cable from the battery to the starter.
- S terminal: It is the terminal that connects the cable from the starter switch to the magnetic switch.
- (1) S Terminal

- (3) Negative Terminal
- (2) Positive Terminal

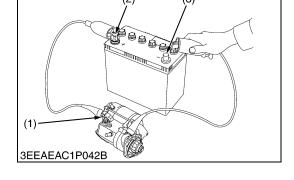
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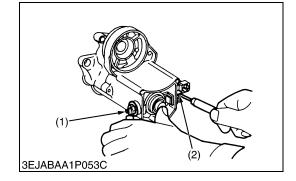


- 1. Push in the plunger. Then examine the continuity across the **C** terminal (1) and the **B** terminal (2) with a circuit tester.
- 2. If it is not continuous or it shows a value, replace the magnetic switch.
- (1) C Terminal

(2) B Terminal

M00000003ENS0045US1







Alternator-on Unit Test

Before testing

- Before the alternator-on unit test, do a check of the list below :
- Battery terminal connections
- Circuit connection
- Fan belt tension
- Charge indicator lamp
- Fuses on the circuit
- Abnormal noise from the alternator
- Prepare full charged battery for the test.

NOTE

 Do not touch the engine parts that turns while the engine operates.

Keep a safety distance from the engine parts that turn.

- 1. Start the engine.
- 2. When the engine operates, measure the voltage between battery terminals. If the voltage is between 13.8 V and 14.8 V, the alternator operates correctly.
- If the results of alternator-on unit test are not in the factory specifications, disassemble the alternator. Examine each component part to find out the problem. Refer to "DISASSEMBLING AND ASSEMBLING" and "SERVICING" for the alternator.

Regulating voltage at no load	Factory spec.	13.8 to 14.8 V at 25 °C (77 °F)
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M0000003ENS0046US1

Glow Plug Lead Terminal Voltage

- 1. Turn the key switch to the "GLOW (or PREHEAT)" position. Then measure the voltage with a circuit tester between the lead terminal and the engine body.
- 2. If the voltage is different from the battery voltage, the wiring harness or main switch is defective.

Voltage (Main switch key at GLOW (or PREHEAT))	Factory spec.	Approx. battery voltage
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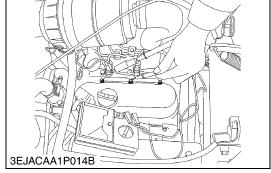
M00000003ENS0047US1

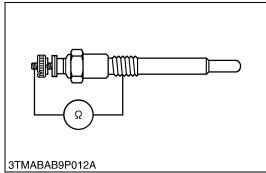


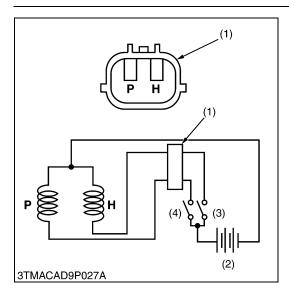
- 1. Remove the glow plug.
- 2. Measure the resistance with a circuit tester between the glow plug terminal and the glow plug housing.
- 3. If the measurement does not show the factory specification, the glow plug is defective.

Resistance	Factory spec.	Approx. 0.9 Ω
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M00000003ENS0048US1







Engine Stop Solenoid

- 1. Remove the engine stop solenoid from the engine.
- 2. Connect the jumper leads from the pulling coil **P** terminal to the switch (4). Then connect from the switch (4) to the battery positive terminal.
- 3. Connect the jumper leads from the holding coil **H** terminal to the switch (3). Then connect from the switch (3) to the battery positive terminal.
- 4. Connect the jumper leads from the engine stop solenoid body to the battery negative terminal.
- 5. After you turn on the switch (4), the solenoid body pulls in the plunger. Then turn off the switch (4) and the plunger comes out.
- 6. Turn on the switch (3), then turn on the switch (4). The solenoid body pulls in the plunger and keep it in the holding position after you turn off the switch (4).
- 7. If the solenoid do not attract the plunger, the solenoid is defective.

IMPORTANT

 Do not apply the current to the pulling coil for more than 2 seconds when you examine.

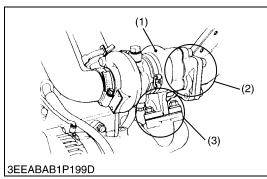
(1) Connector
 (2) Battery
 P: Terminal for Pulling Coil
 H: Terminal for Holding Coil

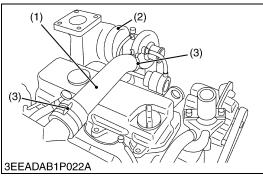
(3) Switch for Holding Coil

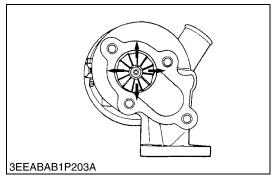
(4) Switch for Pulling Coil

M00000003ENS0049US1

(6) Turbocharger







Turbine Side

- 1. Examine the exhaust port (2) and the inlet port (3) side of the turbine housing (1) for exhaust gas leakage.
- 2. If you find a gas leakage, tighten the bolts and nuts again or replace the gasket with a new one.
- (1) Turbine Housing
- (3) Inlet Port

(2) Exhaust Port

M00000003ENS0050US1

Compressor Side

- 1. Examine the inlet hose (1) of the compressor cover (2) for air leakage.
- 2. Examine the suction side of the inlet hose for loose connections or cracks.
- 3. If you find an air leakage, change the clamps (3) and / or the inlet hose.
- (1) Inlet Hose

- (3) Clamp
- (2) Compressor Cover

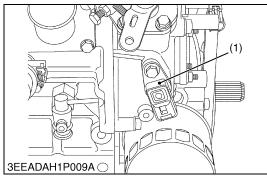
M00000003ENS0051US1

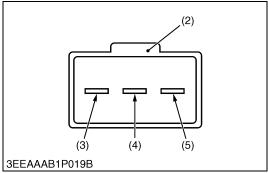
Radial Clearance

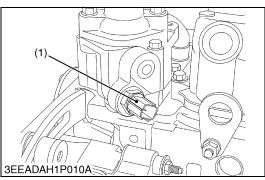
1. If the wheel touches the housing, replace the turbocharger assembly with a new one.

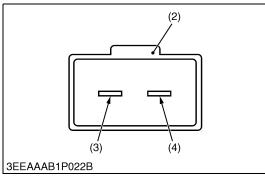
M00000003ENS0052US1

(7) Electronic Governor









Speed Sensor

- 1. Disconnect the connector of the speed sensor (1) (3P).
- 2. Examine the condition of the harness.
- 3. If the harness is defective, replace it with a new one. Then replace the ECU with a new one.
- 4. Turn the key switch to the ACC position.
- 5. Measure the voltage between the terminals of the connector (2) (harness side).
- 6. If the measurements are not in the factory specifications, the ECU is defective.
- 7. If the measurements are in the factory specifications, the ECU is correct.

In this case, the speed sensor is defective. Then replace it with a new one.

Voltage	Factory	Terminal 1 - Terminal 3	12 V
	spec.	Terminal 1 - Terminal 2	5 V

(1) Speed Sensor

(2)

- Connector (Harness Side)
- (3) Terminal 3 (+)
- (4) Terminal 2 (Signal)
- (5) Terminal 1 (GND)

M00000003ENS0053US1

Water Temperature Sensor

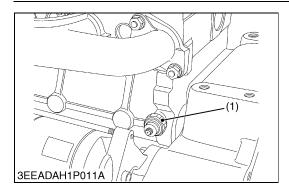
- Disconnect the connector of the water temperature sensor (1) (2P).
- 2. Examine the condition of the harness.
- 3. If the harness is defective, replace it with a new one.
- 4. Turn the key switch to the ACC position.
- 5. Measure the voltage between the terminals of the connector (2) (harness side).
- 6. If the measurement is not in the factory specification, the ECU is defective. Then replace the ECU with a new one.
- 7. If the measurement is in the factory specification, the ECU is correct.

In this case, the water temperature sensor is defective. Then replace it with a new one.

Voltage	Factory spec.	Terminal 1 - Terminal 2	5 V
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- (1) Water Temperature Sensor
- (2) Connector (Harness Side)
- (3) Terminal 2 (-)
- (4) Terminal 1 (+)

M00000003ENS0054US1



Oil Pressure Switch

- 1. Disconnect the connector of the oil pressure switch (1) (1P).
- 2. Examine the condition of the harness.
- 3. If the harness is defective, replace it with a new one.
- 4. Measure the resistance between the terminal of the connector (harness side) and chassis.
- 5. If the measurement is not in the factory specification, the ECU is defective. Then replace the ECU with a new one.
- 6. If the measurement is in the factory specification, the ECU is correct.

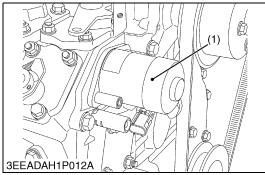
In this case, the oil pressure switch is defective. Then replace it with a new one.

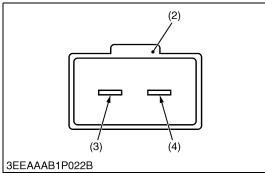
spec. Chassis		Resistance	Factory spec.	Terminal 1 - Chassis	Infinity
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(1) Oil Pressure Switch

M00000003ENS0055US1

ENGINE









Solenoid

- 1. Disconnect the connector of the solenoid (1) (2P).
- 2. Examine the condition of the harness.
- 3. If the harness is defective, replace it with a new one.
- 4. Turn the key switch to the ACC position.
- 5. Measure the voltage between the terminals of the connector (2) (harness side).
- 6. If the measurement is not in the factory specification, the ECU is defective. Then replace the ECU with a new one.
- 7. If the measurement is in the factory specification, the ECU is correct.

In this case, examine the solenoid in the procedure below.

Voltage	Factory spec.	Terminal 1 - Terminal 2	12 V

(Reference)

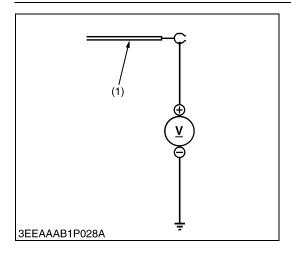
- 1. Measure the resistance between the terminals of the connector (solenoid side).
- 2. If the measurement is not in the factory specification, the solenoid is defective. Then replace the solenoid with a new one.
- 3. If the measurement is in the factory specification, the solenoid is correct electrically. Then examine the movement of the solenoid.
- 4. Remove the solenoid (1) from the engine.
- 5. Apply the voltage of 12 V to the solenoid.
- 6. If the rod of the solenoid does not move smoothly, the solenoid is defective. Then replace the solenoid with a new one.
- 7. If the rod of the solenoid moves smoothly, the solenoid is correct.

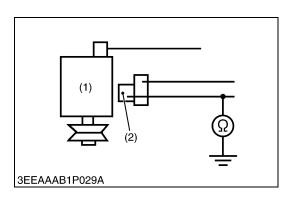
Resistance	Factory spec.	Terminal 1 - Terminal 2	2 to 4 Ω
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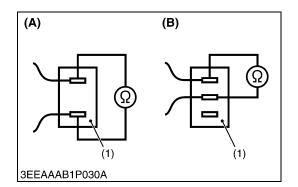
- (1) Solenoid
- (2) Connector (Harness Side)
- (3) Terminal **2** (-)
- (4) Terminal 1 (+)

- (A) Key Switch OFF Position
- (B) Key Switch ON Position

M00000003ENS0056US1







Glow Plug Harness

- 1. Disconnect the wiring (1) of the glow plug.
- 2. Examine the condition of the wiring.
- 3. If the wiring is defective, replace it with a new one.
- 4. Turn the key switch to the ACC position.
- 5. Measure the voltage between the wiring (1) and chassis.
- 6. If the measurement is not in the factory specification, the ECU is defective. Then replace the ECU with a new one.
- 7. If the measurement is in the factory specification, the ECU is correct.

In this case, the glow plugs are defective.

Examine each glow plug, and replace the defective glow plug with a new one.

Voltage Factory Terminal - Chassis	12 V
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(1) Wiring of Glow Plug

M0000003ENS0057US1

Alternator

- 1. Disconnect the terminal **L** (2) of the alternator (2P).
- 2. Examine the condition of the harness.
- 3. If the harness is defective, replace it with a new one.
- 4. Measure the resistance between the terminal **L** (2) of the connector (harness side) and chassis.
- 5. If the measurement is not in the factory specification, the ECU is defective. Then replace the ECU with a new one.
- If the measurement is in the factory specification, the ECU is correct.

In this case, the alternator is defective. Then replace it with a new one.

Resistance	Factory spec.	Terminal L - Chassis	Infinity
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(1) Alternator

(2) Terminal L (Harness Side)

M00000003ENS0058US1

Speed Switch

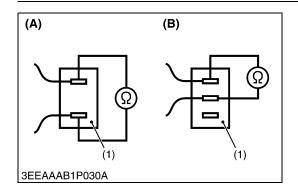
- 1. Disconnect the connector of the speed switch.
- 2. Examine the condition of the harness.
- 3. If the harness is defective, replace it with a new one.
- 4. Measure the resistance between the terminals of the speed switch when the speed switch turn on or off.
- 5. If the measurements are in the factory specifications, the ECU is defective. Then replace the ECU with a new one.
- 6. If the measurements are not in the factory specifications, the speed switch is defective. Then replace the speed switch with a new one.

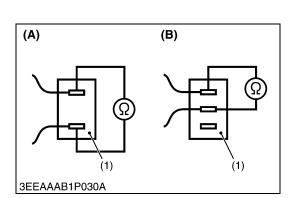
Resistance	Factory	ON	0 Ω
resistance	spec.	OFF	Infinity

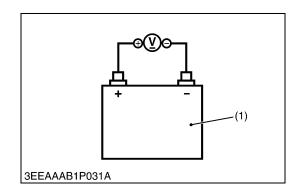
(1) Speed Switch (Switch Side)

- (A) Single Pole, Single Throw
- (B) Single Pole, Double Throw

M00000003ENS0059US1







Emergency Stop Switch

- 1. Disconnect the connector of the emergency stop switch.
- 2. Examine the condition of the harness.
- 3. If the harness is defective, replace it with a new one.
- 4. Measure the resistance between the terminals of the emergency stop switch when the emergency stop switch turn on or off.
- 5. If the measurements are in the factory specifications, the ECU is defective. Then replace the ECU with a new one.
- 6. If the measurements are not in the factory specifications, the emergency stop switch is defective. Then replace the emergency stop switch with a new one.

Resistance	Factory	ON	0 Ω
resistance	spec.	OFF	Infinity

- (1) Emergency Stop Switch (Switch Side)
- (A) Single Pole, Single Throw
- (B) Single Pole, Double Throw

M0000003ENS0060US1

Slow Down Switch

- 1. Disconnect the connector of the slow down switch.
- 2. Examine the condition of the harness.
- 3. If the harness is defective, replace it with a new one.
- 4. Measure the resistance between the terminals of the slow down switch when the slow down switch turn on or off.
- 5. If the measurements are in the factory specifications, the ECU is defective. Then replace the ECU with a new one.
- 6. If the measurements are not in the factory specifications, the slow down switch is defective. Then replace the slow down switch with a new one.

Resistance	Factory	ON	0 Ω
resistance	spec.	OFF	Infinity

- (1) Slow Down Switch (Switch Side)
- (A) Single Pole, Single Throw
- (B) Single Pole, Double Throw

M00000003ENS0061US1

Battery

- 1. Measure the voltage of the battery (1).
- 2. If the measurement is less than the factory specification, charge the battery or replace the battery with a new one.
- 3. If the measurement is in the factory specification, the ECU is defective. Then replace the ECU with a new one.

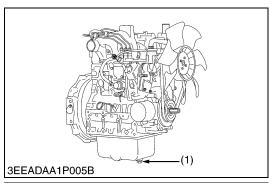
Voltage	Factory spec.	+ terminal terminal	12 V
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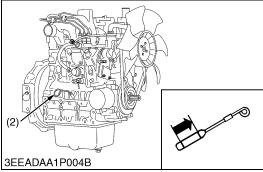
(1) Battery

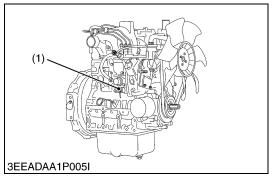
M00000003ENS0062US1

[2] DISASSEMBLING AND ASSEMBLING

(1) Draining Engine Oil and Coolant







Draining Engine Oil

- 1. Start and increase the temperature of the engine for approximately 5 minutes.
- 2. Put an oil pan below the engine.
- 3. Remove the drain plug (1) to drain the oil.
- 4. After you drain, tighten the drain plug.

(When reassembling)

• Fill the engine oil until the upper line on the dipstick (2).

IMPORTANT

- Do not mix different types of oil.
- Use the correct SAE Engine Oil by reference to the ambient temperature.
- (1) Drain Plug

(2) Dipstick

M0000003ENS0063US1

Draining Coolant

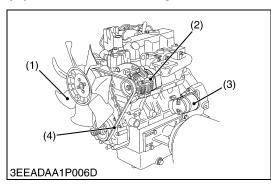


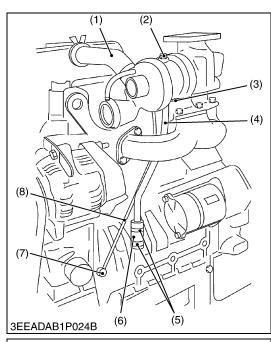
CAUTION

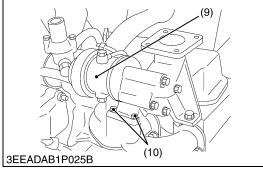
- Do not remove the radiator cap while you operate or immediately after you stop the engine. If not, hot water can flow out from the radiator. Only open the cap after more than 10 minutes for the temperature of the radiator to decrease.
- 1. Prepare a bucket.
- 2. Open the drain cock (1) to drain the coolant.
- 3. After you drain, close the drain cock.
- (1) Drain Cock

M00000003ENS0064US1

(2) External Components







Air Cleaner, Muffler and Others

- 1. Remove the air cleaner and muffler.
- 2. Remove the fan (1), fan belt (4), alternator (2) and starter (3).

(When reassembling)

Examine for cracks on the belt surface.

IMPORTANT

- After you assemble the fan belt, adjust the fan belt tension.
- Do not put the fan in the incorrect direction.

(1) Fan

(3) Starter

(2) Alternator

(4) Fan Belt

M00000003ENS0065US1

Turbocharger (Equipped with Turbocharger Model)



CAUTION

While the engine operates or just after it stops, do not touch the hot turbocharger.

- When you remove or install the turbocharger assembly, do not let dust, dirt and other unwanted materials in the oil
- · After you replace the turbocharger assembly, fill clean engine oil through the oil filter port of the turbocharger.
- Before you start the engine, make sure that the air cleaner is in the correct position.
- 1. Remove the inlet hose (1).
- 2. Remove the joint bolt (2), (7) and remove the oil pipe 1 (8).
- 3. Remove the bolts 1 (3) and release the clamp (5).
- 4. Remove the oil pipe 2 (4) and pipe 3 (6).
- 5. Remove the bolts 2 (10).
- 6. Remove the turbocharger assembly (9).

(When reassembling)

- Fill clean engine oil through the oil filter port of the turbocharger.
- Replace the gaskets with new ones.
- · Do not to let dust, dirt and other unwanted materials in the oil pipes.

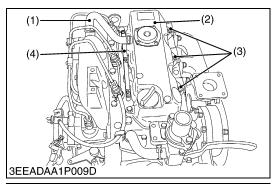
NOTE

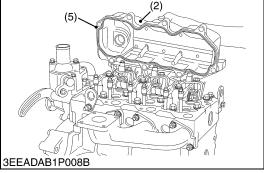
- Put tape or cover on all openings to prevent damage in the oil holes in the turbocharger by unwanted materials.
- (1) Inlet Hose
- Joint Bolt (2)
- (3) Bolt 1 (4) Oil Pipe 2
- (5) Clamp

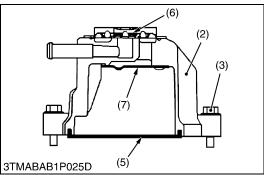
- (6) Oil Pipe 3
- (7) Joint Bolt
- (8) Oil Pipe 1
- (9) Turbocharger Assembly
- (10) Bolt 2

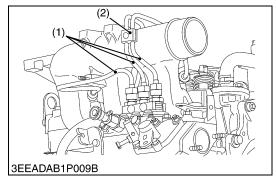
M0000003ENS0066US1

(3) Cylinder Head and Valves









Cylinder Head Cover

- 1. Remove the lead (4).
- 2. Remove the breather hose (1).
- 3. Remove the head cover screws (3).
- 4. Remove the cylinder head cover (2).

(When reassembling)

 Make sure that the cylinder head cover gasket (5) is not defective.

Tightening torque	Cylinder head cover screw	6.87 to 11.2 N·m 0.700 to 1.15 kgf·m 5.07 to 8.31 lbf·ft
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- (1) Breather Hose
- (2) Cylinder Head Cover
- (3) Head Cover Screw
- (4) Lead

- (5) Cylinder Head Cover Gasket
- (6) Breather Valve
- (7) Plate

M0000003ENS0067US1

Injection Pipes

- 1. Loosen the screws on the pipe clamps (2).
- 2. Remove the injection pipes (1).

(When reassembling)

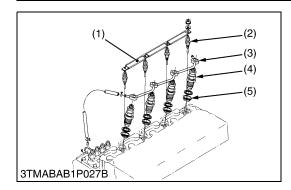
· Blow out dust in the pipes.

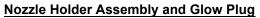
Tightening torque	Injection pipe retaining nut	D1503-M, D1703-M, D1803-M, V2003-M, V2203-M, V2403-M-T, D1703-M-BG, V2003-M-T-BG, V2003-M-BG, V2003-M-BG, V2403-M-BG,	25 to 34 N·m 2.5 to 3.5 kgf·m 18 to 25 lbf·ft
		D1803-M-DI, V2403-M-DI, V2403-M-DI-T	15 to 24 N·m 1.5 to 2.5 kgf·m 11 to 18 lbf·ft

(1) Injection Pipe

(2) Pipe Clamp

M00000003ENS0068US1





[D1503-M, D1703-M, D1803-M, V2003-M, V2203-M, V2403-M, V2403-M-T, D1703-M-BG, V2003-M-BG, V2003-M-T-BG, V2203-M-BG, V2403-M-BG]

- 1. Remove the overflow pipe assembly (3).
- 2. Remove the nozzle holder assemblies (4) with a 21 mm-deep
- 3. Remove the copper gasket and heat seal (5).
- 4. Remove the glow plugs (2).

(When reassembling)

Replace the copper gasket and heat seal with new ones.

	Nozzle holder assembly	49 to 68 N·m 5.0 to 7.0 kgf·m 37 to 50 lbf·ft
Tightening torque	Retaining nut of overflow pipe assembly	20 to 24 N·m 2.0 to 2.5 kgf·m 15 to 18 lbf·ft
	Glow plug	20 to 24 N·m 2.0 to 2.5 kgf·m 15 to 18 lbf·ft

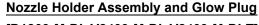
(1) Lead

(4) Nozzle Holder Assembly

(2) Glow Plug

- (5) Heat Seal
- Overflow Pipe Assembly

M0000003ENS0069US1



[D1803-M-DI, V2403-M-DI, V2403-M-DI-T] 1. Remove the overflow pipe assembly.

- 2. Remove the nozzle holder assemblies (2).
- 3. Remove the glow plugs (1).

(When reassembling)

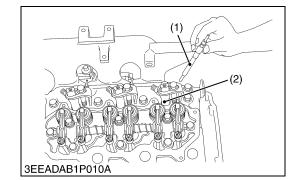
· Replace the copper gasket with a new one.

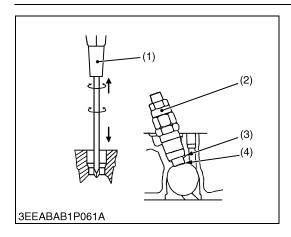
	Nozzle holder clamp screw	26 to 29 N·m 2.6 to 3.0 kgf·m 19 to 21 lbf·ft
Tightening torque	Retaining screw of overflow pipe assembly	9.81 to 11.2 N·m 1.00 to 1.15 kgf·m 7.24 to 8.31 lbf·ft
	Glow plug	20 to 24 N·m 2.0 to 2.5 kgf·m 15 to 18 lbf·ft

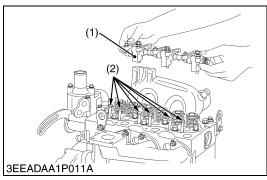
(1) Glow Plug

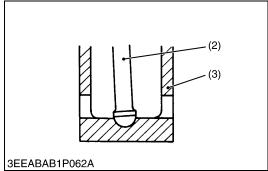
(2) Nozzle Holder Assembly

M00000003ENS0070US1









Service Procedure of Nozzle Heat Seal

[D1503-M, D1703-M, D1803-M, V2003-M, V2203-M, V2403-M, V2403-M-T, D1703-M-BG, V2003-M-BG, V2003-M-T-BG, V2203-M-BG, V2403-M-BG]

IMPORTANT

- Use a plus (phillips head) screwdriver (1) that has a diameter larger than the heat seal hole (Approximately 6 mm (1/4 in.)).
- 1. Put the screwdriver (1) lightly into the heat seal hole.
- 2. Turn screwdriver 3 or 4 times each way.
- 3. While you turn the screwdriver, slowly pull the heat seal (4) out together with the injection nozzle gasket (3).
- 4. If the heat seal falls, do the above procedure again.

(When reassembling)

- Change the heat seal and injection nozzle gasket when you remove the injection nozzle to clean or for servicing.
- (1) Plus Screwdriver
- (3) Injection Nozzle Gasket
- (2) Injection Nozzle
- (4) Heat Seal

M00000003ENS0071US1

Rocker Arm and Push Rod

- 1. Remove the screws of the rocker arm bracket.
- 2. Remove the rocker arm assembly (1).
- 3. Remove the push rods (2).

(When reassembling)

• When you put the push rods (2) on the tappets (3), make sure that their ends are correctly engaged with the grooves.

■ IMPORTANT

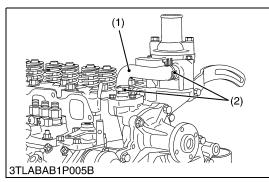
• After you install the rocker arm, adjust the valve clearance.

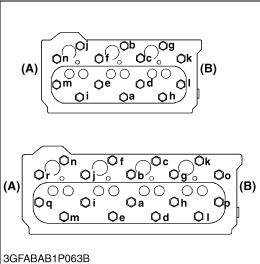
Tightening torque	Rocker arm bracket screw	24 to 27 N·m 2.4 to 2.8 kgf·m 18 to 20 lbf·ft

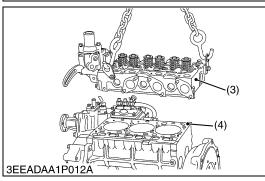
- (1) Rocker Arm Assembly
- (2) Push Rod

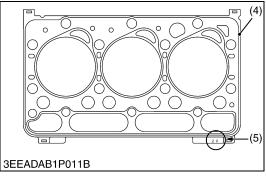
(3) Tappet

M00000003ENS0072US1









Cylinder Head

- 1. Loosen the pipe clamp (2) and remove the water return pipe (1).
- 2. Remove the cylinder head screw in the sequence of (n or r) to (a).
- 3. Lift up the cylinder head (3) to remove.
- 4. Remove the cylinder head gasket (4).

(When reassembling)

- · Replace the cylinder head gasket (4) with a new one.
- · Apply sufficient oil and tighten the cylinder head screws.
- Tighten the cylinder head screws in a diagonal sequence. Start from the center in the sequence of (a) to (n or r).
- Tighten them equally, or the shape of the head changes after some time.

		93.2 to 98.0 N·m
Tightening torque	Cylinder head screw	9.50 to 10.0 kgf·m
		68.8 to 72.3 lbf·ft

IMPORTANT

 Before you replace the cylinder head gasket (4), record the mark (5) on the cylinder head gasket of the engine. Then replace a cylinder head gasket with same mark.

	Model			
Gasket Mark and Code Number	D1503-M	D1703-M, D1803-M, D1803-M-DI	V2003-M	V2203-M, V2403-M, V2403-M-T, V2403-M-DI, V2403-M-DI-T
15	1G720-03600	1G750-03600	1G464-03600	1G790-03600
20	1G720-03310	1G750-03310	1G464-03310	1G790-03310
25	1G720-03610	1G750-03610	1G464-03610	1G790-03610
30	1G720-03620	1G750-03620	1G464-03620	1G790-03620
35	1G720-03630	1G750-03630	1G464-03630	1G790-03630

Gasket	Model			
Mark and Code Number	D1703-M-BG	V2003-M-BG	V2003-M-T- BG	V2203-M-BG, V2403-M-BG
15	1G750-03600	1G464-03600	1G770-03600	1G790-03600
20	1G750-03310	1G464-03310	1G770-03310	1G790-03310
25	1G750-03610	1G464-03610	1G770-03610	1G790-03610
30	1G750-03620	1G464-03620	1G770-03620	1G790-03620
35	1G750-03630	1G464-03630	1G770-03630	1G790-03630

1) Water Return Pipe

(2) Pipe Clamp

(3) Cylinder Head

(4) Cylinder Head Gasket

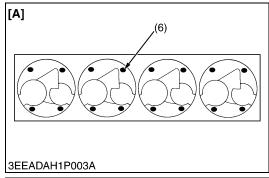
(5) Mark

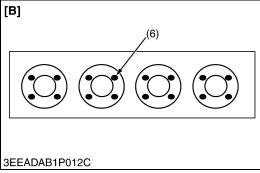
(n or r) to (a) : To Loosen (a) to (n or r) : To Tighten

(A) Gear Case Side (B) Flywheel Side

(To be continued)

(Continued)





IMPORTANT

- After you replace an item below, you have to select a cylinder head gasket.
 - Piston
 - Piston pin
 - Small end bushing
 - Connecting rod
 - Crankpin bearings

To select the cylinder head gasket

- Measure the protrusion or recess of the piston head from the level of crankcase cylinder face at 4 points per each piston with a dial gauge.
- 2. Get the average of the measurements.
- 3. Use the table below to select an applicable cylinder head gasket.

	Piston Protrusion		
Gasket Dimension (Number)	D1503-M, D1703-M, D1803-M, V2003-M, V2203-M, V2403-M, V2403-M-T, D1703-M-BG, V2003-M-BG, V2003-M-T-BG, V2203-M-BG, V2403-M-BG	D1803-M-DI, V2403-M-DI, V2403-M-DI-T	
15	0.500 to 0.540 mm 0.0197 to 0.0212 in.	0.475 to 0.525 mm 0.0187 to 0.0206 in.	
20	0.550 to 0.590 mm 0.0217 to 0.0232 in.	0.525 to 0.575 mm 0.0206 to 0.0227 in.	
25	0.600 to 0.640 mm 0.0237 to 0.0251 in.	0.575 to 0.625 mm 0.0227 to 0.0246 in.	
30	0.650 to 0.690 mm 0.0256 to 0.0271 in.	0.625 to 0.675 mm 0.0246 to 0.0266 in.	
35	0.700 to 0.740 mm 0.0276 to 0.0291 in.	0.675 to 0.725 mm 0.0266 to 0.0285 in.	

(6) Points of Measurement

[A] D1503-M, D1703-M, D1803-M, V2003-M, V2203-M, V2403-M, V2403-M, V2403-M-BG, V2003-M-T-BG, V2203-M-BG, V2203-M-BG, V2403-M-DI, V2403-M-DI-T

M00000003ENS0073US1

Tappets

1. Remove the tappets (1) from the crankcase.

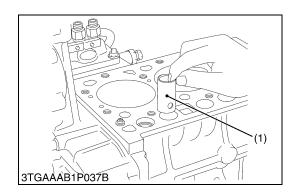
(When reassembling)

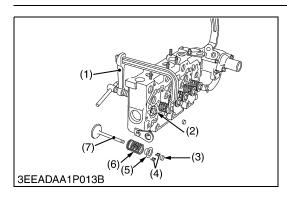
- Before you install the tappets, apply a thin layer of engine oil around them.
- Examine the contact between tappets and cams that it turns correctly. If it is defective, replace the tappets.

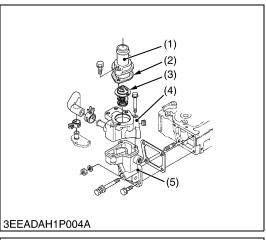
■ IMPORTANT

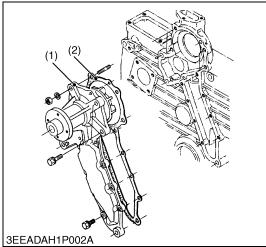
- Do not change the combination of tappet and tappet guide.
- (1) Tappet

M00000003ENS0074US1









Valves

- 1. Remove the valve caps (3).
- 2. Push the valve spring retainer with the valve spring replacer (1) and remove the valve spring collets (4).
- 3. Remove the valve spring retainer (5) and valve spring (6).
- 4. Remove the valve (7).

(When reassembling)

- Clean the valve stem and the valve guide hole, and apply engine oil sufficiently.
- After you install the valve spring collets (4), lightly tap the stem tip to attach it correctly with the plastic hammer.

IMPORTANT

- Do not change the combination of valve and valve guide.
- (1) Valve Spring Replacer
- (5) Valve Spring Retainer
- (2) Valve Stem Seal
- (6) Valve Spring

(3) Valve Cap

- (7) Valve
- (4) Valve Spring Collet

M00000003ENS0075US1

Thermostat Assembly

- 1. Remove the thermostat cover mounting screws, and remove the thermostat cover (1).
- 2. Remove the thermostat assembly (3).

(When reassembling)

- Replace the thermostat cover gasket (2) with a new one.
- Apply a liquid gasket (Three Bond 1215 or equivalent) to the water flange 1 (4) and flange 2 (5).
- (1) Thermostat Cover
- (4) Water Flange 1
- (2) Thermostat Cover Gasket
- (5) Water Flange 2
- (3) Thermostat Assembly

M00000003ENS0076US1

Water Pump Assembly (If Necessary)

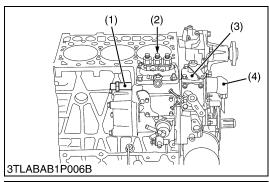
1. Remove the water pump assembly (1) from the gear case.

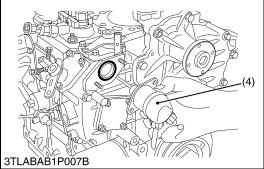
(When reassembling)

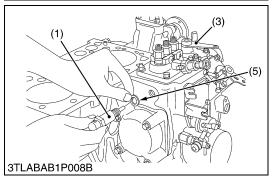
- Replace the gasket (2) with a new one.
- (1) Water Pump Assembly
- (2) Gasket

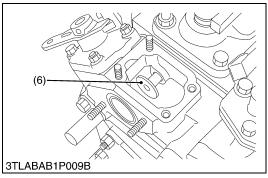
M00000003ENS0077US1

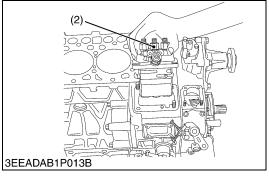
(4) Gear Case and Timing Gears











Injection Pump (for Non Turbocharger Model)

IMPORTANT

- Before you remove the injection pump assembly (2), remove the solenoid (4), hi-idling body (1), engine stop lever (3) and solenoid guide (6).
- 1. Remove the solenoid (4) and hi-idling body (1).
- 2. Remove the engine stop lever (3) and solenoid guide (6).
- 3. Remove the injection pump assembly (2).

(When reassembling)

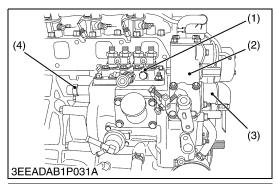
- Before you attach the solenoid (4), hi-idling body (1) and solenoid guide (6), install the injection pump first into position.
- Replace the hi-idling body gasket (5) with a new one.
- Before you attach the stop lever (3) to the gear case, install the solenoid guide (6) first into position. Then attach the stop lever and monitor how it operates.
- When you install the solenoid (4), keep the O-ring in position.
- Put the push rod of the solenoid into the hole at the center of the solenoid guide (6).

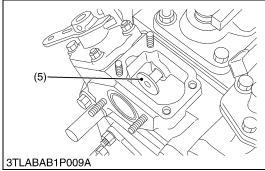
Tightening torque Hi-idling body	45 to 49 N·m 4.5 to 5.0 kgf·m 33 to 36 lbf·ft
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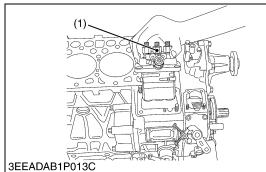
- (1) Hi-idling Body
- (2) Injection Pump Assembly
- (3) Stop Lever

- (4) Solenoid
- (5) Hi-idling Body Gasket
- (6) Solenoid Guide

M0000003ENS0078US1







Injection Pump (for Turbocharger Model)

IMPORTANT

- Before you remove the injection pump assembly (1), remove the boost compensator assembly (2), hi-idling body (4), solenoid (3) and solenoid guide (5).
- 1. Remove the boost compensator assembly (2).
- 2. Remove the hi-idling body (4).
- 3. Remove the solenoid (3).
- 4. Remove the solenoid guide (5).
- 5. Remove the injection pump assembly (1).

(When reassembling)

- Before you attach the boost compensator assembly (2), hi-idling body (4), solenoid (3) and solenoid guide (5), install the injection pump first into position.
- · Replace the hi-idling body gasket with a new one.
- Before you attach the boost compensator assembly (2) to the gear case, make sure that the solenoid guide (5) is at the initial position.
- When you install the solenoid (3), keep the O-ring in position.
- Put the push rod of the solenoid into the hole at the center of the solenoid guide (5).

■ IMPORTANT

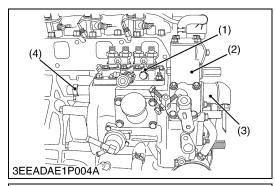
 If you replace new boost compensator, it is necessary to adjust it.

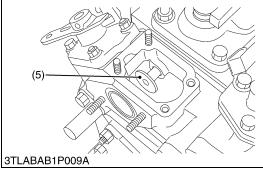
Get the adjustment procedure from KUBOTA.

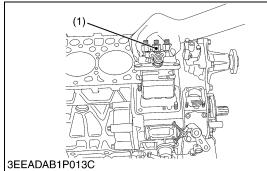
Tightening torque	Hi-idling body	45 to 49 N·m 4.5 to 5.0 kgf·m
		33 to 36 lbf·ft

- (1) Injection Pump Assembly
- (2) Boost Compensator Assembly
- (4) Hi-idling Body
- Solenoid
- (5) Solenoid Guide

M00000003ENS0079US1







Injection Pump (for Smoke Reduction Device)

IMPORTANT

- Before you remove the injection pump assembly (1), remove the smoke reduction device (2), hi-idling body (4), solenoid (3) and solenoid guide (5).
- 1. Remove the smoke reduction device (2).
- 2. Remove the hi-idling body (4).
- 3. Remove the solenoid (3).
- 4. Remove the solenoid guide (5).
- 5. Remove the injection pump assembly (1).

(When reassembling)

- Before you install the smoke reduction device (2), hi-idling body (4), solenoid (3) and solenoid guide (5), install the injection pump first into position.
- Replace the hi-idling body gasket with a new one.
- Before you attach the smoke reduction device (2) to the gear case, make sure that the solenoid guide (5) is at the initial position.
- When you install the solenoid (3), keep the O-ring in position.
- Put the push rod of the solenoid into the hole at the center of the solenoid guide (5).

IMPORTANT

 If you replace new smoke reduction device, it is necessary to adjust it.

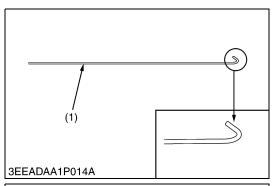
Get the adjustment procedure from KUBOTA.

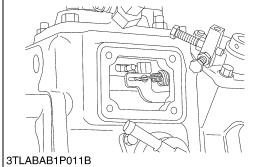
45 to 49 N·m 4.5 to 5.0 kgf·m 33 to 36 lbf·ft

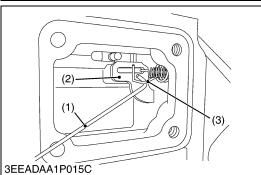
- (1) Injection Pump Assembly
- (2) Smoke Reduction Device
- (4) Hi-idling Body
- (5) Solenoid Guide

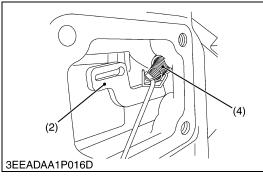
(3) Solenoid

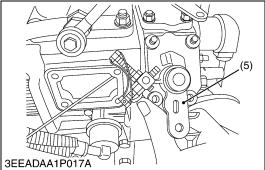
M00000003ENS0080US1







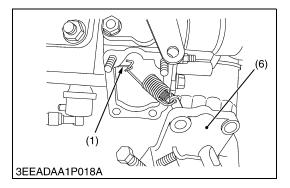




Governor Springs and Speed Control Plate

■ NOTE

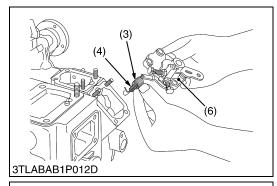
- Specified tool (1)
 - 1.2 mm (0.047 in.) diameter hard wire with its end hooked, total length 200 mm (7.87 in.).
 - The point of the wire is bent like a hook to hang the governor springs.
- 1. Remove the injection pump cover.
- 2. Remove the mounting nuts and bolts of the speed control plate (6).
- 3. Use the specific tool (1) to release the large governor spring (3) from the fork lever (2).
- 4. Use the specific tool (1) to release the small governor spring (4) from the fork lever (2).
- 5. Set the speed control lever (5) as you can see in the figure.
- 6. Remove the speed control plate (6). Do not let the large (3) and small (4) governor springs come off this plate and fall in the gear case.

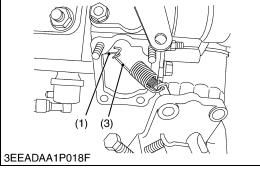


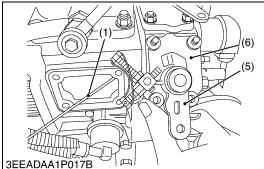
- (1) Specific Tool
- (2) Fork Lever
- (3) Large Governor Spring
- (4) Small Governor Spring
- (5) Speed Control Lever
- 6) Speed Control Plate

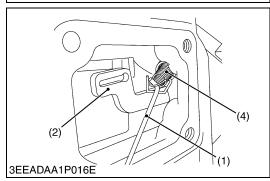
(To be continued)

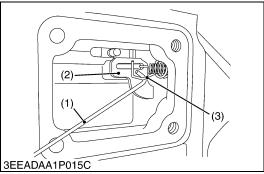
(Continued)









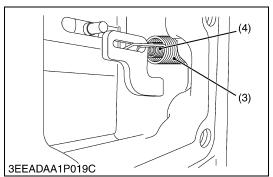


(When reassembling)

- Set the small governor spring (4) first and then the large governor spring (3) on the speed control plate (6).
- Put the specific tool (1) from the injection pump side to catch the large governor spring (3). Keep this spring in an extended position and put the speed control plate (6) in its specified position.
- Use the specific tool (1), set the small governor spring (4) on the fork lever (2).

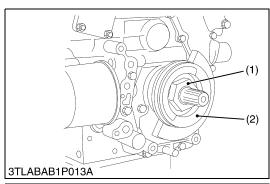
■ NOTE

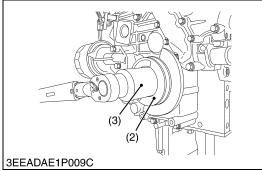
- Do not stretch the small governor spring (4) too much because it can cause permanent deformation.
- Set the large governor spring (3) on the fork lever (2) with the specific tool.
- Make sure that the 2 governor springs (3), (4) are tight on the fork lever (2).
- Tighten the 2 bolts and 2 nuts on the speed control plate (6).
- After you assemble the governor springs, make sure that the speed control lever (5) is at the low-idle position.
- After you move the speed control lever (5) to the maximum speed position, make sure that it goes back to the high-idle position.
- Attach the injection pump cover in position.

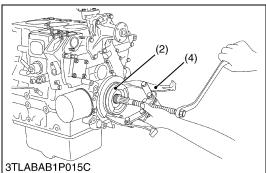


- (1) Specific Tool
- (2) Fork Lever
- (3) Large Governor Spring
- (4) Small Governor Spring
- (5) Speed Control Lever
- (6) Speed Control Plate

M00000003ENS0081US1







Fan Drive Pulley

- 1. Lock the flywheel with the flywheel stopper.
- 2. Remove the mounting nut (1) of the fan drive pulley with a 46 mm (1.8 in.) deep socket wrench (3).
- 3. Remove the fan drive pulley (2) with a gear puller (4).
- 4. Remove the feather key.

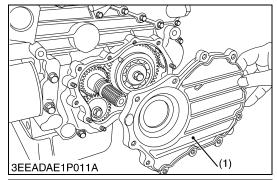
(When reassembling)

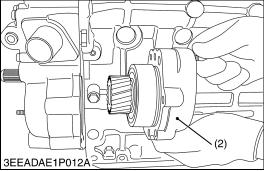
• Apply grease to the splines of coupling.

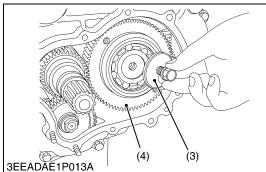
Tightening torque	Mounting nut of fan drive pulley	138 to 156 N·m 14.0 to 16.0 kgf·m 102 to 115 lbf·ft
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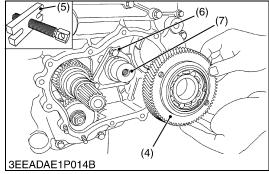
- (1) Nut
- (2) Fan Drive Pulley
- (3) 46 mm (1.8 in.) Deep Socket Wrench
- (4) Gear Puller

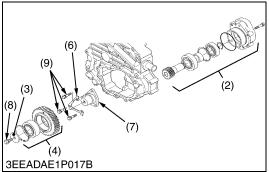
M0000003ENS0082US1











Idle Gear 2 and Hydraulic Pump Base Assembly (for Side PTO Model)

- 1. Remove the hour meter gear case (if attached).
- 2. Remove the gear case cover (1).
- 3. Remove the hydraulic pump base assembly (2).
- 4. Remove the idle gear 2 stopper (3).
- 5. Remove the idle gear 2 (4) with a puller (5).
- 6. Remove the idle gear 2 shaft (7).

(When reassembling)

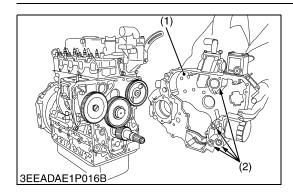
- Replace the washer (6) and gear case cover gasket with new ones.
- · Replace the hour meter gear case gasket with a new one.

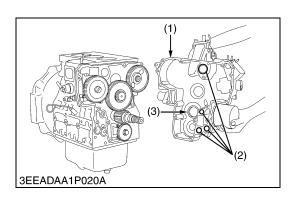
Tightening torque	Set screw of idle gear 2 shaft	24 to 27 N·m 2.4 to 2.8 kgf·m 18 to 20 lbf·ft
	Set screw of idle gear 2 stopper	49 to 55 N·m 5.0 to 5.7 kgf·m 37 to 41 lbf·ft

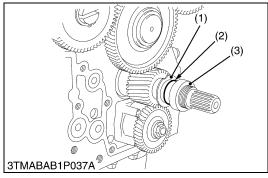
- (1) Gear Case Cover
- (2) Hydraulic Pump Base Assembly
- (3) Idle Gear 2 Stopper
- (4) Idle Gear 2
- (5) Puller

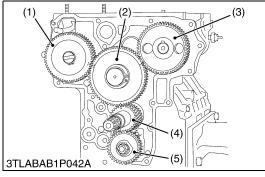
- (6) Washer
- (7) Idle Gear 2 Shaft
- (8) Set Screw of Idle Gear 2 Stopper
- (9) Set Screw of Idle Gear 2 Shaft

M00000003ENS0083US1









Gear Case (for Side PTO Model)

- 1. Remove the gear case (1).
- 2. Remove the O-rings (2).

(When reassembling)

- Replace the gear case gasket and O-rings.
- Make sure that there are 4 O-rings (2) in the gear case (1).
- Apply a thin layer of engine oil to the oil seal.
 Then install the oil seal not to come off the lip.
- Before you install the gear case gasket, apply an adhesive that does not become dry.
- (1) Gear Case

(2) O-rings

M0000003ENS0084US1

Gear Case

- 1. Remove the hour meter gear case (if attached).
- 2. Remove the gear case (1).
- 3. Remove the O-rings (2).

(When reassembling)

- Replace the gear case gasket and O-rings (2).
- Replace the hour meter gear case gasket with a new one.
- Make sure that there are 4 O-rings (2) in the gear case (1).
- Apply a thin layer of engine oil to the oil seal.
 Then install the oil seal not to come off the lip.
- Before you install the gear case gasket, apply an adhesive that does not become dry.

(1) Gear Case

(3) Oil Seal

(2) O-ring

M0000003ENS0085US1

Crankshaft Oil Slinger

- 1. Remove the crankshaft collar (3).
- 2. Remove the O-ring (2).
- 3. Remove the crankshaft oil slinger (1).

(When reassembling)

- Attach the crankshaft collar (3) after you install the gear case to the cylinder body.
- (1) Crankshaft Oil Slinger
- (3) Crankshaft Collar

(2) O-ring

M00000003ENS0086US1

Idle Gear

- 1. Remove the external snap ring.
- 2. Remove the idle gear collar.
- 3. Remove the idle gear (2).

(When reassembling)

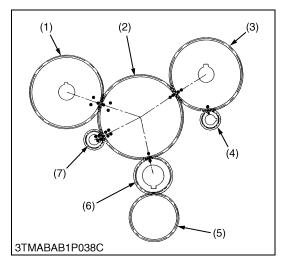
- Align each gear with its mark.
 - Idle gear (2) and crank gear (4)
 - Idle gear (2) and cam gear (3)
 - Idle gear (2) and injection pump gear (1)
- (1) Injection Pump Gear
- (4) Crank Gear

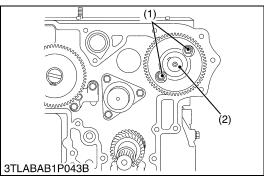
(2) Idle Gear

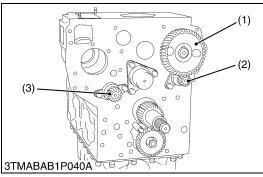
(5) Oil Pump Drive Gear

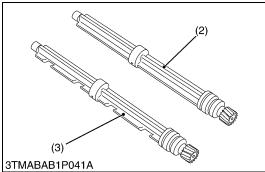
(3) Cam Gear

M00000003ENS0087US1









Idle Gear (for Balancer Model)

- 1. Remove the external snap ring.
- 2. Remove the idle gear collar.
- 3. Remove the idle gear (2).

(When reassembling)

- Align each gear with its mark.
 - Cam gear (3) and balancer gear (4)
 - Idle gear (2) and crank gear (6)
 - Cam gear (3) and idle gear (2)
 - Idle gear (2) and injection pump gear (1)
 - Idle gear (2) and balancer gear (7)
- (1) Injection Pump Gear
- (5) Oil Pump Drive Gear

(2) Idle Gear

(6) Crank Gear

(3) Cam Gear

(7) Balancer Gear

(4) Balancer Gear

M0000003ENS0088US1

Camshaft

1. Remove the camshaft set screws (1) and pull out the camshaft (2).

(When reassembling)

When you install the idle gear, align the marks on the gears.

		24 to 27 N·m
Tightening torque	Camshaft set screw	2.4 to 2.8 kgf·m
		18 to 20 lbf·ft

(1) Camshaft Set Screw

(2) Camshaft

M00000003ENS0089US1

Camshaft and Balancer Shaft (for Balancer Model)

- 1. Remove the camshaft set screws and pull out the camshaft (1).
- 2. Remove the set bolts of the balancer shaft 1 and pull out the balancer shaft 1 (2).
- 3. Remove the set bolts of the balancer shaft 2 and pull out the balancer shaft 2 (3).

(When reassembling)

 When you install the balancer shafts (2) and (3), put the first and fourth cylinders piston at the top dead center in compression.
 Then align all the marks on each gear to assemble the timing gears. Set the idle gear last.

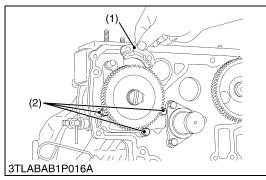
Tightening torque	Camshaft set screw	24 to 27 N·m 2.4 to 2.8 kgf·m 18 to 20 lbf·ft
	Set bolt of the balancer shaft 1	24 to 27 N·m 2.4 to 2.8 kgf·m 18 to 20 lbf·ft
	Set bolt of the balancer shaft 2	24 to 27 N·m 2.4 to 2.8 kgf·m 18 to 20 lbf·ft

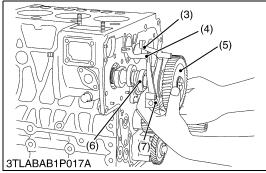
(1) Camshaft

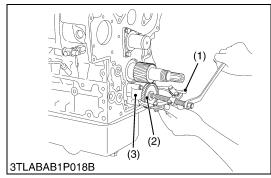
(2) Balancer Shaft 1

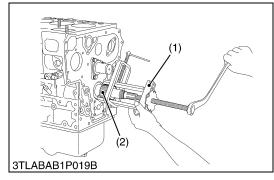
(3) Balancer Shaft 2

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Fuel Camshaft and Fork Lever Assembly

- 1. Remove the fuel feed pump.
- 2. Remove the fuel camshaft stopper (1).
- 3. Remove the 3 mounting screws (2) of the fork lever holder.
- 4. Pull out the fuel camshaft assembly (5), (6) and fork lever assembly (3), (4), (7) at the same time.

(When reassembling)

- After installation, make sure that the fork levers (3) and (4) are attached to the fork lever shaft. Make sure also that they can turn smoothly in the holder (7).
- (1) Fuel Camshaft Stopper
- (2) Mounting Screw of Fork Lever Holder
- (3) Fork Lever 1

- (4) Fork Lever 2
- (5) Injection Pump Gear
- (6) Fuel Camshaft
- (7) Fork Lever Holder

M00000003ENS0091US1

Oil Pump

- 1. Remove the nut.
- 2. Pull out the oil pump drive gear (2) with a gear puller (1).
- 3. Remove the 4 mounting screws of the oil pump. Remove the oil pump (3).
- (1) Gear Puller

- (3) Oil Pump
- (2) Oil Pump Drive Gear

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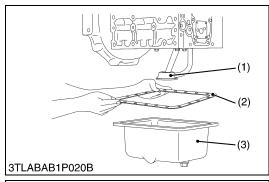
Crank Gear

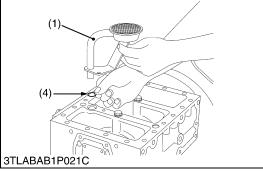
- 1. Pull out the crank gear (2) with a puller (1).
- 2. Remove the feather key.
- (1) Puller

(2) Crank Gear

M00000003ENS0093US1

(5) Piston and Connecting Rod





Oil Pan and Oil Strainer

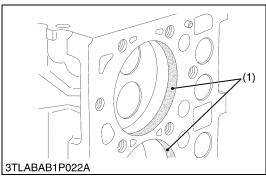
- 1. Remove the mounting screws of the oil pan.
- 2. Tap lightly on the rim of the pan with a wooden hammer to remove the oil pan (3).
- 3. Remove the oil pan gasket (2).
- 4. Remove the oil strainer (1) and O-ring (4).

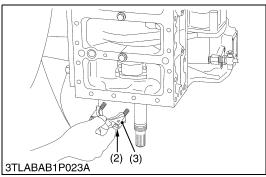
(When reassembling)

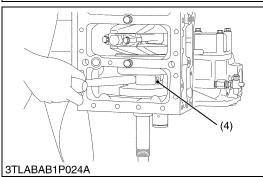
- After you clean the oil strainer (1), make sure that the filter mesh is clean and install it.
- · Visually examine the O-ring (4), apply engine oil and install it.
- Install the O-ring (4) to the oil strainer (1) certainly.
- · Replace the oil pan gasket (2) with a new one.
- Tighten the mounting screws of the oil pan in diagonal sequence from the center to tighten equally.
- (1) Oil Strainer

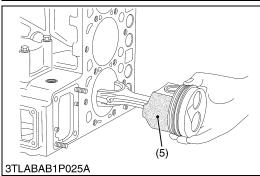
- (3) Oil Pan
- (2) Oil Pan Gasket
- (4) O-ring

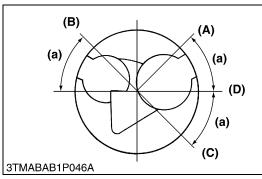
M00000003ENS0094US1











Pistons

[D1503-M, D1703-M, D1803-M, V2003-M, V2203-M, V2403-M, V2403-M-T, D1703-M-BG, V2003-M-BG, V2003-M-T-BG, V2203-M-BG, V2403-M-BG]

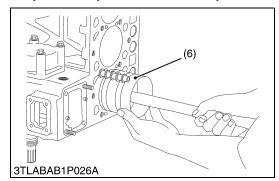
- 1. Fully clean the carbon (1) in the cylinders.
- 2. Remove the connecting rod cap (3).
- 3. Turn the flywheel and move the piston to the top dead center.
- 4. Lightly tap the piston from the bottom of the crankcase with the grip of a hammer to pull the piston out.
- 5. Pull out the other piston in the same procedure as above.

(When reassembling)

- Before you install the piston into the cylinder, apply sufficient engine oil to the piston.
- When you install the piston into the cylinder, point the mark on the connecting rod to the injection pump.

IMPORTANT

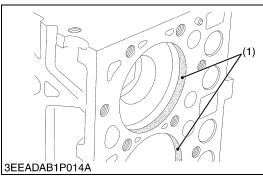
- Do not change the combination of cylinder and piston.
 Align the position of each piston by the its mark. For example, mark "1" on the No. 1 piston.
- Set the piston rings with their gaps at 0.79 rad (45°) from the direction of the piston pin (see the figure).
- Install the pistons with a piston ring compressor (6) carefully.
- When you install the piston in position, do not give a damage to the layer of molybdenum disulfide on the piston skirt. This layer can decrease the clearance with the cylinder liner. Immediately after you press-fit the piston pin, the piston is hot and the layer comes off easily. Only put in the piston after its temperature decreases.

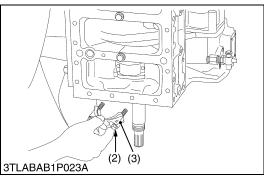


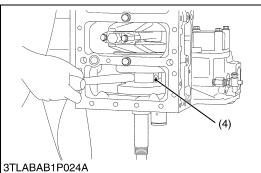
Tightening torque Connecting rod screw	45 to 49 N·m 4.5 to 5.0 kgf·m 33 to 36 lbf·ft
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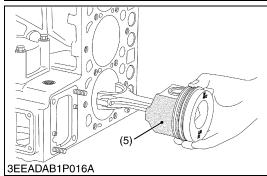
- (1) Carbon
- (2) Connecting Rod Screw
- (3) Connecting Rod Cap
- (4) Connecting Rod
- (5) Layer of Molybdenum Disulfide
- (6) Piston Ring Compressor
- (A) Top Ring Gap
- (B) Second Ring Gap
- C) Oil Ring Gap
- (D) Piston Pin Hole
- (a) 0.79 rad (45°)

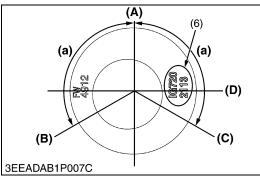
M00000003ENS0095US1











Pistons

[D1803-M-DI, V2403-M-DI, V2403-M-DI-T]

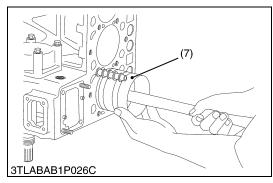
- 1. Fully clean the carbon (1) in the cylinders.
- 2. Remove the connecting rod cap (3).
- 3. Turn the flywheel and move the piston to top dead center.
- 4. Lightly tap the piston from the bottom of the crankcase with the grip of a hammer to pull the piston out.
- 5. Pull out the other piston in the same procedure as above.

(When reassembling)

- Before you install the piston into the cylinder, apply sufficient engine oil to the piston.
- When you install the piston into the cylinder, point the mark on the connecting rod to the injection pump.

IMPORTANT

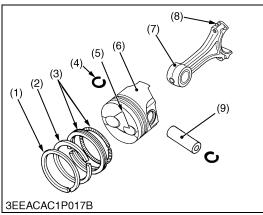
- Do not change the combination of cylinder and piston.
 Align the position of each piston by its mark. For example, mark "1" on the No. 1 piston.
- Set the top ring with its gap (A) at 1.6 rad (90 °) from the direction of the piston pin.
 - Then set the second ring and the oil ring with their gaps (B), (C) at 2.09 rad (120 $^{\circ}$) from the top ring gap (A). (See the figure.)
- Install the pistons with a piston ring compressor (7) carefully.
- When you install the piston in position, do not give a damage to the layer of molybdenum disulfide on the piston skirt. This layer can decrease the clearance with the cylinder liner. Immediately after you press-fit the piston pin, the piston is hot and the layer comes off easily. Only put in the piston after its temperature decreases.
- When you replace the piston, look at the code number (6) on top of the piston. Use a replacement piston with the same code number.

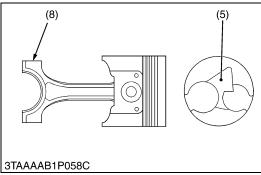


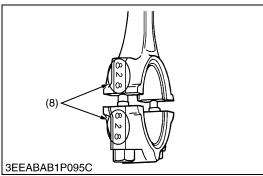
Tightening torque	Connecting rod screw	45 to 49 N·m 4.5 to 5.0 kgf·m 33 to 36 lbf·ft

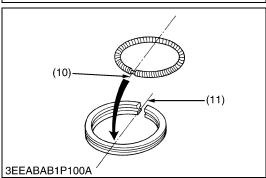
- (1) Carbon
- (2) Connecting Rod Screw
- (3) Connecting Rod Cap
- (4) Connecting Rod
- (5) Layer of Molybdenum Disulfide
- (6) Code Number
- (7) Piston Ring Compressor
- (A) Top Ring Gap
- (B) Second Ring Gap
- (C) Oil Ring Gap
- (D) Piston Pin Hole
- (a) 2.09 rad (120°)

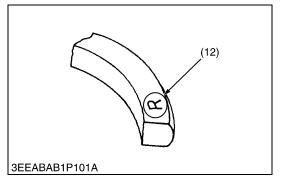
M00000003ENS0096US1











Piston Ring and Connecting Rod

[D1503-M, D1703-M, D1803-M, V2003-M, V2203-M, V2403-M, V2403-M-T, D1703-M-BG, V2003-M-BG, V2003-M-T-BG, V2203-M-BG, V2403-M-BG]

- 1. Remove the piston rings (1), (2) and (3) with a piston ring tool.
- 2. Remove the piston pin (9) to disconnect the connecting rod (7) from the piston (6).

(When reassembling)

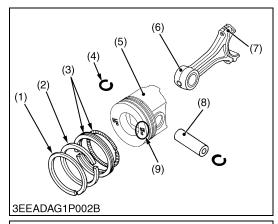
- When you install the rings to the piston (6), set the manufacturer mark (12) upward.
- When you install the oil ring (3) on the piston (6), set the expander joint (10) on the opposite side of the oil ring gap (11).
- Apply engine oil to the piston pin (9).
- Put the piston (6) fully in 80 °C (176 °F) oil for 10 to 15 minutes.
- Align the mark (8) on the connecting rod (7) to the fan-shaped concave (5). Then install the piston pin (9) to connect the connecting rod (7) and the piston (6).

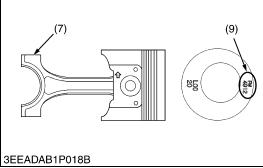
NOTE

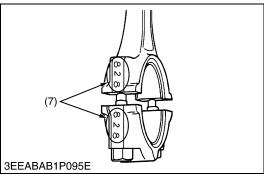
- Put a mark on the connecting rod (7) and the piston (6) with the same number to keep the same combination.
- (1) Top Ring
- (2) Second Ring
- (3) Oil Ring
- (4) Piston Pin Snap Ring
- (5) Fan-Shaped Concave
- (6) Piston

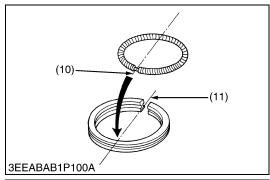
- (7) Connecting Rod
- (8) Mark
- (9) Piston Pin
- (10) Expander Joint
- (11) Oil Ring Gap
- (12) Manufacturer Mark

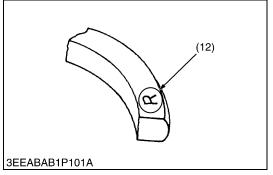
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Piston Ring and Connecting Rod

[D1803-M-DI, V2403-M-DI, V2403-M-DI-T]

- 1. Remove the piston rings (1), (2) and (3) with a piston ring tool.
- 2. Remove the piston pin (8) to disconnect the connecting rod (6) from the piston (5).

(When reassembling)

- When you install the rings to the piston (5), set the manufacturer mark (12) upward.
- When you install the oil ring (3) on the piston (5), set the expander joint (10) on the opposite side of the oil ring gap (11).
- Apply engine oil to the piston pin (8).
- Put the piston (5) fully in 80 °C (176 °F) oil for 10 to 15 minutes.
- Align the FW mark (9) that points to the flywheel with the mark (7) that points to the injection pump. Then install the piston pin (8) to connect the connecting rod (6) and the piston (5).

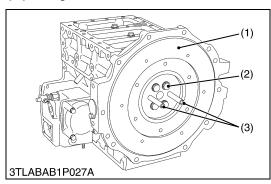
NOTE

- Put a mark on the connecting rod (6) and the piston (5) with the same number to keep the same combination.
- (1) Top Ring
- (2) Second Ring
- (3) Oil Ring
- (4) Piston Pin Snap Ring
- (5) Piston
- (6) Connecting Rod

- (7) Mark
- (8) Piston Pin
- (9) FW Mark
- (10) Expander Joint
- (11) Oil Ring Gap
- (12) Manufacturer Mark

M00000003ENS0098US1

(6) Flywheel and Crankshaft



Flywheel

- 1. Attach the stopper to the flywheel (1).
- 2. Remove 2 flywheel screws (2).
- 3. Put the 2 flywheel guide screws (3) in the holes.
- 4. Remove all the flywheel screws (2).
- 5. Remove the flywheel (1) slowly along the flywheel guide screws (3).

(When reassembling)

- · Put in 2 flywheel guide screws (3).
- Examine that there are no metal particles that remain on the flywheel mounting surfaces.
- Apply engine oil to the threads and the flange seat face of the flywheel screw. Then attach the screw.

Tightening torque	Flywheel screw	98.1 to 107 N·m 10.0 to 11.0 kgf·m 72.4 to 79.5 lbf·ft
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(1) Flywheel

- (3) Flywheel Guide Screws
- (2) Flywheel Screw

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Bearing Case Cover

- 1. Remove the mounting screws of the bearing case cover. First, remove inner screws (5) and then external screws (3).
- 2. Remove the bearing case cover (6).

■ IMPORTANT

 The length of inner screws (5) and external screws (3) are different. Make sure that you use the correct one at the correct position.

(When reassembling)

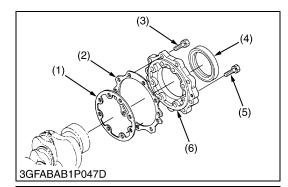
- Attach the bearing case gasket (1) and the bearing case cover gasket (2) in the correct directions.
- Put the casting mark "UP" of the bearing case cover (6) upward, then install the bearing case cover.
- Apply a thin layer of engine oil to the oil seal.
 Then install the oil seal not to come off the lip.
- Tighten the mounting screws of the bearing case cover with an equal force on the diagonal line.

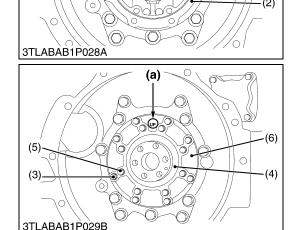
Tightening torque	Mounting screw of bearing case cover	24 to 27 N·m 2.4 to 2.8 kgf·m 18 to 20 lbf·ft
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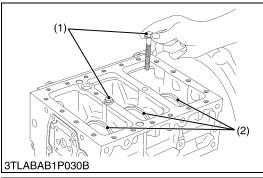
- (1) Bearing Case Gasket
- (2) Bearing Case Cover Gasket
- (3) Mounting Screw of Bearing Case Cover
- (4) Oil Seal

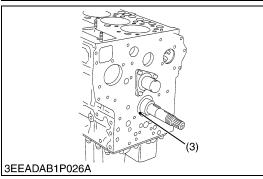
- (5) Mounting Screw of Bearing Case Cover
- (6) Bearing Case Cover
- (a) Upside

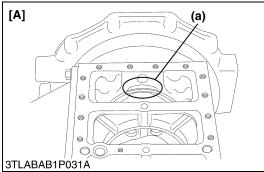
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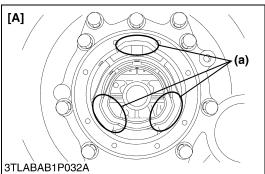


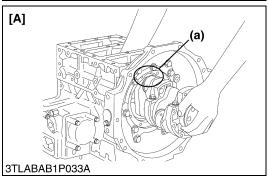












Crankshaft

■ NOTE

• Before you disassemble, measure the side clearance of crankshaft. Measure it when you assemble again.

[D1503-M, D1703-M, V2003-M, V2203-M, D1703-M-BG, V2003-M-BG, V2003-M-T-BG, V2203-M-BG]

- 1. Remove the screw 2 (1) of the main bearing case.
- 2. Pull out the crankshaft assembly not to give a damage to the crankshaft bearing 1 (3).

[D1803-M, D1803-M-DI]

- 1. Remove the screw 2 (1) of the main bearing case.
- 2. Turn the crankshaft to set the crankpin of the third cylinder to the bottom dead center.
- 3. Pull out the crankshaft until the crankpin of the second cylinder comes to the center of the third cylinder.
- 4. Turn the crankshaft by 2.09 rad (120 °) counterclockwise to set the crankpin of the second cylinder to the bottom dead center.
- 5. Pull out the crankshaft until the crankpin of the first cylinder comes to the center of the third cylinder.
- 6. Do the above steps again to pull out the crankshaft completely. [V2403-M, V2403-M-DI, V2403-M-T, V2403-M-DI-T, V2403-M-BG]
- 1. Remove the screw 2 (1) of the main bearing case.
- 2. Turn the crankshaft to set the crankpin of the fourth cylinder to the horizontal directions (right or left).
- 3. Hold the crankpins to the horizontal directions (right or left) and pull out the crankshaft completely.

(When reassembling)

■ IMPORTANT

- When you install the crankshaft assembly, align the screw hole of the main bearing case 2 (2) with the screw hole of the cylinder block.
- Apply oil to the screw 2 (1) of the main bearing case and tighten the screw by hand.

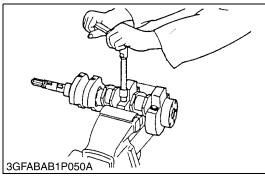
If you cannot turn the screw 2 smoothly, align the screw holes between the cylinder block and the main bearing case correctly.

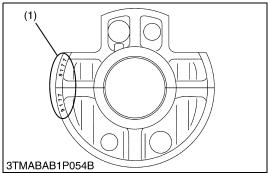
Then tighten the screw 2 to the specified tightening torque with a torque wrench.

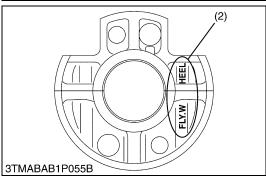
Tightening torque	Screw 2 of main bearing case	69 to 73 N·m 7.0 to 7.5 kgf·m 51 to 54 lbf·ft
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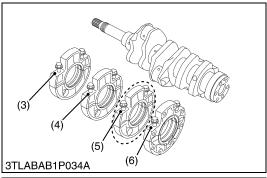
- (1) Screw 2 of Main Bearing Case
- (2) Main Bearing Case 2
- (3) Crankshaft Bearing 1
- (a) Cut place to remove and install the crankshaft
- [A] D1803-M, D1803-M-DI

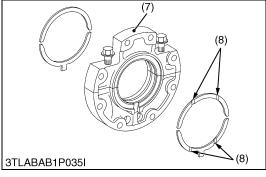
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Main Bearing Case Assembly

- 1. Remove the screws 1 of the main bearing case (7). Then remove the main bearing case.
- 2. Remove other main bearing cases as above.

(When reassembling)

- · Clean the oil channel in the main bearing case.
- · Apply clean engine oil on the bearings.
- Align the numbers (1) and mark (2) on the main bearing case.
- When you install the main bearing case 1 and 2, point the mark "FLYWHEEL" to the flywheel.
- When you install the thrust bearing, point the oil groove (8) externally.
- Install the main bearing case assemblies in the initial positions.
 Since the diameters of the main bearing cases are different, install them in the sequence of their marks (A, B for 3 cylinders and A, B, C for 4 cylinders) on the gear case side.
- After you tighten the screw 1 of the main bearing case (7) to the specified torque, make sure that the main bearing case moves smoothly.

Tightening torque	Screw 1 of main bearing case	46 to 50 N·m 4.7 to 5.2 kgf·m 34 to 37 lbf·ft
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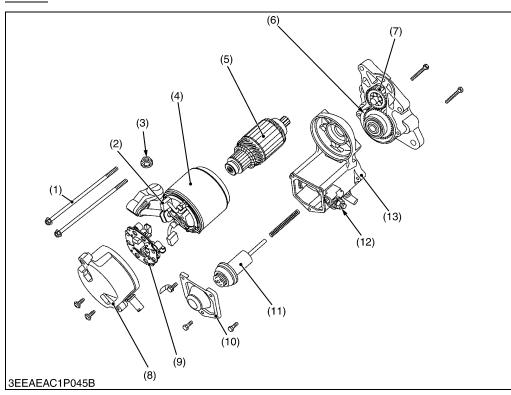
- 1) Alignment Number
- (2) Alignment Mark
- (3) A
- (4) B

- (5) C
- (6) No Mark
- (7) Screw 1 of Main Bearing Case
- (8) Oil Groove

M00000003ENS0102US1

(7) Starter

Starter



- (1) Through Bolt
- (2) Brush
- (3) C Terminal Nut
- (4) Yoke
- (5) Armature
- (6) Overrunning Clutch
- (7) Idle Gear
- (8) End Frame
- (9) Brush Holder
- (10) Magnet Switch Cover
- (11) Plunger
- (12) B Terminal Nut
- (13) Housing

- 1. Remove the C terminal nut (3), and disconnect the connecting lead.
- 2. Remove the 2 through bolts (1).
- 3. Remove the motor.
- 4. Remove the end frame (8).
- 5. Hold the spring up and remove the brush from the brush holder.
- 6. Remove the brush holder (9).
- 7. Pull out the armature (5) from the yoke (4).
- 8. Remove the housing (13).
- 9. Remove the idle gear (7) and the overrunning clutch (6).
- 10. Remove the magnet switch cover (10).
- 11. Remove the plunger (11).

■ NOTE

• Do not cause damage to the brush and commutator.

(When reassembling)

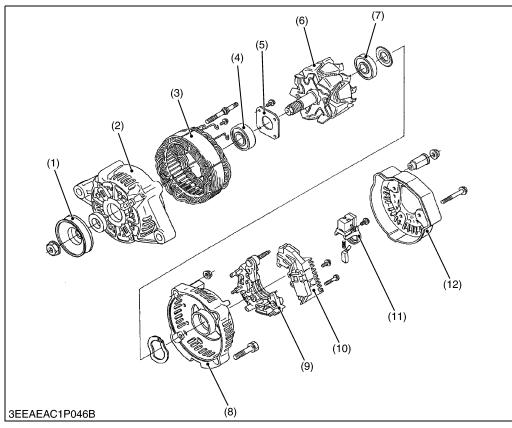
• Apply grease (DENSO No. 50 or equivalent) to the idle gear and overrunning clutch parts.

Tightening torque B t	erminal nut	5.9 to 11 N·m 0.60 to 1.2 kgf·m 4.4 to 8.6 lbf·ft
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M00000003ENS0103US1

(8) Alternator

Alternator



- (1) Pulley
- (2) Drive End Frame
- (3) Stator
- (4) Bearing
- (5) Retainer Plate
- (6) Rotor
- (7) Bearing
- (8) Rear End Frame
- (9) Rectifier
- (10) IC Regulator
- (11) Brush Holder
- (12) Rear End Cover

- 1. Remove the pulley (1).
- 2. Remove the rear end cover (12).
- 3. Remove the brush holder (11).
- 4. Remove the IC regulator (10).
- 5. Remove the 4 screws that hold the stator lead wires.
- 6. Remove the rectifier (9).
- 7. Remove the rear end frame (8).
- 8. Push out the rotor (6) from the drive end frame (2).
- 9. Remove the retainer plate (5).
- 10. Push out the bearing (4) from the drive end frame (2) with a press and jig.
- 11. Lightly hold the rotor with a vise to prevent damage, and remove the bearing (7) with a puller.

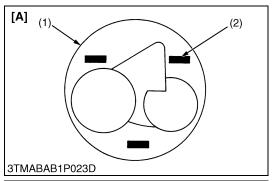
(When reassembling)

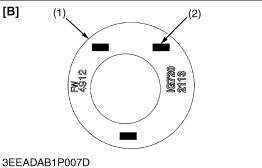
Tightening torque	Pulley nut	58.4 to 78.9 N·m
		5.95 to 8.05 kgf·m
		43.1 to 58.2 lbf·ft

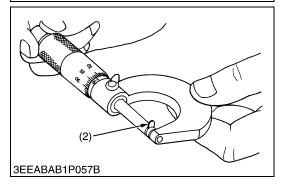
M00000003ENS0104US1

[3] SERVICING

(1) Cylinder Head and Valves







Top Clearance

- 1. Remove the cylinder head.
- 2. Move the piston up and attach a strip of fuse on the piston head at 3 positions with grease.
- 3. Lower the piston and install the cylinder head. (Use a new cylinder head gasket and tighten with a specified tightening torque.)
- 4. Turn the flywheel until the piston goes more than the top dead center.
- Remove the cylinder head and measure the thickness of the fuses.
- 6. If the measurement is out of the factory specifications, examine the oil clearances between the crankpin and bearing. Also examine that between the piston pin and bushing.

■ NOTE

 After you examine the top clearance, make sure that you assemble the cylinder head with a new cylinder head gasket.

Top clearance	Factory spec.	D1503-M, D1703-M, D1803-M, V2003-M, V2203-M, V2403-M-T, D1703-M-BG, V2003-M-T-BG, V2003-M-BG, V2003-M-BG, V2403-M-BG,	0.575 to 0.675 mm 0.0227 to 0.0265 in.
		D1803-M-DI, V2403-M-DI, V2403-M-DI-T	0.60 to 0.70 mm 0.024 to 0.027 in.

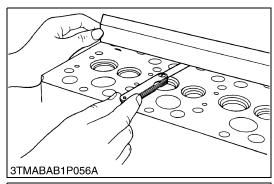
	93.2 to 98.0 N·m
Cylinder head screws	9.50 to 10.0 kgf·m
	68.8 to 72.3 lbf·ft
	Cylinder head screws

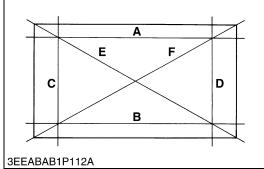
- (1) Piston
- (2) Fuse

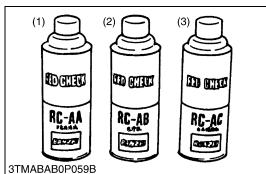
[A] D1503-M, D1703-M, D1803-M, V2003-M, V2203-M, V2403-M, V2403-M, V2403-M-BG, V2003-M-T-BG, V2203-M-BG, V2403-M-BG
 [B] D1803-M-DI, V2403-M-DI,

V2403-M-DI-T

M00000003ENS0105US1







Cylinder Head Surface Flatness

- 1. Clean the cylinder head surface.
- 2. Put a straightedge on the cylinder head.
- 3. Measure the clearance with a feeler gauge at the 6 places (see the figure).
- 4. If the measurement is more than the allowable limit, make it straight with a surface grinder.

IMPORTANT

- · Do not put a straightedge on the combustion chamber.
- Examine the valve recessing after you correct.

Cylinder head surface flatness	Allowable limit	0.05 mm 0.002 in.
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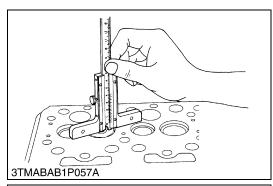
M00000003ENS0106US1

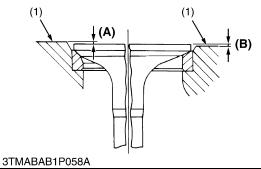
Cylinder Head Flaw

- 1. Prepare an air spray red check.
- 2. Clean the surface of the cylinder head with detergent (2).
- 3. Apply some red permeative liquid (1) on the cylinder head surface. After you apply, do not touch it for 5 to 10 minutes.
- 4. Clean away the red permeative liquid on the cylinder head surface with detergent (2).
- 5. Apply the white developer (3) on the cylinder head surface.
- 6. If you found a red flaw, replace the cylinder head.
- (1) Red Permeative Liquid
- (3) White Developer

(2) Detergent

M00000003ENS0107US1





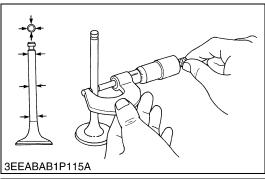
Valve Recessing

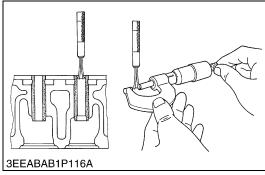
- 1. Clean the cylinder head surface, valve face and valve seat.
- 2. Set the valve into the valve guide.
- 3. Measure the valve recessing with a depth gauge.
- 4. If the measurement is more than the allowable limit, replace the valve.
- 5. If it stays more than the allowable limit after you replace the valve, replace the cylinder head.

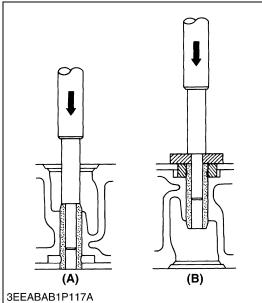
	Factory spec.	D1503-M, D1703-M, D1803-M, V2003-M, V2403-M, V2403-M-T, D1703-M-BG, V2003-M-T-BG, V2003-M-T-BG, V2003-M-BG, V2403-M-BG	0.05 (protrusion) to 0.15 (recessing) mm 0.002 (protrusion) to 0.0059 (recessing) in.
Valve recessing		D1803-M-DI, V2403-M-DI, V2403-M-DI-T	0.65 to 0.85 mm 0.026 to 0.033 in.
vaive recessing	Allowable limit	D1503-M, D1703-M, D1803-M, V2003-M, V2403-M, V2403-M-T, D1703-M-BG, V2003-M-T-BG, V2003-M-BG, V2003-M-BG, V2003-M-BG, V2403-M-BG	0.40 (recessing) mm 0.016 (recessing) in.
		D1803-M-DI, V2403-M-DI, V2403-M-DI-T	1.20 mm 0.0472 in.

- (1) Cylinder Head Surface
- (A) Recessing
- (B) Protrusion

M00000003ENS0108US1







Clearance between Valve Stem and Valve Guide

- 1. Remove carbon from the valve guide section.
- 2. Measure the valve stem O.D. with an external micrometer.
- 3. Measure the valve guide I.D. with a small hole gauge, and calculate the clearance.
- 4. If the clearance is more than the allowable limit, replace the valves.
- 5. If the clearance stays more than the allowable limit, replace the valve guide also.

Clearance between valve stem and valve	Factory spec.	0.040 to 0.070 mm 0.0016 to 0.0027 in.
guide	Allowable limit	0.10 mm 0.0039 in.
Valve stem O.D.	Factory spec.	7.960 to 7.975 mm 0.3134 to 0.3139 in.
Valve guide I.D.	Factory spec.	8.015 to 8.030 mm 0.3156 to 0.3161 in.

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Replacement of Valve Guide

(When removing)

1. Press out the used valve guide with the valve guide replacing tool. (See page **"SPECIAL TOOLS"**.)

(When installing)

- 1. Clean the new valve guide and valve guide bore, and apply engine oil to them.
- 2. Press fit the new valve guide with the valve guide replacing tool.
- 3. Ream accurately the I.D. of the valve guide to the specified dimension.

Valve guide I.D. (Intake and exhaust)	Factory spec.	8.015 to 8.030 mm 0.3156 to 0.3161 in.
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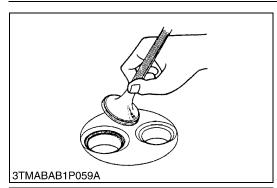
IMPORTANT

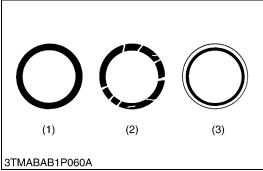
 Do not hit the valve guide with a hammer during replacement.

(A) When Removing

(B) When Installing

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Valve Seating

- 1. Apply a thin layer of Prussian Blue on the valve face. Then put the valve on its seat to examine the contact.
- 2. If the valve is not fully around the seat or the contact is less than 70 % of the factory specification, correct the valve seat. See the next section.
- 3. If the valve contact width cannot get the factory specification, replace the valve or correct the contact of the valve seat.

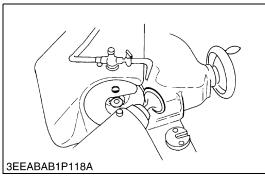
Valve contact width	Factory spec.	2.12 mm 0.0835 in.
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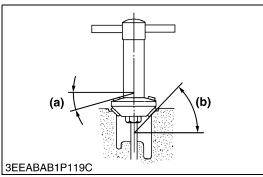
(1) Correct

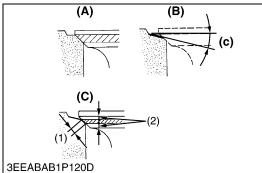
(3) Incorrect

(2) Incorrect

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Correction of Valve and Valve Seat

NOTE

- Before you correct the valve and seat, examine the valve stem and measure the I.D. of the valve guide section. Repair them if necessary.
- After you correct the valve seat, be sure to examine the valve recessing.

1) Correction of valve

1. Correct the valve with a valve refacer.

[D1503-M, D1703-M, D1803-M, V2003-M, V2203-M, V2403-M, V2403-M-T, D1703-M-BG, V2003-M-BG, V2003-M-T-BG, V2203-M-BG, V2403-M-BG]

Valve face angle	/alvo face angle Factory	Intake	1.0 rad 60 °
valve lace aligie	spec.	Exhaust	0.79 rad 45 °

[D1803-M-DI, V2403-M-DI, V2403-M-DI-T]

Valve face angle Factor	Factory	Intake	0.79 rad 45 °
valve lace aligie	spec.	Exhaust	0.79 rad 45 °

2) Correction of valve seat

- 1. Slightly correct the seat surface with a 1.0 rad (60 $^{\circ}$) or 0.79 rad (45 $^{\circ}$) valve seat cutter.
- 2. Correct the seat surface with a 0.52 rad (30 °) or 0.26 rad (15 °) valve seat cutter. The width must be near the specified valve seat width (2.12 mm, 0.0835 in.).
- 3. After you correct the seat, examine that the valve seating is flat. Apply a thin layer of compound between the valve face and valve seat, and lap them with a valve lapping tool.
- 4. Examine the valve seating with Prussian Blue. The valve seating surface must show good contact on all sides.

[D1503-M, D1703-M, D1803-M, V2003-M, V2203-M, V2403-M, V2403-M-T, D1703-M-BG, V2003-M-BG, V2003-M-T-BG, V2203-M-BG, V2403-M-BG]

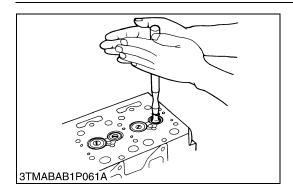
Valve seat angle	Factory	Intake	1.0 rad 60 °
valve seat angle	spec.	Exhaust	0.79 rad 45 °

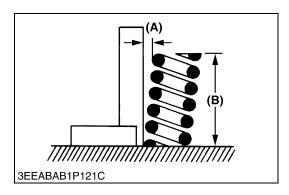
[D1803-M-DI, V2403-M-DI, V2403-M-DI-T]

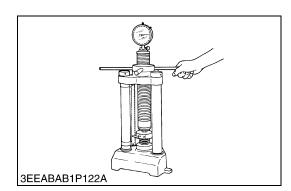
Valve seat angle	Factory	Intake	0.79 rad 45 °
valve seat angle	spec.	Exhaust	0.79 rad 45 °

- (1) Valve Seat Width
- (2) Identical Dimensions
- (A) Examine the Contact
- (B) Correct Seat Width
- (C) Examine the Contact
- (a) 0.26 rad (15°) or 0.52 rad (30°)
- (b) 0.79 rad (45°) or 1.0 rad (60°)
- (c) 0.52 rad (30°) or 0.26 rad (15°)

M00000003ENS0112US1







Valve Lapping

- 1. Apply the compound equally to the valve lapping surface.
- 2. Put the valve into the valve guide. Lap the valve on its seat with a valve lapping tool.
- 3. After you lap the valve, clean away the compound and apply oil, then lap the valve again with oil.
- 4. Apply Prussian Blue to the contact surface to measure the seated rate.
- 5. If the seated rate is less than 70 %, lap the valve again.

IMPORTANT

 After you complete the valve lapping and assemble the valve, examine the valve recessing and adjust the valve clearance.

M00000003ENS0113US1

Free Length and Tilt of Valve Spring

- 1. Measure the free length **(B)** of valve spring with a vernier calipers.
- 2. If the measurement is less than the allowable limit, replace it.
- 3. Put the valve spring on a surface plate, and put a square on the side of the valve spring.
- 4. Make sure that the full side is in contact with the square.
- 5. Turn the valve spring to measure the maximum tilt (A).
- 6. If the measurement is more than the allowable limit, replace it.
- 7. Examine the full surface of the valve spring for scratches.
- 8. If there is a defect, replace it.

Tilt (A)	Allowable limit	1.0 mm 0.039 in.
Free length (B)	Factory spec.	41.7 to 42.2 mm 1.65 to 1.66 in.
	Allowable limit	41.2 mm 1.62 in.

(A) Tilt

(B) Free Length

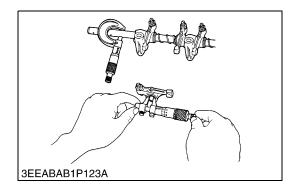
M00000003ENS0114US1

Setting Load of Valve Spring

- 1. Put the valve spring on a tester.
- 2. Compress the valve spring to the specified setting length.
- 3. Read the compression load on the gauge.
- 4. If the measurement is less than the allowable limit, replace the valve spring.

Setting load /	Factory spec.	118 N / 35.0 mm 12.0 kgf / 35.0 mm 26.5 lbf / 1.38 in.
Setting length	Allowable limit	100 N / 35.0 mm 10.2 kgf / 35.0 mm 22.5 lbf / 1.38 in.

M00000003ENS0115US1

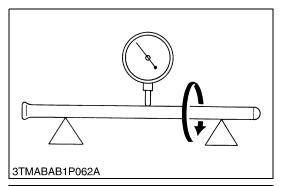


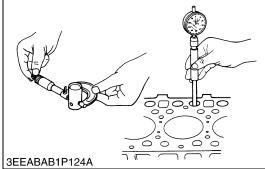
Oil Clearance between Rocker Arm and Rocker Arm Shaft

- 1. Measure the rocker arm shaft O.D. with an external micrometer.
- 2. Measure the rocker arm I.D. with an internal micrometer.
- 3. Calculate the oil clearance.
- 4. If the oil clearance is more than the allowable limit, replace the rocker arm and measure the oil clearance again.
- 5. If the oil clearance stays more than the allowable limit, replace the rocker arm shaft also.

Oil clearance between rocker arm and rocker arm shaft	Factory spec.	0.016 to 0.045 mm 0.00063 to 0.0017 in.
	Allowable limit	0.10 mm 0.0039 in.
	1	1
Rocker arm shaft O.D.	Factory spec.	13.973 to 13.984 mm 0.55012 to 0.55055 in.
Rocker arm I.D.	Factory spec.	14.000 to 14.018 mm 0.55119 to 0.55188 in.

M0000003ENS0116US1





Push Rod Bend

- 1. Put the push rod on V blocks.
- 2. Set a dial indicator with its point on the middle of the push rod.
- 3. Turn the push rod slowly and read the variation on the indicator.
- 4. If the measurement is more than the allowable limit, replace the push rod.

Push rod bend	Allowable limit	0.25 mm 0.0098 in.
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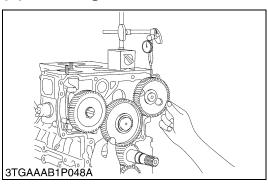
Oil Clearance between Tappet and Tappet Guide Bore

- 1. Measure the tappet O.D. with an external micrometer.
- 2. Measure the tappet guide bore I.D. with a cylinder gauge.
- 3. Calculate the oil clearance.
- 4. If the oil clearance is more than the allowable limit or the tappet has a damage, replace the tappet.

Oil Clearance between tappet and tappet guide	Factory spec.	0.020 to 0.062 mm 0.00079 to 0.0024 in.
bore	Allowable limit	0.07 mm 0.003 in.
		23.959 to 23.980 mm
Tappet O.D.	Factory spec.	0.94327 to 0.94409 in.
Tappet guide bore I.D.	Factory spec.	24.000 to 24.021 mm 0.94489 to 0.94570 in.

M00000003ENS0118US1

(2) Timing Gears



Timing Gear Backlash

- 1. Set a dial indicator (lever type) with its point on the gear tooth.
- 2. Hold the mating gear and move the gear to measure the backlash.
- 3. If the backlash is more than the allowable limit, measure the oil clearance in the journal part of each shaft.
- 4. If the oil clearance is correct, replace the gear.

Backlash between idle gear and crank gear Backlash between idle gear and cam gear	Factory spec.	0.04150 to 0.1122 mm 0.001634 to 0.004417 in.
	Allowable limit	0.15 mm 0.0059 in.
	Factory spec.	0.04150 to 0.1154 mm 0.001634 to 0.004543 in.
	Allowable limit	0.15 mm 0.0059 in.
Backlash between idle gear and injection pump gear	Factory spec.	0.04150 to 0.1154 mm 0.001634 to 0.004543 in.
	Allowable limit	0.15 mm 0.0059 in.
Backlash between crank gear and oil pump gear	Factory spec.	0.04150 to 0.1090 mm 0.001634 to 0.004291 in.
	Allowable limit	0.15 mm 0.0059 in.

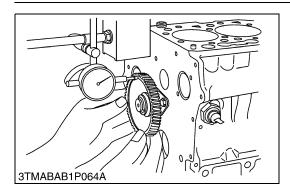
For balancer model only

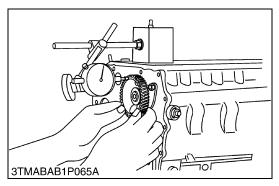
Backlash between idle gear and balancer gear (Intake side)	Factory spec.	0.03500 to 0.1160 mm 0.001378 to 0.004566 in.	
	Allowable limit	0.15 mm 0.0059 in.	
Backlash between cam gear and balancer gear (Exhaust side)	Factory spec.	0.03500 to 0.1160 mm 0.001378 to 0.004566 in.	
	Allowable limit	0.15 mm 0.0059 in.	

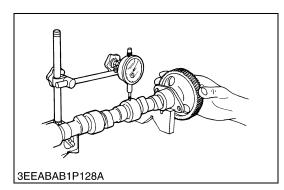
For side PTO model only

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Backlash between crank gear and idle gear 2	Factory spec.	0.04150 to 0.1154 mm 0.001634 to 0.004543 in.		
	Allowable limit	0.15 mm 0.0059 in.		
Backlash between idle gear 2 and hydraulic pump drive gear	Factory spec.	0.03080 to 0.1062 mm 0.001213 to 0.004181 in.		
	Allowable limit	0.15 mm 0.0059 in.		

M00000003ENS0119US1







Side Clearance of Idle Gear

- 1. Set a dial indicator with its point on the idle gear.
- 2. Move the idle gear to the front and rear to measure the side clearance.
- 3. If the measurement is more than the allowable limit, replace the idle gear collar.

Side clearance of idle gear	Factory spec.	0.12 to 0.48 mm 0.0048 to 0.018 in.
	Allowable limit	0.9 mm 0.04 in.

M0000003ENS0120US1

Side Clearance of Camshaft

- 1. Set a dial indicator with its point on the camshaft.
- 2. Move the cam gear to the front and rear to measure the side clearance.
- 3. If the measurement is more than the allowable limit, replace the camshaft stopper.

Side clearance of camshaft	Factory spec.	0.070 to 0.22 mm 0.0028 to 0.0086 in.
	Allowable limit	0.30 mm 0.012 in.

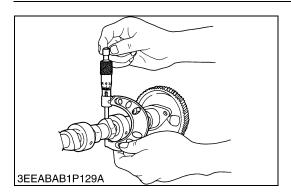
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Camshaft Bend

- 1. Hold the 2 end journals of camshaft with V blocks on the surface plate.
- 2. Set a dial indicator with its point on the middle journal.
- 3. Turn the camshaft slowly and read the variation on the indicator.
- 4. If the measurement is more than the allowable limit, replace the camshaft.

Camshaft bend Allowable limit 0.01 mm 0.0004 in.
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M00000003ENS0122US1



Cam Height

- 1. Measure the height of the cam at its highest point with an external micrometer.
- 2. If the measurement is less than the allowable limit, replace the camshaft.

		D1503-M, D1703-M-BG	33.27 mm 1.310 in.
Cam height of	Factory spec.	V2003-M, V2403-M-DI-T, V2003-M-BG, V2203-M-BG	33.47 mm 1.318 in.
		D1703-M, D1803-M, V2203-M, V2403-M, V2403-M-T, D1803-M-DI, V2403-M-DI, V2003-M-T-BG, V2403-M-BG	33.90 mm 1.335 in.
intake		D1503-M, D1703-M-BG	33.22 mm 1.308 in.
I = 1		V2003-M, V2403-M-DI-T, V2003-M-BG, V2203-M-BG	33.42 mm 1.316 in.
	Allowable limit	D1703-M, D1803-M, V2203-M, V2403-M, V2403-M-T, D1803-M-DI, V2403-M-DI, V2003-M-T-BG, V2403-M-BG	33.85 mm 1.333 in.

(To be continued)

(Continued)

Factory spec. Cam height of exhaust Allowable limit	,	D1503-M, V2003-M, V2003-M-T-BG	33.47 mm 1.318 in.
		D1703-M, D1803-M, V2203-M, V2403-M, D1803-M-DI, V2403-M-DI, V2403-M-BG	33.90 mm 1.335 in.
		V2403-M-T, D1703-M-BG, V2003-M-BG, V2203-M-BG	33.27 mm 1.310 in.
		V2403-M-DI-T	33.00 mm 1.299 in.
		D1503-M, V2003-M, V2003-M-T-BG	33.42 mm 1.316 in.
		D1703-M, D1803-M, V2203-M, V2403-M, D1803-M-DI, V2403-M-DI, V2403-M-BG	33.85 mm 1.333 in.
		V2403-M-T, D1703-M-BG, V2003-M-BG, V2203-M-BG	33.22 mm 1.308 in.
	V2403-M-DI-T	32.95 mm 1.297 in.	

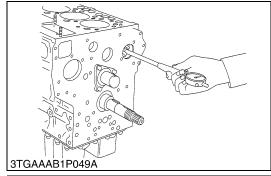
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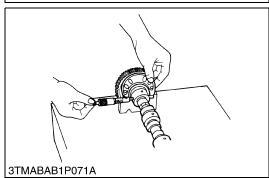
Oil Clearance of Camshaft Journal

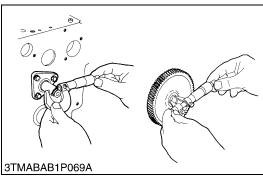
- 1. Measure the camshaft journal O.D. with an external micrometer.
- 2. Measure the cylinder block bore I.D. for the camshaft with a cylinder gauge.
- 3. Calculate the oil clearance.
- 4. If the oil clearance is more than the allowable limit, replace the camshaft.

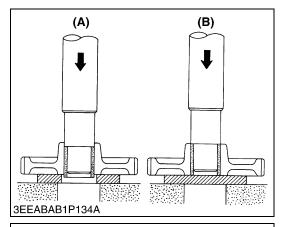
Oil clearance of	Factory spec.	0.050 to 0.091 mm 0.0020 to 0.0035 in.
camshaft journal	Allowable limit	0.15 mm 0.0059 in.
Camshaft journal O.D.	Factory spec.	39.934 to 39.950 mm 1.5722 to 1.5728 in.
Cylinder block bore I.D.	Factory spec.	40.000 to 40.025 mm 1.5748 to 1.5757 in.

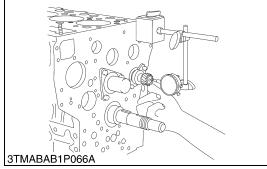
M00000003ENS0124US1

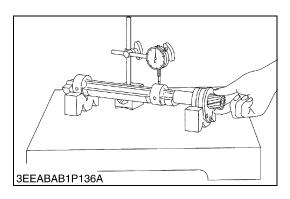












Oil Clearance between Idle Gear Shaft and Idle Gear Bushing

- Measure the idle gear shaft O.D. with an external micrometer.
- Measure the idle gear bushing I.D. with an internal micrometer.
- 3. Calculate the oil clearance.
- 4. If the oil clearance is more than the allowable limit, replace the bushina.
- 5. If the oil clearance stays more than the allowable limit, replace the idle gear shaft also.

Oil clearance between idle gear shaft and idle	Factory spec.	0.025 to 0.066 mm 0.00099 to 0.0025 in.
gear bushing	Allowable limit	0.10 mm 0.0039 in.
Idle gear shaft O.D.	Factory spec.	37.959 to 37.975 mm 1.4945 to 1.4950 in.
Idle gear bushing I.D.	Factory spec.	38.000 to 38.025 mm 1.4961 to 1.4970 in.

M0000003ENS0125US1

Replacement of Idle Gear Bushing

(When removing)

1. Press out the used idle gear bushing with the replacing tool. (See page "SPECIAL TOOLS".)

(When installing)

- 1. Clean a new idle gear bushing and idle gear bore, and apply engine oil to them.
- 2. Press fit the new bushing with the replacing tool. Make sure that the bushing end aligns the end of the idle gear.
- (A) When Removing
- (B) When Installing

M00000003ENS0126US1

Side Clearance of Balancer Shaft (for Balancer Model Only)

- 1. Set a dial indicator with its point on the balancer shaft.
- 2. Move the balancer shaft to the front and rear to measure the side clearance.
- 3. If the measurement is more than the allowable limit, replace the balancer shaft.

Side clearance of balancer shaft	Factory spec.	0.070 to 0.22 mm 0.0028 to 0.0086 in.
	Allowable limit	0.30 mm 0.012 in.

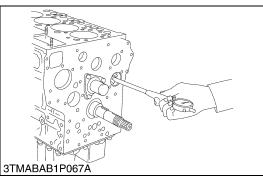
M00000003ENS0127US1

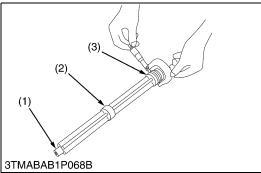
Balancer Shaft Bend (for Balancer Model Only)

- 1. Hold the balancer shaft with V blocks on the surface plate.
- 2. Set a dial indicator with its point on the middle journal at a high angle.
- 3. Turn the balancer shaft slowly and read the variation on the
- 4. If the measurement is more than the allowable limit, replace the balancer shaft.

Balancer shaft bend	Allowable limit	0.02 mm 0.0008 in.
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M0000003ENS0128US1





Oil Clearance of Balancer Shaft Journal (for Balancer Model Only)

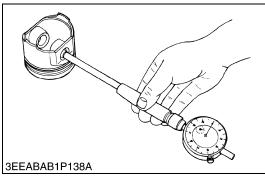
- 1. Measure the balancer shaft journal O.D. with an external micrometer.
- 2. Measure the cylinder block bore I.D. for the balancer shaft with an internal micrometer or cylinder gauge.
- 3. Calculate the oil clearance.
- 4. If the oil clearance is more than the allowable limit, replace the balancer shaft.

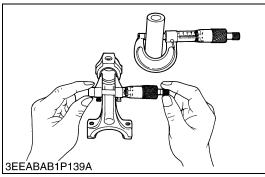
Oil clearance of balancer	Factory spec.	0.0300 to 0.111 mm 0.00119 to 0.00437 in.
shaft journal 1	Allowable limit	0.20 mm 0.0079 in.
Balancer shaft journal 1 O.D.	Factory spec.	43.934 to 43.950 mm 1.7297 to 1.7303 in.
Balancer shaft bearing 1 I.D.	Factory spec.	43.980 to 44.045 mm 1.7315 to 1.7340 in.
Oil clearance of balancer	Factory spec.	0.0300 to 0.111 mm 0.00119 to 0.00437 in.
shaft journal 2	Allowable limit	0.20 mm 0.0079 in.
Balancer shaft journal 2 O.D.	Factory spec.	41.934 to 41.950 mm 1.6509 to 1.6515 in.
Balancer shaft bearing 2 I.D.	Factory spec.	41.980 to 42.045 mm 1.6528 to 1.6553 in.
Oil clearance of balancer	Factory spec.	0.020 to 0.094 mm 0.00079 to 0.0037 in.
shaft journal 3	Allowable limit	0.20 mm 0.0079 in.
Balancer shaft journal 3 O.D.	Factory spec.	21.947 to 21.960 mm 0.86406 to 0.86456 in.
Balancer shaft bearing 3 I.D.	Factory spec.	21.980 to 22.041 mm 0.86536 to 0.86775 in.

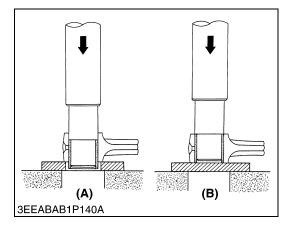
- (1) Balancer Shaft Journal 3
- Journal 3 (3) Balancer Shaft Journal 1
- (2) Balancer Shaft Journal 2

M00000003ENS0129US1

(3) Piston and Connecting Rod







Piston Pin Bore I.D.

- 1. Measure the piston pin bore I.D. in the horizontal and vertical directions with a cylinder gauge.
- 2. If the measurement is more than the allowable limit, replace the piston.

Piston pin bore I.D.	Factory spec.	25.000 to 25.013 mm 0.98426 to 0.98476 in.
	Allowable limit	25.05 mm 0.9862 in.

M0000003ENS0130US1

Oil Clearance between Piston Pin and Small End Bushing

- 1. Measure the piston pin O.D. where it touches the bushing with an external micrometer.
- 2. Measure the small end bushing I.D. with an internal micrometer.
- 3. Calculate the oil clearance.
- 4. If the oil clearance is more than the allowable limit, replace the bushing.
- 5. If the oil clearance stays more than the allowable limit, replace the piston pin also.

Oil clearance between piston pin and small end bushing	Factory spec.	0.014 to 0.036 mm 0.00056 to 0.0014 in.
	Allowable limit	0.15 mm 0.0059 in.
Piston pin O.D.	Factory spec.	25.004 to 25.011 mm 0.98441 to 0.98468 in.
Small end bushing I.D.	Factory spec.	25.025 to 25.040 mm 0.98524 to 0.98582 in.

M00000003ENS0131US1

Replacement of Small End Bushing

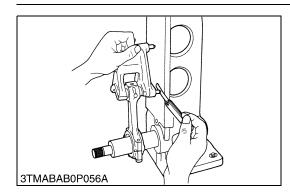
(When removing)

1. Press out the used small end bushing with the replacing tool. (See page **"SPECIAL TOOLS"**.)

(When installing)

- Clean a new small end bushing and bore, and apply engine oil to them.
- 2. Make sure that the oil hole of the connecting rod aligns the bushing hole. Then press fit the new bushing with the replacing tool.
- (A) When Removing
- (B) When Installing

M00000003ENS0132US1



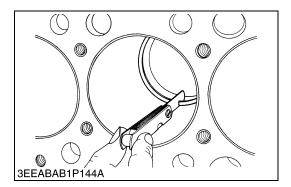
Connecting Rod Alignment

■ NOTE

- Make sure that the oil clearance of the small end bushing is less than the allowable limit.
- 1. Install the piston pin into the connecting rod.
- 2. Install the connecting rod on the alignment tool of the connecting rod.
- 3. Put a gauge on the piston pin, and move it against the face plate.
- 4. If the gauge does not touch fully against the face plate, measure the space between the gauge pin and face plate.
- 5. If the measurement is more than the allowable limit, replace the connecting rod.

Connecting rod	Allowable limit	0.05 mm
alignment	7 diowabie iii iii	0.002 in.

M0000003ENS0133US1

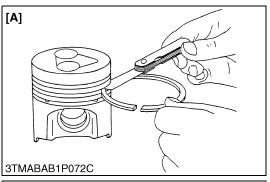


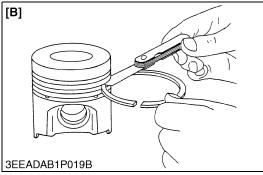
Piston Ring Gap

- 1. Put the piston ring into the lower part of the liner (the least worn out part) with the piston.
- 2. Measure the ring gap with a feeler gauge.
- 3. If the ring gap is more than the allowable limit, replace the ring.

Top ring	Factory spec.	D1503-M, V2003-M, V2403-M-T, D1803-M-DI, V2403-M-DI-T, V2003-M-BG, V2003-M-T-BG D1703-M, D1803-M, V2203-M, V2403-M, D1703-M-BG, V2203-M-BG,	0.20 to 0.35 mm 0.0079 to 0.013 in. 0.25 to 0.40 mm 0.0099 to 0.015 in.
	Allowable lin	V2403-M-BG	1.25 mm 0.0492 in.
Second ring	Factory spec.	D1503-M, D1703-M, D1803-M, V2203-M, V2403-M, D1803-M-DI, V2403-M-BG, V2003-M-BG, V2003-M-BG, V2403-M-BG	0.30 to 0.45 mm 0.012 to 0.017 in.
		V2003-M, V2403-M-T, V2403-M-DI-T, V2003-M-T-BG	0.40 to 0.55 mm 0.016 to 0.021 in.
	Allowable limit		1.25 mm 0.0492 in.
Oil ring	Factory spec.	D1503-M, D1703-M, D1803-M, V2003-M, V2203-M, V2403-M-T, V2403-M-DI-T, D1703-M-BG, V2003-M-T-BG, V2003-M-BG, V2003-M-BG, V2003-M-BG,	0.25 to 0.45 mm 0.0099 to 0.017 in.
		D1803-M-DI, V2403-M-DI	0.20 to 0.40 mm 0.0079 to 0.015 in.
	Allowable lim	nit	1.25 mm 0.0492 in.

M00000003ENS0134US1





Clearance between Piston Ring and Groove

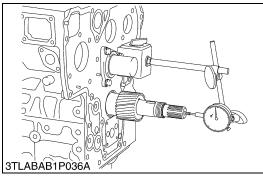
- 1. Clean the rings and the ring grooves, and install each ring in its groove.
- 2. Measure the clearance between the ring and the groove with a feeler gauge or depth gauge.
- 3. If the clearance is more than the allowable limit, replace the piston ring.
- 4. If the clearance stays more than the allowable limit with new ring, replace the piston also.

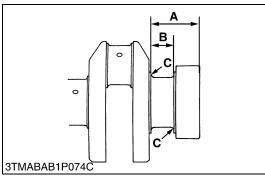
ring, replace ti	ring, replace the pistori also.			
Top ring	Factory spec.	D1803-M-DI, V2403-M-DI	0.050 to 0.090 mm 0.0020 to 0.0035 in.	
Top ring	Allowable lim	nit	0.20 mm 0.0079 in.	
Second ring	Factory spec.	D1503-M, D1703-M, D1803-M, V2003-M, V2203-M, V2403-M-T, V2403-M-ID-T, D1703-M-BG, V2003-M-T-BG, V2003-M-BG, V2003-M-BG, V2403-M-BG	0.0930 to 0.128 mm 0.00367 to 0.00503 in.	
		D1803-M-DI, V2403-M-DI	0.0780 to 0.110 mm 0.00307 to 0.00433 in.	
	Allowable limit		0.20 mm 0.0079 in.	
Oil ring	Factory spec.	D1503-M, D1703-M, D1803-M, V2003-M, V2403-M, V2403-M-T, V2403-M-DI-T, D1703-M-BG, V2003-M-T-BG, V2003-M-T-BG, V2003-M-BG,	0.020 to 0.060 mm 0.00079 to 0.0023 in.	
		D1803-M-DI, V2403-M-DI	0.030 to 0.070 mm 0.0012 to 0.0027 in.	
	Allowable lim	nit	0.15 mm 0.0059 in.	

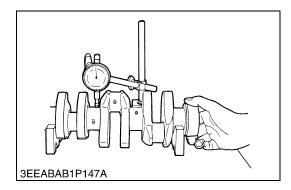
- (A) D1503-M, D1703-M, D1803-M, V2003-M, V2203-M, V2403-M, V2403-M-T, D1703-M-BG, V2003-M-BG, V2003-M-T-BG, V2203-M-BG, V2403-M-BG
- (B) D1803-M-DI, V2403-M-DI, V2403-M-DI-T

M00000003ENS0135US1

(4) Crankshaft







Side Clearance of Crankshaft

- 1. Set a dial indicator with its point on the end of the crankshaft.
- 2. Move the crankshaft to the front and rear to measure the side clearance.
- 3. If the measurement is more than the allowable limit, replace the thrust bearings.
- 4. If the same dimension bearing is not applicable because of the crankshaft journal wear, replace it with an oversize one. Refer to the table and figure.

Side clearance of crankshaft	Factory spec.	0.15 to 0.31 mm 0.0059 to 0.012 in.
	Allowable limit	0.5 mm 0.02 in.

(Reference)

Oversize dimensions of crankshaft journal

Oversize	0.2 mm 0.008 in.	0.4 mm 0.02 in.
Dimension A	54.50 to 54.70 mm 2.146 to 2.153 in.	54.60 to 54.80 mm 2.150 to 2.157 in.
Dimension B	26.20 to 26.25 mm 1.032 to 1.033 in.	26.40 to 26.45 mm 1.040 to 1.041 in.
Dimension C 2.8 to 3.2 mm radius 0.11 to 0.12 in. radius 2.8 to 3.2 mm radius 0.11 to 0.12 in. radius		
The crankshaft journal must be fine-finished to higher than Rmax = 0.4S		

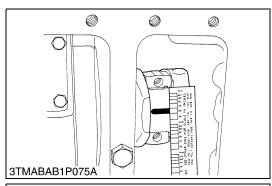
M00000003ENS0136US1

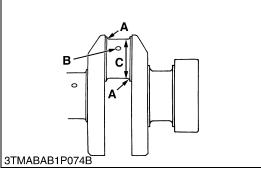
Crankshaft Bend

- 1. Hold the 2 end journals of crankshaft with V blocks on the surface plate.
- 2. Set a dial indicator with its point on the middle journal.
- 3. Turn the crankshaft slowly and read the variation on the indicator.
- 4. If the measurement is more than the allowable limit, replace the crankshaft.

Crankshaft bend	Allowable limit	0.02 mm 0.0008 in.
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M00000003ENS0137US1





Oil Clearance between Crankpin and Crankpin Bearing

- 1. Clean the crankpin and crankpin bearing.
- 2. Put a strip of Plastigage on the center of the crankpin.
- 3. Install the connecting rod cap and tighten the connecting rod screws to the specified torque, and remove the cap again.
- 4. Measure the width that it becomes flat with the scale to get the oil clearance.
- 5. If the oil clearance is more than the allowable limit, replace the crankpin bearing.
- 6. If the same dimension bearing is not applicable because of the crankpin wear, replace it with an undersize one. Refer to the table and figure.

■ NOTE

- Do not put the Plastigage into the crankpin oil hole.
- When you tighten the connecting rod screws, do not move the crankshaft.

Oil clearance between crankpin and crankpin	Factory spec.	0.025 to 0.087 mm 0.00099 to 0.0034 in.
bearing	Allowable limit	0.20 mm 0.0079 in.
Occarios in O.D.	Fastaniana.	46.959 to 46.975 mm
Crankpin O.D.	Factory spec.	1.8488 to 1.8494 in.
Crankpin bearing I.D.	Factory spec.	47.000 to 47.046 mm 1.8504 to 1.8522 in.

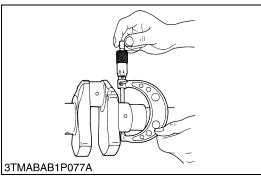
(Reference)

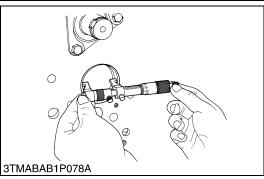
· Undersize dimensions of crankpin

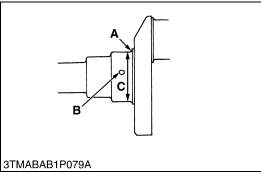
Undersize	0.2 mm 0.008 in.	0.4 mm 0.02 in.
Dimension A	3.3 to 3.7 mm radius 0.13 to 0.14 in. radius	3.3 to 3.7 mm radius 0.13 to 0.14 in. radius
*Dimension B	1.0 to 1.5 mm relief 0.040 to 0.059 in. relief	1.0 to 1.5 mm relief 0.040 to 0.059 in. relief
Dimension C	46.759 to 46.775 mm dia. 1.8409 to 1.8415 in. dia.	46.559 to 46.575 mm dia. 1.8331 to 1.8336 in. dia.

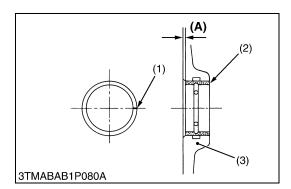
The crankpin must be fine-finished to higher than Rmax = 0.4S *Holes to be de-burred and edges rounded with 1.0 to 1.5 mm (0.040 to 0.059 in.) relief.

M00000003ENS0138US1









Oil Clearance between Crankshaft Journal and Crankshaft Bearing 1

- 1. Measure the O.D. of the crankshaft journal with an external micrometer.
- Measure the I.D. of the crankshaft bearing 1 with an internal micrometer.
- Calculate the oil clearance.
- 4. If the oil clearance is more than the allowable limit, replace the crankshaft bearing 1.
- 5. If the same dimension bearing is not applicable because of the crankshaft journal wear, replace it with an undersize one. Refer to the table and figure.

Oil clearance between crankshaft journal and	Factory spec.	0.0400 to 0.118 mm 0.00158 to 0.00464 in.
crankshaft bearing 1	Allowable limit	0.20 mm 0.0079 in.
Crankshaft journal O.D.	Factory spec.	59.921 to 59.940 mm 2.3591 to 2.3598 in.
Crankshaft bearing 1 I.D.	Factory spec.	59.980 to 60.039 mm 2.3615 to 2.3637 in.

(Reference)

Undersize dimensions of crankshaft journal

Undersize	0.2 mm 0.008 in.	0.4 mm 0.02 in.
Dimension A	2.8 to 3.2 mm radius 0.11 to 0.12 in. radius	2.8 to 3.2 mm radius 0.11 to 0.12 in. radius
*Dimension B	1.0 to 1.5 mm relief 0.040 to 0.059 in. relief	1.0 to 1.5 mm relief 0.040 to 0.059 in. relief
Dimension C	59.721 to 59.740 mm dia. 2.3513 to 2.3519 in. dia.	59.521 to 59.540 mm dia. 2.3434 to 2.3440 in. dia.

The crankshaft journal must be fine-finished to higher than Rmax = 0.4S *Holes to be de-burred and edges rounded with 1.0 to 1.5 mm (0.040 to 0.059 in.) relief.

M00000003ENS0139US1

Replacement of Crankshaft Bearing 1

(When removing)

 Press out the used crankshaft bearing 1 with the replacing tool. (See page "SPECIAL TOOLS".)

(When installing)

- 1. Clean a new crankshaft bearing 1 and crankshaft journal bore, and apply engine oil to them.
- 2. Make sure that the seam (1) of the new bearing 1 (2) points to the exhaust manifold side (see the figure). Then press fit the new bearing 1 (2) with the replacing tool.

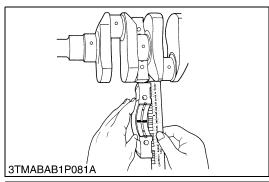
Dimension (A)	Factory spec.	4.20 to 4.50 mm 0.166 to 0.177 in.
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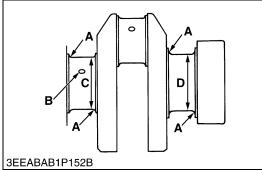
(1) Seam

(A) Dimension

- (2) Crankshaft Bearing 1
- (3) Cylinder Block

M00000003ENS0140US1





Oil Clearance between Crankshaft Journal and Crankshaft Bearing 2

- 1. Put a strip of Plastigage on the center of the journal.
- 2. Install the bearing case and tighten the baring case screws 1 to the specified torque, and remove the bearing case again.
- 3. Measure the width that it becomes flat with the scale to get the oil clearance.
- 4. If the oil clearance is more than the allowable limit, replace the crankshaft bearing 2.
- 5. If the same dimension bearing is not applicable because of the crankshaft journal wear, replace it with an undersize one. Refer to the table and figure.

NOTE

• When you tighten the bearing case screws, do not move the crankshaft.

Oil clearance between crankshaft and	Factory spec.	0.0400 to 0.104 mm 0.00158 to 0.00409 in.
crankshaft bearing 2	Allowable limit	0.20 mm 0.0079 in.
Crankshaft journal O.D.	Factory spec.	59.921 to 59.940 mm 2.3591 to 2.3598 in.
Crankshaft bearing 2 I.D.	Factory spec.	59.980 to 60.025 mm 2.3615 to 2.3631 in.

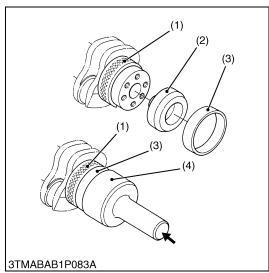
(Reference)

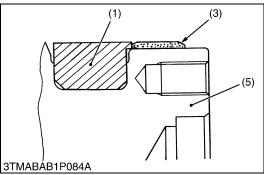
Undersize dimensions of crankshaft journal

Undersize	0.2 mm 0.008 in.	0.4 mm 0.02 in.
Dimension A	2.8 to 3.2 mm radius 0.11 to 0.12 in. radius	2.8 to 3.2 mm radius 0.11 to 0.12 in. radius
*Dimension B	1.0 to 1.5 mm relief 0.040 to 0.059 in. relief	1.0 to 1.5 mm relief 0.040 to 0.059 in. relief
Dimension C, D	59.721 to 59.740 mm dia. 2.3513 to 2.3519 in. dia.	59.521 to 59.540 mm dia. 2.3434 to 2.3440 in. dia.

The crankshaft journal must be fine-finished to higher than Rmax = 0.4S *Holes to be de-burred and edges rounded with 1.0 to 1.5 mm (0.040 to 0.059 in.) relief.

M00000003ENS0141US1





Replacement of Crankshaft Sleeve

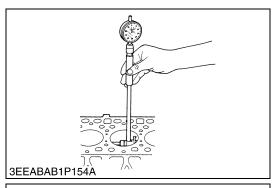
- 1. Remove the used crankshaft sleeve (3).
- 2. Set the sleeve guide (2) to the crankshaft (5).
- 3. Set the stopper (1) to the crankshaft (5) (see the figure).
- 4. Increase the temperature of a new sleeve to between 150 and 200 °C (302 and 392 °F).
- 5. Install the sleeve to the crankshaft with the auxiliary socket for pushing (4) (see the figure). (Refer to "SPECIAL TOOLS".)

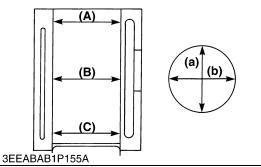
NOTE

- Make sure that the large chamfer of the sleeve points to outward.
- If the temperature of the sleeve is not enough to install, the sleeve can get a damage when you install.
- (1) Stopper
- (2) Sleeve Guide
- (3) Crankshaft Sleeve
- (4) Auxiliary Socket for Pushing
- (5) Crankshaft

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(5) Cylinder





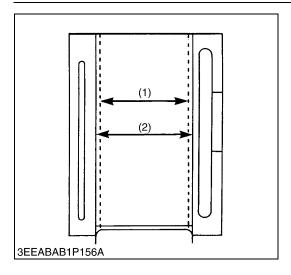
Cylinder Wear

- 1. Measure the I.D. of the cylinder at the 6 positions (see figure) with a cylinder gauge.
- 2. Find the maximum and minimum inner diameters.
- 3. Find the difference between the maximum and the minimum inner diameters.
- 4. If the maximum I.D. or the difference is more than the allowable limit, bore and hone it to the oversize dimension. (Refer to "Cylinder Correction (Oversize)".).
- 5. Examine the cylinder wall for scratches. If you find deep scratches, bore the cylinder. (Refer to "Cylinder Correction (Oversize)".)

		D1503-M V2003-M V2003-M-BG V2003-M-T-BG	83.000 to 83.022 mm 3.2678 to 3.2685 in.
	Factory spec.	D1703-M D1803-M V2203-M V2403-M V2403-M-T D1803-M-DI V2403-M-DI-T D1703-M-BG V2203-M-BG V2403-M-BG	87.000 to 87.022 mm 3.4252 to 3.4260 in.
Cylinder I.D.		D1503-M V2003-M V2003-M-BG V2003-M-T-BG	83.170 mm 3.2744 in.
	Allowable limit	D1703-M D1803-M V2203-M V2403-M V2403-M-T D1803-M-DI V2403-M-DI-T D1703-M-BG V2203-M-BG V2403-M-BG	87.170 mm 3.4319 in.
Difference between maximum I.D. and minimum I.D.	Allowable limit		0.15 mm 0.0059 in.

- (A) Top
- (B) Middle
- (C) Bottom (Skirt)
- (a) Right-angled to Piston Pin
- (b) Piston Pin Direction

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Cylinder Correction (Oversize)

1. If the cylinder wear is more than the allowable limit, bore and hone it to the specified dimension.

	•		
Oversize cylinder I.D.	Factory spec.	D1503-M, V2003-M, V2003-M-BG, V2003-M-T-BG	83.250 to 83.272 mm 3.2776 to 3.2784 in.
		D1703-M, D1803-M, V2203-M, V2403-M, V2403-M-T, D1803-M-DI, V2403-M-DI-T, D1703-M-BG, V2203-M-BG, V2403-M-BG	87.250 to 87.272 mm 3.4351 to 3.4359 in.
		D1503-M, V2003-M, V2003-M-BG, V2003-M-T-BG	83.420 mm 3.2843 in.
	Allowable limit	D1703-M, D1803-M, V2203-M, V2403-M, V2403-M-T, D1803-M-DI, V2403-M-DI-T, D1703-M-BG, V2203-M-BG, V2403-M-BG	87.420 mm 3.4417 in.
Difference between maximum I.D. and minimum I.D.	Allowable limit		0.15 mm 0.0059 in.
Finishing	Hone to 2.2 to 3.0 µmRz (0.000087 to 0.000118 in.Rz)		

2. Replace the piston and piston rings with oversize ones. Oversize: 0.25 mm (0.0098 in.)

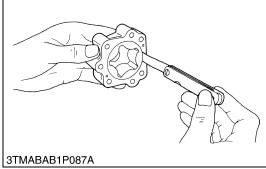
■ NOTE

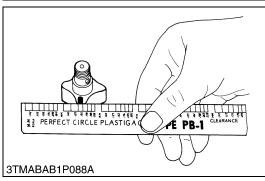
- If the maximum I.D. or the difference for the oversize cylinder is more than the allowable limit, replace the cylinder block with a new one.
- (1) Cylinder I.D. (Before Correction) (2) Cylinder I.D. (Oversize)

M00000003ENS0144US1

(6) Oil Pump







Rotor Lobe Clearance

- 1. Measure the clearance between the lobes of the inner rotor and the outer rotor with a feeler gauge.
- 2. Measure the clearance between the outer rotor and the pump body with a feeler gauge.
- 3. If the clearance is more than the allowable limit, replace the rotor assembly of the oil pump.

Clearance between inner	Factory spec.	0.030 to 0.14 mm 0.0012 to 0.0055 in.
rotor and outer rotor	Allowable limit	0.2 mm 0.008 in.
	Factory spec.	0.11 to 0.19 mm 0.0044 to 0.0074 in.
Clearance between outer rotor and pump body	Allowable limit	0.25 mm 0.0098 in.

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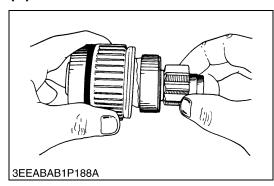
Clearance between Rotor and Cover

- 1. Put a strip of Plastigage on the rotor face with grease.
- 2. Install the cover and tighten the screws.
- 3. Remove the cover carefully.
- 4. Measure the width that Plastigage becomes flat with the scale to get the oil clearance.
- 5. If the clearance is more than the allowable limit, replace the rotor assembly of the oil pump.

Clearance between inner	Factory spec.	0.105 to 0.150 mm 0.00414 to 0.00590 in.
rotor and cover	Allowable limit	0.20 mm 0.008 in.

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(7) Starter



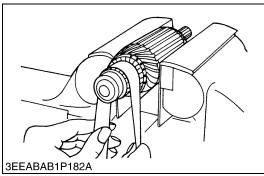
Overrunning Clutch

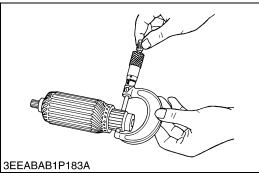
- 1. Examine the pinion and if it is worn or damaged, replace the clutch assembly.
- 2. Examine that the pinion turns freely and smoothly in the direction that it overruns. Make sure that it does not slip in the direction that it cranks.
- 3. If the pinion slips or does not turn in the 2 directions, replace the overrunning clutch assembly.

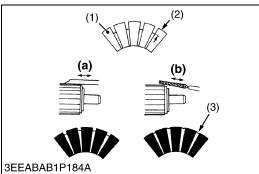
■ NOTE

• Do not clean off the grease in the overrunning clutch with the chemicals or oils.

M00000003ENS0147US1







Commutator and Mica

- 1. Examine the contact of the commutator for wear, and grind the commutator with emery paper if it is lightly worn.
- 2. Measure the commutator O.D. with an external micrometer at some points.
- 3. If the minimum O.D. is less than the allowable limit, replace the armature assembly.
- 4. Calculate the difference of the outer diameters. If it is more than the allowable limit, correct the commutator on a lathe to the factory specification.
- 5. Measure the mica undercut.
- 6. If the undercut is less than the allowable limit, correct it with a saw blade and chamfer the segment edges.

Commutator O.D.	Factory spec.	D1503-M, D1703-M, V2003-M, V2203-M, D1803-M-DI, D1703-M-BG, V2003-M-BG, V2003-M-T-BG, V2203-M-BG	30.0 mm 1.18 in.
		D1803-M, V2403-M, V2403-M-T, V2403-M-DI, V2403-M-DI-T, V2403-M-BG	35.0 mm 1.38 in.
	Allowable limit	D1503-M, D1703-M, V2003-M, V2203-M, D1803-M-DI, D1703-M-BG, V2003-M-BG, V2003-M-T-BG, V2203-M-BG	29.0 mm 1.14 in.
		D1803-M, V2403-M, V2403-M-T, V2403-M-DI, V2403-M-DI-T, V2403-M-BG	34.0 mm 1.34 in.

Difference of outer diameters	Factory spec.	Less than 0.02 mm 0.0008 in.
	Allowable limit	0.05 mm 0.002 in.

(To be continued)

(Continued)

Mica undercut	Factory spec.	D1503-M, D1703-M, D1703-M, V2003-M, V2203-M, V2403-M-T, D1803-M-DI, V2403-M-DI-T, D1703-M-BG, V2003-M-T-BG, V2003-M-BG	0.45 to 0.75 mm 0.018 to 0.029 in.
		V2403-M-BG	0.55 to 0.85 mm 0.022 to 0.033 in.
	Allowable limit		0.20 mm 0.0079 in.

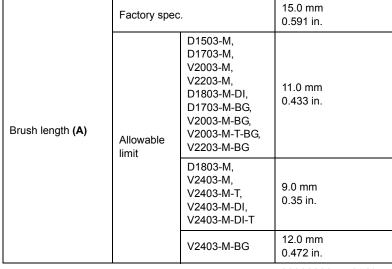
- Segment
- Depth of Mica (2)
 - Mica

- (a) Correct
- (b) Incorrect

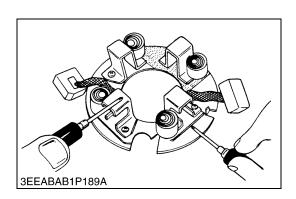
M0000003ENS0148US1

Brush Wear

- 1. If the contact face of the brush is dirty or dusty, clean it with emery paper.
- 2. Measure the brush length (A) with a vernier caliper.
- If the length is less than the allowable limit, replace the yoke assembly and brush holder assembly.



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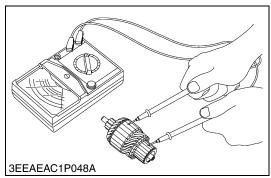


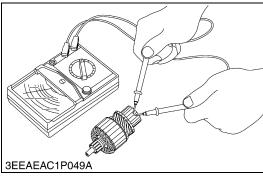
Brush Holder

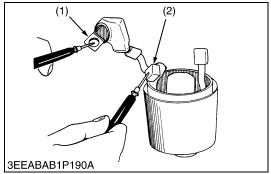
- 1. Examine the continuity across the brush holder and the holder support with a circuit tester.
- 2. If electricity flows, replace the brush holder assembly.

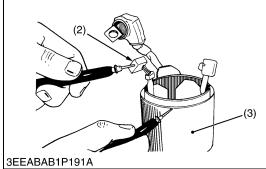
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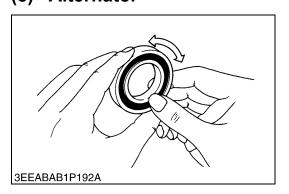








(8) Alternator



Armature Coil

- 1. Examine the continuity across the commutator and armature coil core with the resistance range of circuit tester.
- 2. If electricity flows, replace the armature assembly.
- 3. Examine the continuity across the segments of the commutator with the resistance range of circuit tester.
- 4. If electricity does not flow, replace the armature assembly.

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Field Coil

- 1. Examine the continuity across the lead (1) and brush (2) with a circuit tester.
- 2. If electricity does not flow, replace the yoke assembly.
- 3. Examine the continuity across the brush (2) and yoke (3) with a circuit tester.
- 4. If electricity flows, replace the yoke assembly.
- (1) Lead

(3) Yoke

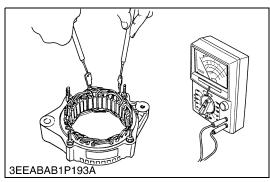
(2) Brush

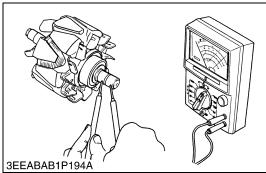
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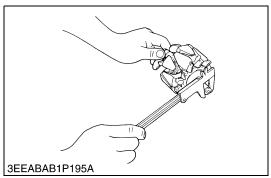
Bearing

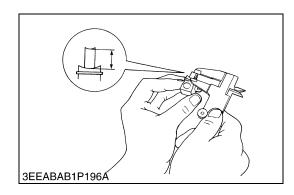
- 1. Examine that the bearing can turn smoothly.
- 2. If not, replace it.

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Stator

- 1. Measure the resistance across each lead of the stator coil with the resistance range of circuit tester.
- 2. If the measurement is not in the factory specification, replace the stator assembly.
- 3. Examine the continuity across each stator coil lead and core with the resistance range of circuit tester.
- 4. If it does not show infinity, replace the stator assembly.

Resistance	Factory spec.	Less than 1.0 Ω

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Rotor

- 1. Measure the resistance across the slip rings.
- 2. If the resistance is not in the factory specification, replace the rotor assembly.
- 3. Examine the continuity across the slip ring and core with the resistance range of circuit tester.
- 4. If it does not show infinity, replace the rotor assembly.

Resistance	Factory spec.	2.9 Ω
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M0000003ENS0155US1

Slip Ring

- 1. Examine the slip ring for score.
- 2. If there is score, correct with an emery paper or on a lathe.
- 3. Measure the O.D. of the slip ring with a vernier calipers.
- 4. If the measurement is less than the allowable limit, replace the rotor assembly.

Slip ring O.D.	Factory spec.	14.4 mm 0.567 in.
	Allowable limit	14.0 mm 0.551 in.

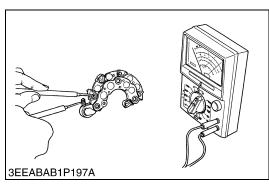
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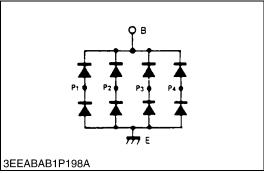
Brush Wear

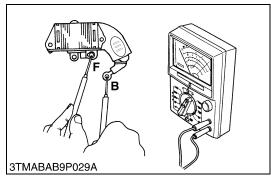
- 1. Measure the brush length with a vernier calipers.
- 2. If the measurement is less than the allowable limit, replace it.
- 3. Make sure that the brush moves smoothly.
- 4. If the brush is defective, replace it.

Brush length	Factory spec.	10.5 mm 0.413 in.
	Allowable limit	8.4 mm 0.33 in.

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Rectifier

- 1. Examine the continuity across each diode of rectifier with the resistance range of circuit tester.
- 2. The rectifier is correct if the diode in the rectifier conducts electricity only in one direction.

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IC Regulator

- 1. Examine the continuity across the **B** terminal (2) and the **F** terminal (1) of IC regulator with the resistance range of circuit tester.
- 2. The IC regulator is correct if it conducts electricity only in one direction.
- (1) F Terminal

(2) B Terminal

M00000003ENS0159US1

EDITOR:

KUBOTA FARM & INDUSTRIAL MACHINERY SERVICE, LTD.

64, ISHIZU-KITAMACHI, SAKAI-KU, SAKAI-CITY, OSAKA, 590-0823, JAPAN

PHONE : (81)72-241-1129 FAX : (81)72-245-2484

E-mail: ksos-pub@kubota.co.jp